

The QCD form factor of heavy quarks at NNLO

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ABSTRACT: We present an analytical calculation of the two-loop QCD corrections to the electromagnetic form factor of heavy quarks. The two-loop contributions to the form factor are reduced to linear combinations of master integrals, which are computed through higher orders in the parameter of dimensional regularization $\epsilon = (4 - D)/2$. Our result includes all terms of order ϵ at two loops and extends the previous literature. We apply the exponentiation of the heavy-quark form factor to derive new improved three-loop expansions in the high-energy limit. We also discuss the implications for predictions of massive n -parton amplitudes based on massless results in the limit, where the quark mass is small compared to all kinematical invariants.

KEYWORDS: QCD, NLO Computations, Heavy Quark Physics

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1 Introduction

The electromagnetic form factor of quarks comprises the simplest example of a scattering amplitude in Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD) and is of basic importance both for theory and phenomenology. To mention one example, the heavy-quark form factor is directly linked to phenomenological predictions for the forward-backward asymmetry for inclusive bottom quark production in electron-positron annihilation. In a wider theoretical context, the heavy-quark form factor is a quantity of interest in its own. Being gauge invariant, it provides the simplest instance for the study of mass effects in QCD hard scattering processes including higher-order quantum corrections and, as a key building block, it also relates to many other hard scattering processes involving massive quarks. For these reasons the form factor of massive quarks and in particular its QCD radiative corrections have received much attention in recent years.

In an impressive series of papers the two-loop QCD corrections to the heavy-quark form factors have been obtained for the vector- and axial-vector coupling as well as the anomaly contributions [1–3]. Besides being mandatory for precision phenomenology, these explicit results for the massive form factor also exhibit certain universal features of higher order radiative corrections. It has long been known, that the leading logarithms of Sudakov type [4] in heavy-quark mass m can be resummed [5], while the exponentiation of the complete collinear and infrared singularities of the massive form factor within dimensional regularization has been addressed only rather recently [6].

As an immediate consequence it is now possible to derive important partial information about massive n -parton gauge amplitudes from purely massless calculations at any order in perturbation theory [6], see also [7, 8]. This exploits the factorization properties in the soft

and collinear limit of the respective amplitudes, i.e. the one with all partons massless [9, 10] and the amplitude with, say, fermions of mass m in the presence of a typical large kinematical invariant Q^2 in the limit $m^2/Q^2 \rightarrow 0$. The procedure results in a universal and process independent multiplicative relation between the two amplitudes. The concept has been put to test in various applications up to two loops, e.g. the derivation of the QCD corrections to hadro-production of top-quarks [11, 12] or the Quantum Electrodynamics (QED) correction to Bhabha scattering [8]. Currently, this is an active area of research [13, 14].

In the present paper we study the two-loop QCD corrections for the vector form factor of heavy quarks in dimensional regularization. We first perform an independent check of ref. [1]. Subsequently, we provide new results by extending the two-loop results in $D = 4 - 2\epsilon$ dimensions up to terms of order ϵ . To that end the relevant master integrals at two loops have been computed to sufficiently high orders in ϵ and the results for those are given as well. We are then in the position to discuss several applications. After testing the D -dimensional exponentiation to order ϵ at two loops, we can utilize its predictive power to derive a new improved three-loop prediction for the form factor to logarithmic accuracy in the heavy-quark mass m . In the same spirit, we extend the results for the universal Z factor relating massless and massive amplitudes in the small-mass limit. Finally, as a by-product of our calculation, we also investigate the threshold limit of the heavy-quark form factor up to two loops and we discuss the Coulomb singularities for color-singlet and octet currents.

The outline of the paper is as follows. In section 2 we recall the definition of the vector form factor of massive quarks and sketch the important parts of our computation. We also provide some details of the integral reduction and the relevant master integrals. Our main result, the two-loop QCD contributions for the form factor up to order ϵ , is presented in section 3 along with expansions in kinematical limits (threshold and high energy production). Finally, section 4 discusses the above mentioned applications, i.e. the exponentiation which leads to a new three-loop prediction for the form factor and to improved formulae for relating massless and massive amplitudes through three loops. We conclude in section 5.

2 Calculation

The coupling of a vector current to a heavy-quark pair can be conveniently written in terms of a vertex function Γ_μ . Given a photon of virtuality Q^2 (we take space-like $q^2 = -Q^2 < 0$ throughout this section) the expression for Γ_μ reads

$$\Gamma_\mu(k_1, k_2) = ie_q \bar{\psi}(k_1) \left(\gamma_\mu \mathcal{F}_1(Q^2, m^2, \alpha_s) - \frac{i}{2m} \sigma_{\mu\nu} q^\nu \mathcal{F}_2(Q^2, m^2, \alpha_s) \right) \psi(k_2). \quad (2.1)$$

Here the external quark (anti-quark) of incoming momentum k_1 (k_2) is on-shell with m denoting its mass and e_q its charge, thus $k_1^2 = m^2$ (and $k_2^2 = m^2$), and it is $q = k_1 + k_2 = 0$. The scalar functions $\mathcal{F}_1$ and $\mathcal{F}_2$ on the right-hand side are the electric and magnetic space-like quark form factors, i.e. our main quantities of interest.

With the help of suitable projections of Γ_μ (see e.g. ref. [1]) $\mathcal{F}_1$ and $\mathcal{F}_2$ in eq. (2.1) can be computed. They are gauge invariant, but in general, at higher orders in perturbative



Figure 1. Feynman diagrams contributing to the quark form factor of massive quarks up to one loop.

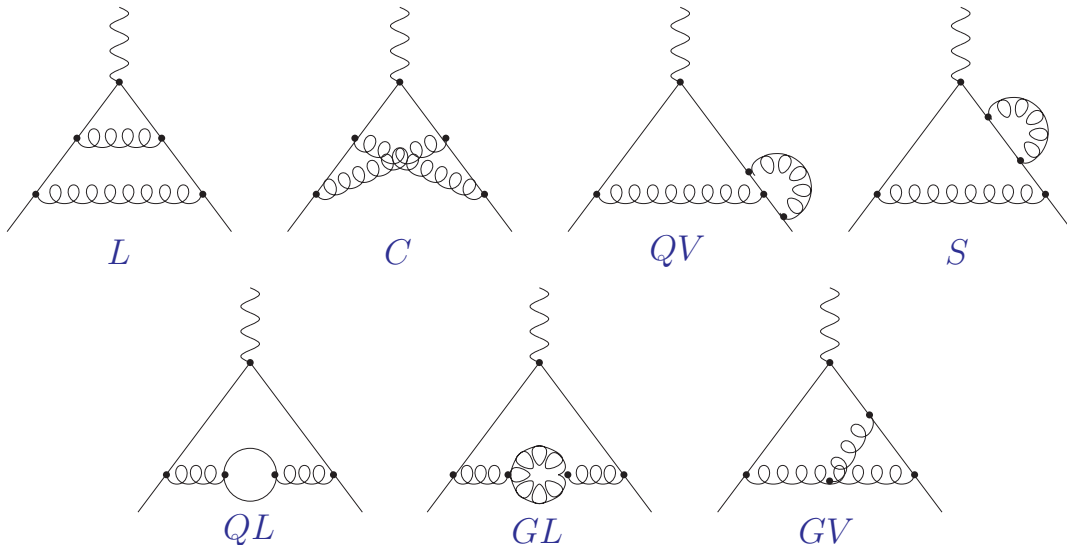


Figure 2. Feynman diagrams contributing to the quark form factor of massive quarks at two loops. The diagrams GV , QV and S carry a symmetry factor of 2. Diagram QL denotes both heavy and light quarks in the loop and diagram GL represents the gluon and the ghost loop contribution to the gluon self-energy.

QCD divergent. Both, $\mathcal{F}_1$ and $\mathcal{F}_2$ enjoy a power expansion in the strong coupling α_s at the scale μ^2 (to be employed also for all other quantities throughout this article)

$$\mathcal{F}(\alpha_s) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu^2)}{4\pi} \right)^i \mathcal{F}^{(i)} \equiv \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} (a_s(\mu^2))^i \mathcal{F}^{(i)}, \quad (2.2)$$

where we have introduced the shorthand notation $a_s \equiv \alpha_s/(4\pi)$. All necessary Feynman diagrams entering the computation of the electric and magnetic form factors $\mathcal{F}_1$ and $\mathcal{F}_2$ through NNLO in QCD are displayed in figures 1 and 2. At the two loop level, we have summarized the contributions with a self-energy correction to the gluon line into the two diagrams QL and GL as follows. Diagram QL represents both the heavy and the n_l light quarks in the loop correction to the gluon propagator. Likewise diagram GL stands for the gluon and the ghost loop. Throughout this article, $n_f = n_l + 1$ is the total number

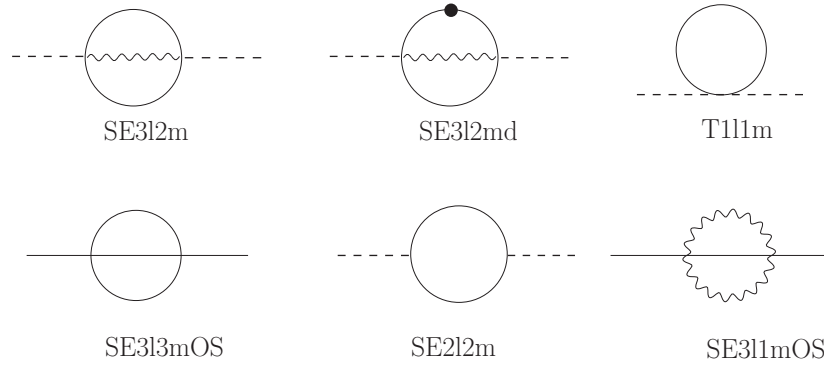


Figure 3. The tadpole and the two-point master integrals. The suffix OS denotes on-mass-shell master integrals.

of flavors, which is the sum of one heavy ($n_h = 1$) and n_l light quarks. The notation in figure 2 is taken over from the corresponding calculation for the form factor of massless quarks, see e.g. ref. [15].

2.1 Master integrals

The number of Feynman diagrams in figures 1 and 2 is relatively small. Thus, their treatment and the reduction of the corresponding Feynman integrals proceeds in a standard way. The reduction has been achieved with the Laporta-Remiddi algorithm [16, 17], as implemented in the **Maple** program **AIR** [18]. In this way a list of so-called master integrals, possibly with additional irreducible scalar products of loop momenta in the numerator (in short: ‘numerators’) has been obtained together with the corresponding algebraic relations between the master integrals and the form factors $\mathcal{F}_1$ and $\mathcal{F}_2$.

We display all master integrals in figures 3 and 4 and tabulate them in table 1. We found it convenient to replace master integrals with numerators by so-called dotted ones. Dotted master integrals are free of numerators but have higher powers of propagators. They are independent of the (arbitrary) momentum configurations inside the loop graphs. This transformation can be achieved with appropriate integration-by-parts (IBP) relations.

The Feynman integrals are defined as follows:

$$\mathcal{F}_L(X) = \frac{e^{L\epsilon\gamma_E}}{(i\pi^{d/2})^L} \int \frac{d^d k_1 \dots d^d k_L}{(q_1^2 - m_1^2)^{\nu_1} \dots (q_j^2 - m_j^2)^{\nu_j} \dots (q_N^2 - m_N^2)^{\nu_N}} X(k_1 \dots k_L), \quad (2.3)$$

where L is the number of loops and X some numerator structure. With this definition, for example, the one-loop tadpole **T111m** becomes:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{T111m} &= \frac{e^{\epsilon\gamma_E}}{i\pi^{D/2}} \int \frac{d^D k}{k^2 - m^2} \\ &= - (m^2)^{1-\epsilon} e^{\epsilon\gamma_E} \Gamma(-1 + \epsilon) \\ &= (m^2)^{1-\epsilon} \left[\frac{1}{\epsilon} + 1 + \left(1 + \frac{\zeta_2}{2}\right) \epsilon + \left(1 + \frac{\zeta_2}{2} - \frac{\zeta_3}{3}\right) \epsilon^2 \right] + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3). \end{aligned} \quad (2.4)$$

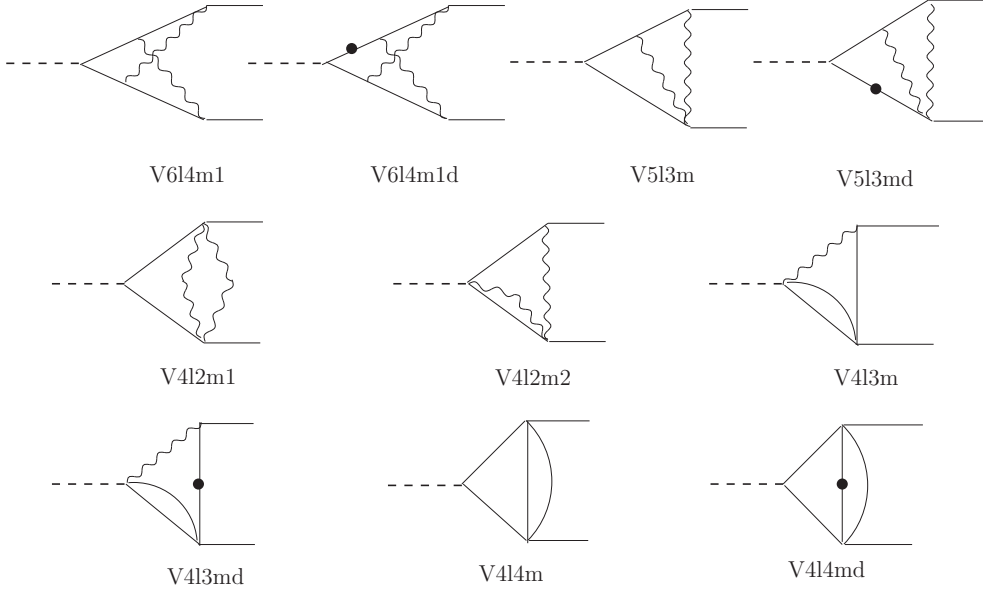


Figure 4. The three-point master integrals.

Actually, all master integrals have already been considered in a project concerned with the two-loop QED corrections to Bhabha scattering [19, 20], as well as during the previous two-loop QCD computation of the heavy-quark form factor in ref. [1] (see also the References in the last column of table 1). Because we are aiming at the determination of $\mathcal{F}_1$ and $\mathcal{F}_2$ including the $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ terms at two loops, the master integrals are needed here to higher powers in ϵ . Therefore we will point out specifically the required extensions (see table 1).

For instance, the on-shell master integral SE313mOS (see figure 3) has to be evaluated until terms of the order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3)$. The solution for SE313mOS, which is, together with the other on-mass-shell master SE311mOS, actually one of the simplest masters, has been obtained using the package ON-SHELL2 [21],

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{SE313mOS} = (m^2)^{1-2\epsilon} & \left\{ \frac{3}{2\epsilon^2} + \frac{17}{4\epsilon} + \frac{59}{8} + \frac{3\zeta_2}{2} + \epsilon \left[\frac{65}{16} + \frac{49\zeta_2}{4} - \zeta_3 \right] \right. \\
 & + \epsilon^2 \left[-\frac{1117}{32} + 28\zeta_3 + \frac{21\zeta_4}{8} + \zeta_2 \left(\frac{475}{8} - 48\ln 2 \right) - \frac{17\zeta_3}{6} \right] \\
 & + \epsilon^3 \left[-\frac{13783}{64} + 182\zeta_3 - \frac{1545\zeta_4}{16} + 8\ln^4 2 + 192\text{Li}_4(1/2) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \zeta_2 \left(\frac{3745}{16} - 312\ln 2 + 96\ln^2 2 - \zeta_3 \right) - \frac{59\zeta_3}{12} - \frac{3\zeta_5}{5} \right] \\
 & + \epsilon^4 \left[-\frac{114181}{128} + 805\zeta_3 - \frac{21219\zeta_4}{32} - 930\zeta_5 + \frac{93\zeta_6}{32} + 624\zeta_4\ln 2 + 52\ln^4 2 \right. \\
 & \quad - \frac{48\ln^5 2}{5} + 1248\text{Li}_4(1/2) + 1152\text{Li}_5(1/2) + \zeta_2 \left(\frac{26563}{32} - 52\zeta_3 - 1380\ln 2 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. + 624\ln^2 2 - 192\ln^3 2 - \frac{49\zeta_3}{6} \right) - \frac{65\zeta_3}{24} + \frac{\zeta_3^2}{3} - \frac{17\zeta_5}{10} \right] \left. \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^5). \quad (2.5)
 \end{aligned}$$

Masters	ϵ^n, n	weight	L	C	QV	S	QL	GL	GV	ϵ^n, n , in ref.
T111m*	$-1 \dots 5$	6	+	+	+	+	+	−	+	[23]
SE212m*	$-1 \dots 4$	5	+	+	+	+	+	−	+	[23]
SE311mOS	$-2 \dots 3$	5	+	+	+	+	−	+	+	ϵ^2 [21]
SE312m[d]	$-2 \dots 4$	6[6]	+	+	+	+	−	−	+	ϵ^2 [24, 25]
SE313mOS	$-2 \dots 3$	5	−	+	+	−	+	−	−	ϵ^4 [21, 26, 27]
V412m1	$-2 \dots 3$	5	+	+	−	−	−	+	+	ϵ^0 [28]
V412m2	$-2 \dots 2$	5	+	+	+	+	−	−	+	ϵ^0 [28]
V413m[d]	$-2 \dots 2$	5[5]	−	+	+	−	−	−	−	ϵ^0 [28]
V414m[d]	$-2 [0] \dots 2$	5[5]	−	+	+	−	+	−	−	ϵ^0 [28]
V513m[d]	$0 [-1] \dots 1$	5[4]	+	+	−	−	−	−	+	ϵ^0 [28]
V614m1[d]	$-1 \dots 1$	5	−	+	−	−	−	−	−	ϵ^0 [28]

Table 1. The master integrals entering the two-loop vertex diagrams in figure 2. The notations follows refs. [19, 20]. Stars ‘*’ denote one-loop master integrals, the suffix ‘OS’ on-mass-shell functions, and the suffix ‘d’ dotted masters.

The computation of QCD corrections to form factors is a one-scale problem with variable Q^2/m^2 and the results can be expressed in terms of harmonic polylogarithms (HPLs) up to weight five $H_{m_1, \dots, m_w}(x)$, $m_j = 0, \pm 1$. The HPLs were introduced in [22]. They depend on the conformal variable x ,

$$x = \frac{\sqrt{Q^2 + 4m^2} - \sqrt{Q^2}}{\sqrt{Q^2 + 4m^2} + \sqrt{Q^2}}, \quad (2.6)$$

with $Q^2 > 0$ and $0 \leq x \leq 1$.

One-scale master integrals can be naturally solved by the method of differential equations [29, 30] which allows the determination of the master integrals analytically to the desired order in ϵ . The algebraic relations between masters with numerators and dotted master integrals sometimes contain coefficients with additional singularities in ϵ . This is a well-known feature in the algebraic reductions based on integrations by part requiring a deeper expansion of the corresponding master integrals in ϵ . The complete set of master integrals needed, some of them being quite lengthy, contains HPLs up to weight six. We refrain from printing the explicit results in this paper. They can be found at the webpage [31] in the file [Masters_V.QCD_2loops.eps.m](#).

Let us briefly describe the checks on the master integrals. As was mentioned, we used differential equations to compute the analytic x -dependence of all coefficients of the Laurent expansions in ϵ in terms of HPLs. Numerical evaluations of the HPLs may be done with the *Mathematica* library HPL [32]. In addition, we evaluated the master integrals at selected kinematical points in the Euclidean region by two independent methods. To that end we (i) used the sector decomposition package *sector_decomposition* [33] and (ii) derived and evaluated Mellin-Barnes representations for the masters with the programs *ambre* [34] and *MB* [35].

In principle, the method of differential equations allows the computation of master integrals to any depth in ϵ . In practice, though, every additional power of ϵ poses a new

challenge. Nevertheless, we have been able to push the calculation for each of the master integrals even to one power in ϵ beyond what is actually needed (see table 1). For instance, the on-shell master integral **SE313m0S** (see figure 3) has been evaluated until terms of the order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^4)$. Due to the iterative nature of the method of differential equations this implies further constraints and an additional self-consistency check on the correctness of the solutions. As a consequence of our strategy we met at intermediate steps HPLs up to weight seven. We observe the cancellation of all HPLs with weights bigger than five at order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ after summation of all two-loop Feynman diagrams in figure 2. An analogous statement applies to the corresponding constants of weight six. All terms like e.g. ζ_6 , ζ_3^2 , or $s_6 = S(-5, -1; \infty) = 0.9874414264032997137 \dots$ (the latter one is defined e.g. in ref. [32]) disappear in the final result. The master integrals and their Laurent series are now known sufficiently deep in ϵ for a computation of the QCD form factor at two loops including all terms of order ϵ^2 . This is clearly beyond the scope of the present paper, but we comment on this issue again in section 4.

2.2 Renormalization

From the Feynman diagrams of figures 1 and 2 we obtain the bare results for $\mathcal{F}_1^b$ and $\mathcal{F}_2^b$ within dimensional regularization, $D = 4 - 2\epsilon$. The ultraviolet divergences require renormalization by adding the appropriate counter-terms CT_1 and CT_2 and we briefly present all necessary formulae. The relevant parameters to be renormalized are the strong coupling constant α_s , the external (heavy-quark) wave function ψ and the heavy-quark mass m . The latter denotes the pole mass, so that the renormalization of m imposes the on-shell condition. The bare (unrenormalized) quantities are multiplicatively related to the renormalized ones,

$$\alpha_s^b = Z_{\alpha_s} \alpha_s, \quad m^b = Z_m m, \quad \psi^b = \sqrt{Z_2} \psi, \quad (2.7)$$

and we work in the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ -scheme, but Z_2 and Z_m are to be taken in the on-shell scheme. The necessary renormalization constants are all known [1, 36, 37] and through two loops also to sufficient depth in ϵ ,

$$Z_{\alpha_s}^{(1)} = -\frac{\beta_0}{\epsilon}, \quad (2.8)$$

$$Z_m^{(1)} = \Gamma(1 + \epsilon) \left(\frac{\mu^2}{m^2} \right)^\epsilon \left\{ -C_F \left(\frac{3}{\epsilon} + \frac{4}{1 - 2\epsilon} \right) \right\}, \quad (2.9)$$

$$Z_2^{(1)} = \Gamma(1 + \epsilon) \left(\frac{\mu^2}{m^2} \right)^\epsilon \left\{ -C_F \left(\frac{3}{\epsilon} + \frac{4}{1 - 2\epsilon} \right) \right\}, \quad (2.10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z_2^{(2)} = & \Gamma(1 + \epsilon)^2 \left(\frac{\mu^2}{m^2} \right)^{2\epsilon} \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} C_F \left(\frac{9}{2} C_F + \frac{11}{2} C_A - 2 T_R n_l \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} C_F \left(\frac{51}{4} C_F - \frac{127}{12} C_A + \frac{11}{3} T_R n_l + T_R \right) \right. \\ & + C_F^2 \left(\frac{433}{8} - 24 \zeta_3 - 78 \zeta_2 + 96 \zeta_2 \ln 2 \right) + C_F C_A \left(-\frac{1705}{24} + 12 \zeta_3 + \frac{49}{2} \zeta_2 - 48 \zeta_2 \ln 2 \right) \\ & + C_F T_R n_l \left(\frac{113}{6} + 10 \zeta_2 \right) + C_F T_R \left(\frac{947}{18} - 30 \zeta_2 \right) \\ & \left. + \epsilon C_F \left[C_F \left(\frac{211}{16} - 267 \zeta_2 - 294 \zeta_3 + 552 \zeta_2 \ln 2 - 384 \text{Li}_4(1/2) - 16 \ln^4 2 - 192 \zeta_2 \ln^2 2 + \frac{1008}{5} \zeta_2^2 \right) \right] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & +C_A \left(-\frac{9907}{48} + \frac{224}{3}\zeta_2 + \frac{398}{3}\zeta_3 - 276\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 192\text{Li}_4(1/2) + 8\ln^4 2 + 96\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 - \frac{504}{5}\zeta_2^2 \right) \\
 & +T_R n_f \left(\frac{851}{12} + \frac{116}{3}\zeta_2 + \frac{44}{3}\zeta_3 \right) + T_R \left(\frac{17971}{108} - \frac{448}{3}\zeta_2 - \frac{340}{3}\zeta_3 + 192\zeta_2 \ln 2 \right) \Big] \Big\}, \quad (2.11)
 \end{aligned}$$

where we have always set the factor $S_\epsilon = (4\pi)^\epsilon \exp(-\epsilon\gamma_E) = 1$ and in the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ -scheme $\beta_0 = 11/3C_A - 2/3n_f$.

In addition to eqs. (2.8)–(2.11) the two-loop counter-terms $CT_i^{(2)}$, $i = 1, 2$ contain the subtraction of those one-loop sub-divergences from the two-loop diagrams of figure 2 which are related to the on-shell renormalization of the heavy mass m in the loop. At one loop we denote the relevant results by $\mathcal{F}_1^{\text{mct},(1)}$ and $\mathcal{F}_2^{\text{mct},(1)}$. They can be derived from diagram *One* in figure 1 upon insertion of a one-loop mass counter-term for the heavy quark in the loop (see [1]). $\mathcal{F}_1^{\text{mct},(1)}$ and $\mathcal{F}_2^{\text{mct},(1)}$ need to be calculated to order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2)$ and we find in space-like kinematics, $q^2 = -Q^2 < 0$, the following results

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{F}_1^{\text{mct},(1)} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon} C_F \left\{ (1 - 2(x_3) + 3x_2 - 3x_1)(2H_0) + 2H_0 p(x) - 2(1 + 2x_2 - 2x_1) \right\} \\
 & + C_F \left\{ 4 + (-2\zeta_2 - 4H_{-1,0} + 2H_0 + 2H_{0,0})p(x) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + (-2\zeta_2 - 4H_{-1,0} + 2H_{0,0})(1 - 2(x_3) + 3x_2 - 3x_1) + 2H_0(1 - 4(x_3) + 6x_2 - 4x_1) \right\} \\
 & + \epsilon C_F \left\{ 4H_0(1 - 6(x_3) + 9x_2 - 5x_1) - 8(1 + 3x_2 - 3x_1) + (-4\zeta_3 - 2\zeta_2 + 4H_{-1}\zeta_2 \right. \\
 & \quad + 8H_{-1,-1,0} - 4H_{-1,0} - 4H_{-1,0,0} + 4H_0 - H_0\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,-1,0} + 2H_{0,0} + 2H_{0,0,0})p(x) \\
 & \quad + (-4\zeta_3 + 4H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 8H_{-1,-1,0} - 4H_{-1,0,0} - H_0\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,-1,0} + 2H_{0,0,0}) \\
 & \quad \times (1 - 2(x_3) + 3x_2 - 3x_1) \\
 & \quad \left. - 3\zeta_2(1 - 8/3(x_3) + 14/3x_2 - 10/3x_1) - (4H_{-1,0} - 2H_{0,0})(1 - 4(x_3) + 6x_2 - 4x_1) \right\} \\
 & + \epsilon^2 C_F \left\{ 16(1 + x_2 - x_1) + (-4\zeta_3 - 4\zeta_2 - 14/5\zeta_2^2 + 8H_{-1}\zeta_3 + 4H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 8H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 \right. \\
 & \quad - 16H_{-1,-1,-1,0} + 8H_{-1,-1,0} + 8H_{-1,-1,0,0} - 8H_{-1,0} + 2H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 + 8H_{-1,0,-1,0} \\
 & \quad - 4H_{-1,0,0} - 4H_{-1,0,0,0} + 8H_0 - 14/3H_0\zeta_3 - H_0\zeta_2 + 4H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 8H_{0,-1,-1,0} \\
 & \quad - 4H_{0,-1,0} - 4H_{0,-1,0,0} + 4H_{0,0} - H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,0,-1,0} + 2H_{0,0,0} + 2H_{0,0,0,0})p(x) \\
 & \quad - 2\zeta_2(1 - 12(x_3) + 18x_2 - 10x_1) - 10/3\zeta_3(1 - 24/5(x_3) + 34/5x_2 - 22/5x_1) \\
 & \quad + (-14/5\zeta_2^2 + 8H_{-1}\zeta_3 - 8H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 - 16H_{-1,-1,-1,0} + 8H_{-1,-1,0,0} + 2H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & \quad + 8H_{-1,0,-1,0} - 4H_{-1,0,0,0} - 14/3H_0\zeta_3 + 4H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 8H_{0,-1,-1,0} - 4H_{0,-1,0,0} \\
 & \quad - H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,0,-1,0} + 2H_{0,0,0,0})(1 - 2(x_3) + 3x_2 - 3x_1) \\
 & \quad + (4H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 8H_{-1,-1,0} - 4H_{-1,0,0} + 8H_0 - H_0\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,-1,0} + 2H_{0,0,0}) \\
 & \quad \times (1 - 4(x_3) + 6x_2 - 4x_1) \\
 & \quad \left. - (8H_{-1,0} - 4H_{0,0})(1 - 6(x_3) + 9x_2 - 5x_1) \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3), \quad (2.12)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{F}_2^{\text{mct},(1)} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon} C_F \left\{ 4(x_2 - x_1) + 4H_0(x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1) - H_0 q(x) \right\} \\
 & + C_F \left\{ 8(x_2 - x_1) + (16H_0 + 4H_{0,0} - 4\zeta_2 - 8H_{-1,0})(x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + (z^2 + 2H_{-1,0} - H_{0,0})q(x) \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & +\epsilon C_F \left\{ 8(x_2 - x_1) + (8H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 8\zeta_3 + 16H_{-1,-1,0} - 32H_{-1,0} - 8H_{-1,0,0} + 24H_0 \right. \\
 & \quad - 2H_0\zeta_2 - 8H_{0,-1,0} + 16H_{0,0} + 4H_{0,0,0})(x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1) + (2\zeta_3 - 2H_{-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & \quad - 4H_{-1,-1,0} + 2H_{-1,0,0} + 1/2H_0\zeta_2 + 2H_{0,-1,0} - H_{0,0,0})q(x) - 16\zeta_2(x_3 - 13/8x_2 \\
 & \quad \left. + 5/8x_1) \right\} \\
 & +\epsilon^2 C_F \left\{ 16(x_2 - x_1) - 24\zeta_2(x_3 - 5/3x_2 + 2/3x_1) - 32\zeta_3(x_3 - 35/24x_2 + 11/24x_1) \right. \\
 & \quad + (-28/5\zeta_2^2 + 16H_{-1}\zeta_3 + 32H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 16H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 - 32H_{-1,-1,-1,0} + 64H_{-1,-1,0} \\
 & \quad + 16H_{-1,-1,0,0} - 48H_{-1,0} + 4H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 + 16H_{-1,0,-1,0} - 32H_{-1,0,0} - 8H_{-1,0,0,0} \\
 & \quad + 32H_0 - 28/3H_0\zeta_3 - 8H_0\zeta_2 + 8H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 16H_{0,-1,-1,0} - 32H_{0,-1,0} - 8H_{0,-1,0,0} \\
 & \quad + 24H_{0,0} - 2H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 8H_{0,0,-1,0} + 16H_{0,0,0} + 4H_{0,0,0,0})(x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1) \\
 & \quad + (7/5\zeta_2^2 - 4H_{-1}\zeta_3 + 4H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 + 8H_{-1,-1,-1,0} - 4H_{-1,-1,0,0} - H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & \quad - 4H_{-1,0,-1,0} + 2H_{-1,0,0,0} - 4H_0 + 7/3H_0\zeta_3 - 2H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,-1,-1,0} \\
 & \quad \left. + 2H_{0,-1,0,0} + 1/2H_{0,0}\zeta_2 + 2H_{0,0,-1,0} - H_{0,0,0,0})q(x) \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3). \quad (2.13)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{F}_1^{\text{mct},(1)}$ and $\mathcal{F}_2^{\text{mct},(1)}$ have been computed before to order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ (see [1]), the $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2)$ terms are new.¹ All results are given in terms of HPLs with argument $0 \leq x \leq 1$. Moreover, it is convenient to abbreviate the ubiquitous polynomial

$$p(x) \equiv \frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2} = \frac{1}{2} (p_{\text{qq}}(x) + p_{\text{qq}}(-x)), \quad (2.14)$$

which is related to the quark-quark splitting function at one-loop, $p_{\text{qq}}(x) = 2/(1-x) - 1 - x$. We use also the additional definitions

$$x_n = \frac{1}{(1+x)^n}, \quad (2.15)$$

$$q(x) = \frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{1}{1+x}. \quad (2.16)$$

With these ingredients we arrive at the following results for counter-terms at one- and two-loops, $CT_i^{(1)}$ and $CT_i^{(2)}$. These counter-terms need to be added to the sum of the unsubtracted (bare) diagrams in order to arrive at the (ultraviolet) renormalized heavy-quark form factors.

$$CT_i^{(1)} = Z_2^{(1)} \mathcal{F}_i^{(0)}, \quad (2.17)$$

$$CT_i^{(2)} = -2 Z_m^{(1)} \mathcal{F}_i^{\text{mct},(1)} + \left(Z_{\alpha_s}^{(1)} + Z_2^{(1)} \right) \mathcal{F}_i^{\text{b},(1)} + Z_2^{(2)} \mathcal{F}_i^{(0)}, \quad (2.18)$$

where $i = 1, 2$ and, trivially, $\mathcal{F}_1^{(0)} = 1$ and $\mathcal{F}_2^{(0)} = 0$ at the Born level. The bare results at one loop $\mathcal{F}_i^{\text{b},(1)}$ are needed to order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2)$ as well. We do not display them here, but the interested reader can easily derive them with the help of eqs. (2.17) and (3.1) from the renormalized result $\mathcal{F}_i^{(1)}$ presented in the next section. To order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ the explicit expressions for $\mathcal{F}_1^{\text{b},(1)}$ and $\mathcal{F}_2^{\text{b},(1)}$ are also given in [1].

¹There are some misprints in eqs. (37) and (38) of ref. [1]. However the source files of the authors agree with the corresponding parts of our eqs. (2.12) and (2.13).

3 Results

We are now in a position to present our main results. In space-like kinematics, $q^2 = -Q^2 < 0$, the renormalized form factors $\mathcal{F}_1$ (electric) and $\mathcal{F}_2$ (magnetic) through NNLO in QCD and up to $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ are expressed in terms of HPLs of argument x , $0 \leq x \leq 1$, see eq. (2.6). We also factorize again the polynomials $p(x)$, $q(x)$ and employ the abbreviations x_n , see eqs. (2.14)–(2.16). Adding the bare diagrams in figures 1 and 2 together with the counter-terms of eqs. (2.17) and (2.18),

$$\mathcal{F}_i^{(l)} = \mathcal{F}_i^{\text{b},(l)} + CT_i^{(l)}, \quad (3.1)$$

and setting the scale to $\mu^2 = m^2$, we have:

$$\mathcal{F}_1^{(1)} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} C_F \left\{ -2 - 2p(x)H_0 \right\} \quad (3.2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -C_F \left\{ 4 + (1 - 2x_1)H_0 + 2p(x)(H_{0,0} - 2H_{-1,0} - \zeta_2 + 2H_0) \right\} \\ & -\epsilon C_F \left\{ 8 + p(x)(8H_0 + 8H_{-1,-1,0} - 4\zeta_3 + 4H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 4H_{-1,0,0} - H_0\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,-1,0} + 2H_{0,0,0} \right. \\ & \left. + 4H_{0,0} - 8H_{-1,0} - 4\zeta_2) + (1 - 2x_1)(H_{0,0} - 2H_{-1,0}) + 2x_1\zeta_2 \right\} \\ & -\epsilon^2 C_F \left\{ 16 + 2\zeta_2 - 2/3\zeta_3 + p(x)(-8\zeta_2 - 8\zeta_3 - 7\zeta_4 + 8H_{-1}\zeta_3 - 8H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 - 16H_{-1,-1,-1,0} \right. \\ & \left. + 8H_{-1,-1,0,0} + 8H_{-1,0,-1,0} + 2H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 - 4H_{-1,0,0,0} + 16H_0 + 8H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 16H_{-1,-1,0} \right. \\ & \left. - 8H_{-1,0,0} - 2H_0\zeta_2 - 8H_{0,-1,0} + 4H_{0,0,0} - 14/3H_0\zeta_3 + 4H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 8H_{0,-1,-1,0} \right. \\ & \left. - 4H_{0,-1,0,0} - 16H_{-1,0} - H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,0,-1,0} + 2H_{0,0,0,0} + 8H_{0,0}) \right. \\ & \left. + (1 - 2x_1)(2H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 4H_{-1,-1,0} - 2H_{-1,0,0} - 1/2H_0\zeta_2 - 2\zeta_3 - 2H_{0,-1,0} + H_{0,0,0}) \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3), \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{F}_1^{(2)} = \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} C_F^2 \left\{ 2 + 4p(x)H_0 + 4p(x)^2 H_{0,0} \right\} \quad (3.3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & + \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} C_F C_A \left\{ 11/3 + 11/3 p(x)H_0 \right\} \\ & - \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} C_F n_l T_R \left\{ 4/3 + 4/3 p(x)H_0 \right\} \\ & + \frac{1}{\epsilon} C_F^2 \left\{ 8 + 4p(x)(4H_0 - \zeta_2 - 2H_{-1,0} + H_{0,0}) + 2(1 - 2x_1)(H_0 - 2H_{0,0}) - 8x_2 H_{0,0} \right. \\ & \left. + 4p(x)^2(4H_{0,0} + 3H_{0,0,0} - \zeta_2 H_0 - 4H_{-1,0,0} - 2H_{0,-1,0}) \right\} \\ & + \frac{1}{\epsilon} C_F C_A \left\{ -49/9 + 4\zeta_2 + 4H_{0,0} + p(x)(4\zeta_2 H_0 - 67/9 H_0 - 2\zeta_2 + 4H_{-1,0} - 4H_{0,0} - 4H_{1,0} + 4H_{0,0,0}) \right. \\ & \left. + 2p(x)^2(2H_{0,-1,0} - \zeta_3 - \zeta_2 H_0 - 2H_{0,1,0} - 2H_{0,0,0}) \right\} \\ & + \frac{1}{\epsilon} C_F n_l T_R \left\{ 20/9 + 20/9 p(x)H_0 \right\} \\ & + C_F T_R \left\{ (1 - 24x_5 + 60x_4 - 44x_3 + 6x_2)(4H_0\zeta_2 + 4H_{0,0,0}) - 8/3\zeta_2(1 - 196x_4 + 392x_3 \right. \\ & \left. - 229x_2 + 33x_1) + 76/9 H_{0,0}(1 + 248/19x_4 - 496/19x_3 + 326/19x_2 - 78/19x_1) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & +46/3H_0(1+712/69x_3-356/23x_2+218/69x_1)+1532/27+784/9x_2-784/9x_1 \\
 & + (944/27H_0+8H_0\zeta_2+20/3H_{0,0,0})p(x) \Big\} \\
 & +C_FC_A \Big\{ -1595/27+12x_2-12x_1+(1-4688/37x_5+11720/37x_4-29924/111x_3+3242/37x_2 \\
 & -1120/111x_1)(111/40\zeta_2^2)+(1-2256/29x_5+5640/29x_4-4684/29x_3+1386/29x_2 \\
 & -144/29x_1)(29/2H_{0,-1,0,0})+(1-648/11x_5+1620/11x_4-1324/11x_3+366/11x_2-36/11x_1)(-22H_0\zeta_3) \\
 & +(1-56x_5+140x_4-344/3x_3+32x_2-10/3x_1)(24H_{1,0}\zeta_2+24H_{1,0,0,0})+(1-368/7x_5+920/7x_4 \\
 & -2252/21x_3+206/7x_2-64/21x_1)(21/4H_{0,0}\zeta_2)+(1-240/7x_5+600/7x_4-484/7x_3+18x_2 \\
 & -16/7x_1)(21/2H_{0,-1}\zeta_2)+(1-516/17x_5+1488/17x_4-1558/17x_3+42x_2-156/17x_1)(34H_0\zeta_2) \\
 & +(1-24x_5+60x_4-44x_3+6x_2)(-8H_{0,0,1,0})+(1-172/9x_5+544/9x_4-1846/27x_3+872/27x_2 \\
 & -170/27x_1)(54H_{0,0,0})+(1+48/13x_5-120/13x_4+196/13x_3-174/13x_2+24/13x_1)(13H_{0,0,-1,0}) \\
 & +(1+8x_5-20x_4+24x_3-16x_2+2x_1)(12H_{0,1,0,0})+(1+48x_5-120x_4+68x_3+18x_2-16x_1)(1/4H_{0,0,0,0}) \\
 & +(1-288/89x_4+468/89x_3-18/89x_2-190/89x_1)(-89/3H_{0,0})-(1-3x_4+6x_3-19/4x_2 \\
 & +7/4x_1)(32H_{1,0,0})+(1-12/11x_4+24/11x_3-14/11x_2+2/11x_1)(-44H_{0,-1,0})+(1+12x_4 \\
 & -24x_3+14x_2-2x_1)(16H_{0,1,0})+(1+15x_4-30x_3+45/2x_2-15/2x_1)(-24H_{-1}\zeta_2)-(1+32x_4 \\
 & -484/7x_3+362/7x_2-926/63x_1)(21\zeta_2)+(1+47x_4-94x_3+113/2x_2-19/2x_1)(-24H_{-1,0,0}) \\
 & +(1+54x_4-108x_3+187/3x_2-25/3x_1)(24\zeta_3)+(1-24x_3+36x_2-14x_1)(-4H_{1,0})+(1-648/125x_3 \\
 & +972/125x_2-574/125x_1)(-125/18H_0)+(1+9/2x_3-27/4x_2+1/4x_1)(16/3H_{-1,0}) \\
 & +(1+6x_2-6x_1)(24\zeta_2\ln 2)+(62/3\zeta_3+158/9\zeta_2+383/40\zeta_2^2-32/3H_{-1}\zeta_2-208/3H_{-1,-1,0} \\
 & +172/9H_{-1,0}+8H_{-1,0}\zeta_2+140/3H_{-1,0,0}+8H_{-1,0,0,0} \\
 & +24H_{-1,1,0}-1460/27H_0+6H_0\zeta_3+44/3H_0\zeta_2-27/2H_{0,-1}\zeta_2+140/3H_{0,-1,0}-19/2H_{0,-1,0,0} \\
 & -50/9H_{0,0}+21/4H_{0,0}\zeta_2-27H_{0,0,-1,0}-16/3H_{0,0,0}+97/4H_{0,0,0,0}+16H_{0,0,1,0}-16H_{0,1,0}+4H_{0,1,0,0} \\
 & +4H_{1,0}\zeta_2+24H_{1,-1,0}+8H_{1,0}-16H_{1,0,0}-8H_{1,1,0})p(x)+(-37/5\zeta_2^2+8H_{-1}\zeta_3+8H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & -16H_{-1,0,-1,0}+16H_{-1,0,0,0}+16H_{-1,0,1,0}-2H_0\zeta_3+4H_{0,-1}\zeta_2-40H_{0,-1,-1,0} \\
 & +32H_{0,-1,0,0}+24H_{0,-1,1,0}+4H_{0,0}\zeta_2+48H_{0,0,-1,0}-24H_{0,0,0,0}-32H_{0,0,1,0}+4H_{0,1}\zeta_2 \\
 & +24H_{0,1,-1,0}-16H_{0,1,0,0}-8H_{0,1,1,0}-8H_{1,0}\zeta_3-8H_{1,0}\zeta_2+16H_{1,0,-1,0}-16H_{1,0,0,0}-16H_{1,0,1,0})p(x)^2 \Big\} \\
 & +C_F^2 \Big\{ 46+(1-1008/11x_5+2520/11x_4-188x_3+582/11x_2-48/11x_1)(11H_{0,-1,0,0}) \\
 & +(1-13680/229x_5+34200/229x_4-27468/229x_3+7002/229x_2-512/229x_1)(229/20\zeta_2^2) \\
 & +(1-240/7x_5+600/7x_4-484/7x_3+18x_2-16/7x_1)(-21H_{0,-1}\zeta_2)+(1-768/23x_5+1920/23x_4 \\
 & -1492/23x_3+318/23x_2-24/23x_1)(-46H_{0,0,-1,0})-(1-360/11x_5+900/11x_4-700/11x_3 \\
 & +150/11x_2-12/11x_1)(44H_{0,1,0,0})+(1-24x_5+60x_4-44x_3+6x_2)(16H_{0,0,1,0}) \\
 & +(1+120/37x_5-432/37x_4+512/37x_3-170/37x_2-88/37x_1)(-74H_{0,0,0}) \\
 & +(1+120/31x_5-312/31x_4+272/31x_3-28/31x_2-110/31x_1)(-62H_0\zeta_2) \\
 & +(1+48x_5-120x_4+68x_3+18x_2-16x_1)(-1/2H_{0,0,0,0})+(1+72x_5-180x_4+156x_3-54x_2 \\
 & +4x_1)(-8H_{1,0}\zeta_2-8H_{1,0,0,0})+(1+168x_5-420x_4+364x_3-126x_2+12x_1)(4H_0\zeta_3) \\
 & +(1+528x_5-1320x_4+1124x_3-366x_2+32x_1)(-1/2H_{0,0}\zeta_2)+(1-168/5x_4+336/5x_3 \\
 & -194/5x_2+26/5x_1)(-20\zeta_3)+(1-63/2x_4+63x_3-127/4x_2+1/4x_1)(32H_{-1,0,0}) \Big\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + (1 - 192/13x_4 + 2112/65x_3 - 240/13x_2 + 14/65x_1)(65\zeta_2) + (1 + 768/61x_4 - 2016/61x_3 \\
 & + 1800/61x_2 - 518/61x_1)(61H_{0,0}) + (1 + 15x_4 - 30x_3 + 45/2x_2 - 15/2x_1)(48H_{-1}\zeta_2) \\
 & + (1 + 45/2x_4 - 45x_3 + 197/8x_2 - 17/8x_1)(64H_{1,0,0}) + (1 + 192/7x_4 - 384/7x_3 \\
 & + 221/7x_2 - 29/7x_1)(56H_{0,-1,0}) + (1 + 48x_4 - 96x_3 + 54x_2 - 6x_1)(-8H_{0,1,0}) \\
 & + (1 + 384/17x_3 - 576/17x_2 + 158/17x_1)(34H_{-1,0}) + (1 + 6x_2 - 6x_1)(-48\zeta_2 \ln 2) + (1 - 2x_1)(-9/2H_0) \\
 & + (x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1)(-192H_{1,0}) + (-16\zeta_3 + 122/5\zeta_2^2 + 64H_{-1,-1,0,0} + 16H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 + 32H_{-1,0,-1,0} \\
 & - 64H_{-1,0,0} - 48H_{-1,0,0,0} - 32H_0\zeta_2 + 8H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 16H_{0,-1,-1,0} - 40H_{0,-1,0,0} + 64H_{0,0} + 24H_{0,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 40H_{0,0,-1,0} + 16H_{0,0,0} + 68H_{0,0,0,0} + 16H_{0,0,1,0} - 32H_{0,1,0} + 16H_{1,0}\zeta_3 + 16H_{1,0}\zeta_2 - 32H_{1,0,-1,0} \\
 & + 32H_{1,0,0,0} + 32H_{1,0,1,0})p(x)^2 + (-8\zeta_3 + 8\zeta_2 - 731/20\zeta_2^2 + 8H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 16H_{-1,-1,0} + 144H_{-1,0} \\
 & - 8H_{-1,0,0} + 38H_0 - 28H_0\zeta_3 - 22H_0\zeta_2 + 27H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 - 8H_{0,-1,0} + 27H_{0,-1,0,0} - 104H_{0,0} - 65/2H_{0,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 2H_{0,0,-1,0} - 18H_{0,0,0} - 81/2H_{0,0,0,0} - 16H_{0,0,1,0} - 28H_{0,1,0,0} - 64H_{1,0} - 8H_{1,0}\zeta_2 - 8H_{1,0,0,0})p(x) \Big\} \\
 & + n_C C_F T_R \Big\{ 424/27 + (1 - 2x_1)(-8/3H_{-1,0} + 2/9H_0 + 4/3H_{0,0}) + 4\zeta_2(1 + 2/3x_1) \\
 & + (-16/3\zeta_3 - 88/9\zeta_2 + 16/3H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 32/3H_{-1,-1,0} - 176/9H_{-1,0} - 16/3H_{-1,0,0} + 424/27H_0 \\
 & + 8/3H_0\zeta_2 - 16/3H_{0,-1,0} + 88/9H_{0,0} + 8/3H_{0,0,0})p(x) \Big\} \\
 & + \epsilon C_F T_R \Big\{ (1 - 24x_5 + 60x_4 - 44x_3 + 6x_2)(-2/5\zeta_2^2 + 8H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 + 8H_{-1,0,0,0} - 8H_0\zeta_3 - 24H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 8H_{0,-1,0,0} + 4H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 8H_{0,0,-1,0} + 12H_{0,0,0,0} + 16H_{0,1,0,0}) + (1 - 198/25x_5 + 743/25x_4 - 1009/25x_3 \\
 & + 1201/50x_2 - 297/50x_1)(200/9H_0\zeta_2) + (1 - 792/173x_5 + 3964/173x_4 - 6020/173x_3 + 3706/173x_2 \\
 & - 900/173x_1)(346/9H_{0,0,0}) + (1 - 232/7x_4 + 464/7x_3 - 262/7x_2 + 30/7x_1)(224/3\zeta_2 \ln 2) \\
 & + (1 - 3252/125x_4 + 1372/25x_3 - 4287/125x_2 + 122/25x_1)(-500/9\zeta_2) + (1 - 1376/69x_4 + 2752/69x_3 \\
 & - 1508/69x_2 + 44/23x_1)(-184/3\zeta_3) + (1 + 19/3x_4 - 59/7x_3 + 163/84x_2 - 2/3x_1)(112/3H_{0,0}) \\
 & + (1 + 248/19x_4 - 496/19x_3 + 326/19x_2 - 78/19x_1)(-152/3H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 152/9H_{-1,0,0} - 152/9H_{0,-1,0} \\
 & + 304/9H_{1,0,0}) + (1 + 11352/1345x_3 - 17028/1345x_2 + 2986/1345x_1)(1345/27H_0) + (1 + 712/69x_3 \\
 & - 356/23x_2 + 218/69x_1)(-92/3H_{-1,0}) + 4138/27 + 1432/9x_2 - 1432/9x_1 + (-944/27\zeta_2 - 2\zeta_2^2 \\
 & - 1888/27H_{-1,0} + 32/3H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 + 40/3H_{-1,0,0,0} + 3064/27H_0 - 128/9H_0\zeta_3 - 50/9H_0\zeta_2 - 40H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 40/3H_{0,-1,0,0} + 944/27H_{0,0} + 8H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 40/3H_{0,0,-1,0} - 74/9H_{0,0,0} + 20H_{0,0,0,0} + 80/3H_{0,1,0,0})p(x) \Big\} \\
 & + \epsilon C_F C_A \Big\{ (-28745/162 - 1037x_6 + 3111x_5 - 3111x_4 + 1037x_3 + 78x_2 - 78x_1) + (1 - 1200x_5 + 3000x_4 \\
 & - 2572x_3 + 858x_2 - 88x_1)(2H_{0,1,0,-1,0}) - (1 - 976/3x_5 + 2440/3x_4 - 2084/3x_3 + 686/3x_2 - 24x_1)(9H_{0,1,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 4688/37x_5 + 11720/37x_4 - 29924/111x_3 + 3242/37x_2 - 1120/111x_1)(111/20H_{-1}\zeta_2^2) \\
 & + (1 - 3664/29x_5 + 10360/29x_4 - 10172/29x_3 + 3938/29x_2 - 488/29x_1)(87/2H_0\zeta_3) \\
 & + (1 - 120x_5 + 300x_4 - 248x_3 + 72x_2 - 6x_1)(-8H_{0,1,0,1,0}) + (1 - 2832/29x_5 + 7080/29x_4 \\
 & - 124220/609x_3 + 12550/203x_2 - 3856/609x_1)(-609/40H_0\zeta_2^2) - (1 - 4240/49x_5 + 10936/49x_4 \\
 & - 1412/7x_3 + 510/7x_2 - 452/49x_1)(98H_{1,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 9968/121x_5 \\
 & + 24920/121x_4 - 62452/363x_3 + 6306/121x_2 - 2048/363x_1)(1089/8\zeta_5) + (1 - 18256/229x_5 \\
 & + 45640/229x_4 - 114628/687x_3 + 11674/229x_2 - 3920/687x_1)(-687/20H_1\zeta_2^2) + (1 - 2256/29x_5 \\
 & + 5640/29x_4 - 4684/29x_3 + 1386/29x_2 - 144/29x_1)(29H_{-1,0,-1,0,0}) - (1 - 1296/17x_5 + 3240/17x_4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -13548/85x_3 + 4122/85x_2 - 464/85x_1)(85/2H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 1964/29x_5 + 6368/29x_4 - 7270/29x_3 \\
 & + 3312/29x_2 - 432/29x_1)(-58H_{0,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 5040/79x_5 + 12600/79x_4 - 10372/79x_3 + 2958/79x_2 \\
 & - 304/79x_1)(-79H_{0,-1,-1,0,0}) + (1 - 312/5x_5 + 156x_4 - 652/5x_3 + 198/5x_2 - 24/5x_1)(-20H_{1,0}\zeta_3 \\
 & - 40H_{1,0,1,0,0}) + (1 - 312/5x_5 + 156x_4 - 636/5x_3 + 174/5x_2 - 16/5x_1)(40H_{0,-1,0,1,0}) + (1 - 7728/125x_5 \\
 & + 3864/25x_4 - 15852/125x_3 + 4458/125x_2 - 448/125x_1)(125H_{0,-1,0,0,0}) + (1 - 1008/17x_5 + 2520/17x_4 \\
 & - 2068/17x_3 + 582/17x_2 - 60/17x_1)(-34H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 648/11x_5 + 1620/11x_4 - 1324/11x_3 \\
 & + 366/11x_2 - 36/11x_1)(-44H_{-1,0}\zeta_3) + (1 - 4080/71x_5 + 10200/71x_4 - 8132/71x_3 + 1998/71x_2 \\
 & - 128/71x_1)(71/4H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 5520/97x_5 + 13800/97x_4 - 11260/97x_3 + 3090/97x_2 - 304/97x_1) \\
 & \quad \times (-97H_{0,-1,0,-1,0}) + (1 - 56x_5 + 140x_4 - 344/3x_3 + 32x_2 - 10/3x_1) \\
 & \quad \times (48H_{-1,1,0}\zeta_2 + 48H_{-1,1,0,0,0} + 48H_{1,-1,0}\zeta_2 + 48H_{1,-1,0,0,0} + 48H_{1,0,0,1,0} - 48H_{1,1,0}\zeta_2 - 48H_{1,1,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 4176/77x_5 + 10440/77x_4 - 8556/77x_3 + 342/11x_2 - 256/77x_1)(-154H_{1,0,0,-1,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 368/7x_5 + 920/7x_4 - 2252/21x_3 + 206/7x_2 - 64/21x_1)(21/2H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 2256/43x_5 \\
 & + 5640/43x_4 - 108x_3 + 1326/43x_2 - 152/43x_1)(-43/2H_{0,0}\zeta_3) + (1 - 4080/89x_5 + 10200/89x_4 \\
 & - 8252/89x_3 + 2178/89x_2 - 224/89x_1)(89/2H_{0,-1}\zeta_3) + (1 - 3504/79x_5 + 8760/79x_4 - 6980/79x_3 \\
 & + 1710/79x_2 - 144/79x_1)(79/2H_{1,0,0,0,0}) - (1 - 4240/99x_5 + 10480/99x_4 - 8972/99x_3 + 2978/99x_2 \\
 & - 316/99x_1)(198H_{1,0,0,0,0}) - (1 - 40x_5 + 100x_4 - 230/3x_3 + 15x_2 - 1/3x_1)(24H_{0,0,0,1,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 648/17x_5 + 1620/17x_4 - 76x_3 + 318/17x_2 - 32/17x_1)(68H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 1296/37x_5 \\
 & + 3240/37x_4 - 2556/37x_3 + 594/37x_2 - 56/37x_1)(74H_{0,1,1,0,0}) + (1 - 240/7x_5 + 600/7x_4 - 484/7x_3 \\
 & + 18x_2 - 16/7x_1)(21H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2) + (1 - 144/5x_5 + 72x_4 - 1972/35x_3 + 438/35x_2 - 48/35x_1) \\
 & \quad \times (-105H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2) + (1 - 624/23x_5 + 1560/23x_4 - 1188/23x_3 + 222/23x_2 - 16/23x_1)(-69H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2) \\
 & + (1 - 336/13x_5 + 840/13x_4 - 588/13x_3 + 42/13x_2 + 16/13x_1)(-13H_{1,0,-1,0,0}) + (1 - 24x_5 + 60x_4 \\
 & - 228/5x_3 + 42/5x_2 - 4/5x_1)(-20H_{0,0,1,0,0}) + (1 - 24x_5 + 60x_4 - 44x_3 + 6x_2)(-16H_{-1,0,0,1,0} \\
 & + 48H_{0,0,-1,1,0} + 8H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 + 48H_{0,0,1,-1,0} - 16H_{0,0,1,1,0}) + (1 - 1168/53x_5 + 4168/53x_4 - 5132/53x_3 \\
 & + 2530/53x_2 - 436/53x_1)(106H_{0,0,1,0,0}) + (1 - 240/11x_5 + 600/11x_4 - 532/11x_3 + 18x_2 \\
 & - 48/11x_1)(11/4H_{0,0,0,0,0}) + (1 - 1460/67x_5 + 4346/67x_4 - 4782/67x_3 + 33x_2 - 405/67x_1)(67H_{0,0}\zeta_2) \\
 & + (1 - 3792/181x_5 + 9480/181x_4 - 6924/181x_3 + 906/181x_2 - 32/181x_1)(181/2H_{0,0,-1,0,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 144/7x_5 + 360/7x_4 - 260/7x_3 + 30/7x_2)(42H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 14H_{0,-1,1,0,0} + 42H_{0,1}\zeta_2 \ln 2 \\
 & - 42H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 - 14H_{0,1,-1,0,0}) + (1 - 3256/175x_5 + 9736/175x_4 - 10152/175x_3 + 4222/175x_2 \\
 & - 648/175x_1)(-350H_{0,-1,0,0}) + (1 - 1296/77x_5 + 3240/77x_4 - 2028/77x_3 - 18/7x_2 \\
 & + 128/77x_1)(77/2H_{0,0,0,-1,0}) + (1 - 2944/223x_5 + 9016/223x_4 - 9852/223x_3 + 4622/223x_2 \\
 & - 1216/223x_1)(223/2H_{0,0,0,0,0}) + (1 - 688/55x_5 + 1048/55x_4 + 252/55x_3 - 826/55x_2 + 8/55x_1)(55H_{0,1,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 104/9x_5 + 7328/171x_4 - 9440/171x_3 + 1654/57x_2 - 52/9x_1)(-342H_{0,0,-1,0}) + (1 - 492/53x_5 \\
 & + 1728/53x_4 - 2106/53x_3 + 1106/53x_2 - 332/53x_1)(-212H_{0,-1}\zeta_2) + (1 - 464/51x_5 + 1160/51x_4 \\
 & - 1948/153x_3 - 62/17x_2 + 112/153x_1)(-153/2H_{0,1}\zeta_3) + (1 - 624/109x_5 + 1560/109x_4 - 876/109x_3 \\
 & - 246/109x_2 - 32/109x_1)(109/4\zeta_2\zeta_3) - (1 - 48/11x_5 + 120/11x_4 - 116/55x_3 - 426/55x_2 + 72/55x_1) \\
 & (110H_{0,0,-1,-1,0}) + (1 + 48/13x_5 - 120/13x_4 + 196/13x_3 - 174/13x_2 + 24/13x_1)(26H_{-1,0,0,-1,0}) \\
 & + (1 + 8x_5 - 20x_4 + 24x_3 - 16x_2 + 2x_1)(24H_{-1,0,1,0,0}) - (1 + 516/23x_5 + 306/23x_4 - 2030/23x_3 \\
 & + 1479/23x_2 - 243/23x_1)(92H_{-1,0,0,0,0}) + (1 + 1392/41x_5 - 3480/41x_4 + 3332/41x_3 - 1518/41x_2 \\
 & + 192/41x_1)(-41/2H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2) + (1 + 2920/61x_5 - 9316/61x_4 + 10092/61x_3 - 3686/61x_2 + 92/61x_1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \times (-61/2H_{0,0,0}) + (1 + 48x_5 - 120x_4 + 68x_3 + 18x_2 - 16x_1)(1/2H_{-1,0,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (1 + 1117/12x_5 - 2851/12x_4 + 25633/120x_3 - 1491/20x_2 + 659/120x_1)(48\zeta_2^2) + (1 + 516/5x_5 \\
 & - 978/5x_4 + 538/5x_3 - 39/5x_2 - 9/5x_1)(-20H_{-1,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 30x_4 + 60x_3 - 38x_2 + 8x_1) \\
 & (80H_{1,0,-1,0}) + (1 - 30x_4 + 60x_3 - 75/2x_2 + 15/2x_1)(-32H_{1,0,1,0}) + (1 - 736/63x_4 + 1268/63x_3 \\
 & - 478/63x_2 - 10/7x_1)(126H_{0,-1,0}) + (1 - 34/3x_4 + 44/3x_3 - 4x_1)(-48H_{0,1,0}) + (1 - 2592/467x_4 \\
 & + 5832/467x_3 - 4968/467x_2 + 1668/467x_1)(467/3\zeta_3) + (1 + 60/37x_4 - 120/37x_3 + 70/37x_2 \\
 & - 10/37x_1)(296H_{0,-1,-1,0}) - (1 + 2178/571x_4 - 7704/571x_3 + 18585/1142x_2 - 4310/571x_1)(1142/9H_{0,0}) \\
 & + (1 + 348/79x_4 - 696/79x_3 + 336/79x_2 + 12/79x_1)(158H_1\zeta_3) + (1 + 196/19x_4 - 488/19x_3 \\
 & + 402/19x_2 - 118/19x_1)(-76H_{1,0,0}) + (1 + 12x_4 - 24x_3 + 32/3x_2 + 4/3x_1)(-72H_{-1}\zeta_2 \ln 2 \\
 & + 24H_{-1,1,0,0} - 72H_1\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 72H_{1,-1}\zeta_2 + 24H_{1,-1,0,0}) + (1 + 12x_4 - 24x_3 + 14x_2 - 2x_1)(-96H_{0,-1,1,0} \\
 & - 16H_{0,1}\zeta_2 - 96H_{0,1,-1,0} + 32H_{0,1,1,0}) + (1 + 1542/125x_4 - 3444/125x_3 + 5883/250x_2 \\
 & - 3061/375x_1)(-250/3\zeta_2) + (1 + 14x_4 - 28x_3 + 167/9x_2 - 41/9x_1)(216H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2) + (1 + 108/5x_4 \\
 & - 216/5x_3 + 126/5x_2 - 18/5x_1)(-120H_{1,1,0,0}) - (1 + 392/17x_4 - 580/17x_3 + 86/17x_2 \\
 & + 138/17x_1)(34H_{-1,0,0}) + (1 + 1020/37x_4 - 2040/37x_3 + 1320/37x_2 - 300/37x_1)(-74H_{-1}\zeta_3) \\
 & + (1 + 630/17x_4 - 1260/17x_3 + 755/17x_2 - 125/17x_1)(136H_{-1,-1,0,0}) + (1 + 115/3x_4 - 230/3x_3 \\
 & + 835/18x_2 - 145/18x_1)(144H_{-1,0,-1,0}) + (1 + 312/5x_4 - 624/5x_3 + 374/5x_2 - 62/5x_1)(-40H_{-1,0,1,0}) \\
 & + (1 + 72x_4 - 144x_3 + 132x_2 - 60x_1)(12\zeta_2 \ln 2) + (1 + 296/3x_4 - 172x_3 + 214/3x_2 + 2x_1)(-18H_{-1}\zeta_2) \\
 & + (1 - 22680/473x_3 + 34020/473x_2 - 12286/473x_1)(-473/108H_0) + (1 - 24x_3 + 36x_2 - 14x_1) \\
 & \times (24H_{-1,1,0} + 4H_1\zeta_2 + 24H_{1,-1,0} - 8H_{1,1,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 164/9x_3 + 82/3x_2 - 100/9x_1)(-36H_{1,0}) + (1 - 7488/763x_3 + 11232/763x_2 - 5270/763x_1) \\
 & (763/9H_{-1,0}) + (1 - 5x_3 + 15/2x_2 - 9/2x_1)(-48H_{-1,-1,0}) + (1 + 6x_2 - 6x_1)(-4\ln^4 2 - 96\text{Li}_4(1/2) \\
 & - 48\zeta_2 \ln^2 2) + (-137\zeta_5 + 22\zeta_2\zeta_3 + 148/5H_{-1}\zeta_2^2 - 32H_{-1,-1}\zeta_3 - 32H_{-1,-1,0}\zeta_2 + 64H_{-1,-1,0,-1,0} \\
 & - 64H_{-1,-1,0,0,0} - 64H_{-1,-1,0,1,0} + 8H_{-1,0}\zeta_3 - 16H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2 + 160H_{-1,0,-1,-1,0} - 128H_{-1,0,-1,0,0} \\
 & - 96H_{-1,0,-1,1,0} - 16H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2 - 192H_{-1,0,0,-1,0} + 96H_{-1,0,0,0,0} + 128H_{-1,0,0,1,0} - 16H_{-1,0,1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 96H_{-1,0,1,-1,0} + 64H_{-1,0,1,0,0} + 32H_{-1,0,1,1,0} + 32H_{-1,1}\zeta_3 + 32H_{-1,1,0}\zeta_2 - 64H_{-1,1,0,-1,0} \\
 & + 64H_{-1,1,0,0,0} + 64H_{-1,1,0,1,0} + 24/5H_0\zeta_2^2 - 36H_{0,-1}\zeta_3 + 8H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2 + 304H_{0,-1,-1,-1,0} \\
 & - 224H_{0,-1,-1,0,0} - 144H_{0,-1,-1,1,0} - 4H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2 - 288H_{0,-1,0,-1,0} + 160H_{0,-1,0,0,0} + 160H_{0,-1,0,1,0} \\
 & - 24H_{0,-1,1}\zeta_2 - 144H_{0,-1,1,-1,0} + 96H_{0,-1,1,0,0} + 48H_{0,-1,1,1,0} + 76H_{0,0}\zeta_3 - 72H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 384H_{0,0,-1,-1,0} + 232H_{0,0,-1,0,0} + 192H_{0,0,-1,1,0} + 84H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2 + 256H_{0,0,0,-1,0} - 48H_{0,0,0,0,0} \\
 & - 136H_{0,0,0,1,0} + 32H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 + 192H_{0,0,1,-1,0} - 104H_{0,0,1,0,0} - 64H_{0,0,1,1,0} + 12H_{0,1}\zeta_3 - 24H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 144H_{0,1,-1,-1,0} + 96H_{0,1,-1,0,0} + 48H_{0,1,-1,1,0} - 20H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2 + 160H_{0,1,0,-1,0} - 104H_{0,1,0,0,0} \\
 & - 96H_{0,1,0,1,0} + 8H_{0,1,1}\zeta_2 + 48H_{0,1,1,-1,0} - 32H_{0,1,1,0,0} - 16H_{0,1,1,1,0} - 148/5H_1\zeta_2^2 \\
 & + 32H_{1,-1}\zeta_3 + 32H_{1,-1,0}\zeta_2 - 64H_{1,-1,0,-1,0} + 64H_{1,-1,0,0,0} + 64H_{1,-1,0,1,0} - 8H_{1,0}\zeta_3 + 16H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 160H_{1,0,-1,-1,0} + 128H_{1,0,-1,0,0} + 96H_{1,0,-1,1,0} + 16H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2 + 192H_{1,0,0,-1,0} - 96H_{1,0,0,0,0} \\
 & - 128H_{1,0,0,1,0} + 16H_{1,0,1}\zeta_2 + 96H_{1,0,1,-1,0} - 64H_{1,0,1,0,0} - 32H_{1,0,1,1,0} - 32H_{1,1}\zeta_3 - 32H_{1,1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 64H_{1,1,0,-1,0} - 64H_{1,1,0,0,0} - 64H_{1,1,0,1,0})p(x)^2 + (929/8\zeta_5 + 356/9\zeta_3 + 2524/27\zeta_2 + 13/4\zeta_2\zeta_3 \\
 & + 77\zeta_2^2 - 156H_{-1}\zeta_3 - 536/9H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 383/20H_{-1}\zeta_2^2 + 96H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 + 480H_{-1,-1,-1,0} - 208/9H_{-1,-1,0} \\
 & + 16H_{-1,-1,0}\zeta_2 - 312H_{-1,-1,0,0} + 16H_{-1,-1,0,0,0} - 144H_{-1,-1,1,0} + 5912/27H_{-1,0} + 12H_{-1,0}\zeta_3 \\
 & + 6H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 - 27H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2 - 312H_{-1,0,-1,0} - 19H_{-1,0,-1,0,0} - 112/9H_{-1,0,0} + 21/2H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -54H_{-1,0,0,-1,0} + 160H_{-1,0,0,0} + 97/2H_{-1,0,0,0,0} + 32H_{-1,0,0,1,0} + 96H_{-1,0,1,0} + 8H_{-1,0,1,0,0} \\
 & -24H_{-1,1,\zeta_2} - 144H_{-1,1,-1,0} - 48H_{-1,1,0} + 96H_{-1,1,0,0} + 48H_{-1,1,1,0} - 17896/81H_0 + 493/6H_0\zeta_3 \\
 & -161/18H_0\zeta_2 - 97/40H_0\zeta_2^2 - 103/2H_{0,-1}\zeta_3 - 216H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 42H_{0,-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 + 39H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & -312H_{0,-1,-1,0} + 33H_{0,-1,-1,0,0} - 112/9H_{0,-1,0} - 44H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2 + 79H_{0,-1,0,-1,0} + 102H_{0,-1,0,0} \\
 & -99H_{0,-1,0,0,0} - 56H_{0,-1,0,1,0} + 96H_{0,-1,1,0} - 14H_{0,-1,1,0,0} - 3172/27H_{0,0} - 91/2H_{0,0}\zeta_3 + 75H_{0,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 23/2H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2 + 194H_{0,0,-1,-1,0} + 134H_{0,0,-1,0} - 251/2H_{0,0,-1,0,0} - 96H_{0,0,-1,1,0} + 337/18H_{0,0,0} \\
 & -233/4H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2 - 403/2H_{0,0,0,-1,0} + 107/2H_{0,0,0,0} + 203/4H_{0,0,0,0,0} + 96H_{0,0,0,1,0} - 16H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 \\
 & -96H_{0,0,1,-1,0} - 30H_{0,0,1,0} + 36H_{0,0,1,0,0} + 32H_{0,0,1,1,0} - 9/2H_{0,1}\zeta_3 + 16H_{0,1}\zeta_2 + 42H_{0,1}\zeta_2\ln 2 \\
 & -42H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 + 96H_{0,1,-1,0} - 14H_{0,1,-1,0,0} + 32H_{0,1,0} + 38H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2 - 46H_{0,1,0,-1,0} + 47H_{0,1,0,0} \\
 & + 63H_{0,1,0,0,0} + 40H_{0,1,0,1,0} - 32H_{0,1,1,0} + 26H_{0,1,1,0,0} + 44H_1\zeta_3 - 8H_1\zeta_2 - 927/20H_1\zeta_2^2 - 24H_{1,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & -144H_{1,-1,-1,0} - 48H_{1,-1,0} + 96H_{1,-1,0,0} + 48H_{1,-1,1,0} - 16H_{1,0} - 44H_{1,0}\zeta_3 + 2H_{1,0}\zeta_2 + 75H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 96H_{1,0,-1,0} + 67H_{1,0,-1,0,0} + 32H_{1,0,0} - 117/2H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2 - 42H_{1,0,0,-1,0} - 50H_{1,0,0,0} - 113/2H_{1,0,0,0,0} \\
 & -32H_{1,0,1,0} - 88H_{1,0,1,0,0} + 8H_{1,1}\zeta_2 + 48H_{1,1,-1,0} + 16H_{1,1,0} - 32H_{1,1,0,0} - 16H_{1,1,1,0}p(x) \Big\} \\
 & + \epsilon C_F^2 \Big\{ (1 - 1488x_5 + 3720x_4 - 3132x_3 + 978x_2 - 80x_1)(-2H_{0,-1,-1,0,0}) + (1 - 120x_5 + 924x_4 - 1496x_3 \\
 & + 884x_2 - 134x_1)(4H_{-1,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 233/2x_5 + 364x_4 - 781/2x_3 + 1285/8x_2 - 165/8x_1)(-32H_{0,0}\zeta_2) \\
 & + (1 - 3312/35x_5 + 1656/7x_4 - 6708/35x_3 + 1782/35x_2 - 16/5x_1)(-35H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2) + (1 - 1008/11x_5 \\
 & + 2520/11x_4 - 188x_3 + 582/11x_2 - 48/11x_1)(22H_{-1,0,-1,0,0}) + (1 - 30096/353x_5 + 75240/353x_4 \\
 & - 60924/353x_3 + 16146/353x_2 - 1072/353x_1)(-353/10H_1\zeta_2^2) + (1 - 15792/197x_5 + 39480/197x_4 \\
 & - 32076/197x_3 + 8634/197x_2 - 640/197x_1)(591/4\zeta_5) + (1 - 80x_5 + 1352/7x_4 - 1100/7x_3 + 1018/21x_2 \\
 & - 8/7x_1)(42H_{0,1,0,0}) - (1 - 51504/751x_5 + 128760/751x_4 - 105348/751x_3 + 29262/751x_2 - 2672/751x_1) \\
 & (751/20H_0\zeta_2^2) + (1 - 13680/229x_5 + 34200/229x_4 - 27468/229x_3 + 7002/229x_2 - 512/229x_1) \\
 & (229/10H_{-1}\zeta_2^2) + (1 - 56x_5 + 140x_4 - 116x_3 + 34x_2 - 4x_1)(-24H_{0,1,0,1,0}) + (1 - 8328/161x_5 + 20176/161x_4 \\
 & - 16220/161x_3 + 16186/483x_2 - 3436/483x_1)(-483/5\zeta_2^2) - (1 - 2784/61x_5 + 6960/61x_4 - 5564/61x_3 \\
 & + 1386/61x_2 - 120/61x_1)(122H_{0,1,0,0,0}) + (1 - 1248/29x_5 + 3120/29x_4 - 2492/29x_3 + 618/29x_2 - 56/29x_1) \\
 & (116H_{0,1,0,-1,0}) + (1 - 2384/63x_5 + 5960/63x_4 - 14380/189x_3 + 410/21x_2 - 416/189x_1)(-189/2\zeta_2\zeta_3) \\
 & + (1 - 3504/101x_5 + 8760/101x_4 - 6796/101x_3 + 1434/101x_2 - 96/101x_1)(101H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2) + (1 - 240/7x_5 \\
 & + 600/7x_4 - 484/7x_3 + 18x_2 - 16/7x_1)(-42H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2) + (1 - 768/23x_5 + 1920/23x_4 - 1492/23x_3 \\
 & + 318/23x_2 - 24/23x_1)(-92H_{-1,0,0,-1,0}) + (1 - 360/11x_5 + 900/11x_4 - 700/11x_3 + 150/11x_2 \\
 & - 12/11x_1)(-88H_{-1,0,1,0,0}) + (1 - 2688/85x_5 + 1344/17x_4 - 1036/17x_3 + 210/17x_2 - 72/85x_1) \\
 & \times (340H_{0,0,-1,-1,0}) + (1 - 2928/97x_5 + 7320/97x_4 - 5404/97x_3 + 786/97x_2 + 32/97x_1)(-97H_{0,0,0,-1,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 2096/71x_5 + 5240/71x_4 - 12076/213x_3 + 798/71x_2 - 176/213x_1)(213H_{0,1}\zeta_3) \\
 & + (1 - 144/5x_5 + 72x_4 - 1972/35x_3 + 438/35x_2 - 48/35x_1)(210H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2) + (1 - 624/23x_5 \\
 & + 1560/23x_4 - 1188/23x_3 + 222/23x_2 - 16/23x_1)(138H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2) + (1 - 1808/67x_5 + 4520/67x_4 \\
 & - 10300/201x_3 + 630/67x_2 - 128/201x_1)(-201H_{0,0,-1,0,0}) + (1 - 336/13x_5 + 840/13x_4 - 588/13x_3 \\
 & + 42/13x_2 + 16/13x_1)(26H_{1,0,-1,0,0}) + (1 - 24x_5 + 60x_4 - 228/5x_3 + 42/5x_2 - 4/5x_1)(40H_{0,0,1,0,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 24x_5 + 60x_4 - 44x_3 + 6x_2)(32H_{-1,0,0,1,0} - 96H_{0,0,-1,1,0} - 16H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 - 96H_{0,0,1,-1,0} \\
 & + 32H_{0,0,1,1,0}) + (1 - 240/11x_5 + 600/11x_4 - 532/11x_3 + 18x_2 - 48/11x_1)(-11/2H_{0,0,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (1 - 144/7x_5 + 360/7x_4 - 260/7x_3 + 30/7x_2)(-84H_{0,-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 + 28H_{0,-1,1,0,0} - 84H_{0,1}\zeta_2\ln 2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& +84H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 + 28H_{0,1,-1,0,0}) + (1 - 20x_5 + 50x_4 - 112/3x_3 + 6x_2 - 2/3x_1)(-96H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2) \\
& + (1 - 160/9x_5 + 400/9x_4 - 868/27x_3 + 34/9x_2 - 8/27x_1)(-108H_{0,1,1,0,0}) + (1 - 816/49x_5 + 2040/49x_4 \\
& - 1500/49x_3 + 30/7x_2 - 32/49x_1)(-49H_{0,-1}\zeta_3) + (1 - 40/3x_5 - 196/3x_4 + 1528/9x_3 - 84x_2 \\
& - 2/3x_1)(36H_{-1,0,0,0}) + (1 - 72/7x_5 + 180/7x_4 - 76/7x_3 - 66/7x_2 + 20/7x_1)(28H_{0,0,0,1,0}) \\
& + (1 - 164/17x_5 + 372/17x_4 - 294/17x_3 + 397/51x_2 - 235/51x_1)(408H_{0,-1}\zeta_2) \\
& + (1 - 28/3x_5 + 2674/69x_4 - 3746/69x_3 + 695/23x_2 - 443/69x_1)(-138H_0\zeta_2) \\
& + (1 - 856/121x_5 + 2896/121x_4 - 3372/121x_3 + 1648/121x_2 - 42/11x_1)(484H_{0,0,-1,0}) \\
& - (1 - 80/13x_5 + 200/13x_4 - 76/13x_3 - 86/13x_2 + 16/13x_1)(39H_{1,0,0,0,0}) - (1 - 640/173x_5 \\
& + 1624/173x_4 - 1444/173x_3 + 826/173x_2 - 744/173x_1)(173H_{0,0,0,0,0}) + (1 - 8/9x_5 + 32/9x_4 \\
& - 56/9x_3 + 59/9x_2 - 47/9x_1)(-72H_{0,0,1,0}) + (1 + 644/51x_5 - 318/17x_4 - 154/17x_3 + 1403/51x_2 \\
& - 521/51x_1)(102H_{0,0,0,0}) + (1 + 192/13x_5 - 480/13x_4 + 420/13x_3 - 150/13x_2 - 8/13x_1)(13H_{0,0}\zeta_3) \\
& + (1 + 1416/91x_5 - 336/13x_4 + 488/91x_3 + 684/91x_2 - 282/91x_1)(364H_{0,-1,0,0}) + (1 + 792/37x_5 \\
& - 1428/37x_4 + 488/37x_3 + 177/37x_2 - 39/37x_1)(296H_{1,0,0,0}) + (1 + 720/17x_5 - 1800/17x_4 \\
& + 1572/17x_3 - 558/17x_2 + 32/17x_1)(68H_{1,0,0,-1,0}) + (1 + 48x_5 - 120x_4 + 68x_3 + 18x_2 - 16x_1)(-H_{-1,0,0,0,0}) \\
& + (1 + 1008/17x_5 - 2520/17x_4 + 132x_3 - 846/17x_2 + 80/17x_1)(34H_{0,-1,0,-1,0}) + (1 + 66x_5 - 168x_4 \\
& + 416/3x_3 - 467/12x_2 + 17/12x_1)(96H_{1,0}\zeta_2) + (1 + 72x_5 - 180x_4 + 156x_3 - 54x_2 + 4x_1)(-16H_{-1,1,0}\zeta_2 \\
& - 16H_{-1,1,0,0,0} - 16H_{1,-1,0}\zeta_2 - 16H_{1,-1,0,0,0} - 16H_{1,0,0,1,0} + 16H_{1,1,0}\zeta_2 + 16H_{1,1,0,0,0}) + (1 + 816/11x_5 \\
& - 2040/11x_4 + 1996/11x_3 - 954/11x_2 + 160/11x_1)(-11/2H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2) + (1 + 108x_5 - 270x_4 + 232x_3 \\
& - 78x_2 + 6x_1)(8H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2) + (1 + 168x_5 - 420x_4 + 364x_3 - 126x_2 + 12x_1)(8H_{-1,0}\zeta_3) - (1 + 2064/5x_5 \\
& - 1032x_4 + 4404/5x_3 - 1446/5x_2 + 128/5x_1)(10H_{0,-1,0,0,0}) + (1 + 528x_5 - 1320x_4 + 1124x_3 \\
& - 366x_2 + 32x_1)(-H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2) + (1 + 5392x_5 - 13960x_4 + 11796x_3 - 3162x_2 + 68x_1)(-H_0\zeta_3) \\
& + (1 - 48x_4 + 4320/37x_3 - 3120/37x_2 + 466/37x_1)(-74H_{-1}\zeta_2) + (1 - 4184/235x_4 + 9152/235x_3 \\
& - 1078/47x_2 + 298/235x_1)(235\zeta_2) - (1 - 186/13x_4 + 372/13x_3 - 177/13x_2 - 9/13x_1)(208H_{-1,-1,0,0}) \\
& - (1 - 63/5x_4 + 126/5x_3 - 21/2x_2 - 21/10x_1)(160H_{-1,0,-1,0}) + (1 + 24/13x_4 - 240/13x_3 + 308/13x_2 \\
& - 92/13x_1)(52H_{1,0,0}) + (1 + 336/137x_4 + 960/137x_3 - 2080/137x_2 + 674/137x_1)(274H_{-1,0,0}) \\
& + (1 + 208/37x_4 - 608/37x_3 + 604/37x_2 - 204/37x_1)(148H_{0,1,0}) + (1 + 8x_4 - 16x_3 + 143/15x_2 - 23/15x_1) \\
& (240H_{1,1,0,0}) + (1 + 204/25x_4 - 408/25x_3 + 372/25x_2 - 168/25x_1)(100H_{-1}\zeta_3) + (1 + 1184/139x_4 \\
& - 4000/139x_3 + 4280/139x_2 - 1354/139x_1)(-278H_{0,-1,0}) + (1 + 2152/213x_4 - 1872/71x_3 + 5170/213x_2 \\
& - 1714/213x_1)(213H_{0,0}) + (1 + 12x_4 - 24x_3 + 32/3x_2 + 4/3x_1)(144H_{-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 - 48H_{-1,1,0,0} \\
& + 144H_1\zeta_2\ln 2 - 144H_{1,-1}\zeta_2 - 48H_{1,-1,0,0}) + (1 + 14x_4 - 28x_3 + 167/9x_2 - 41/9x_1)(-432H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2) \\
& - (1 + 7296/395x_4 - 17616/395x_3 + 2592/79x_2 - 462/79x_1)(790/3\zeta_3) - (1 + 1572/79x_4 - 3144/79x_3 \\
& + 1746/79x_2 - 174/79x_1)(316H_1\zeta_3) + (1 + 21x_4 - 42x_3 + 85/4x_2 - 1/4x_1)(64H_{1,0,1,0}) \\
& - (1 + 156/5x_4 - 312/5x_3 + 65/2x_2 - 13/10x_1)(160H_{1,0,-1,0}) + (1 + 32x_4 - 64x_3 + 767/21x_2 \\
& - 95/21x_1)(-336H_{0,-1,-1,0}) + (1 + 48x_4 - 96x_3 + 54x_2 - 6x_1)(48H_{0,-1,1,0} + 8H_{0,1}\zeta_2 + 48H_{0,1,-1,0} \\
& - 16H_{0,1,1,0}) - (1 + 72x_4 - 144x_3 + 132x_2 - 60x_1)(24\zeta_2\ln 2) + (1 + 96x_4 - 192x_3 + 100x_2 - 4x_1)(-16H_{-1,0,1,0}) \\
& + (1 - 8x_3 + 12x_2 - 6x_1)(44H_{1,0}) - (1 + 240/187x_3 - 360/187x_2 - 254/187x_1)(187/4H_0) \\
& + (1 + 1344/55x_3 - 2016/55x_2 + 562/55x_1)(-220H_{-1,-1,0}) + (1 + 568/9x_3 - 284/3x_2 + 266/9x_1)(36H_{-1,0}) \\
& + (1 + 6x_2 - 6x_1)(8\ln^4 2 + 192\text{Li}_4(1/2) + 96\zeta_2\ln^2 2) + (4 - 20x_2 + 20x_1) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 2x_3 \\
& - 1/2x_2)(768H_{1,0}\zeta_3 + 1536H_{1,0,1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 13/6x_3 - 3/4x_2 + 1/12x_1)(-1536H_{0,-1,0,1,0})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & +(x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1)(1152H_{-1,1,0} + 192H_1\zeta_2 + 1152H_{1,-1,0} - 384H_{1,1,0}) + (-369/4\zeta_5 + 400\zeta_3 \\
 & + 52\zeta_2 - 29/2\zeta_2\zeta_3 - 175\zeta_2^2 + 16H_{-1}\zeta_3 - 240H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 731/10H_{-1}\zeta_2^2 - 16H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 - 32H_{-1,-1,-1,0} \\
 & - 1248H_{-1,-1,0} + 16H_{-1,-1,0,0} + 360H_{-1,0} - 56H_{-1,0}\zeta_3 - 44H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 + 54H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2 + 16H_{-1,0,-1,0} \\
 & + 54H_{-1,0,-1,0,0} + 816H_{-1,0,0} - 65H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2 + 4H_{-1,0,0,-1,0} - 52H_{-1,0,0,0} - 81H_{-1,0,0,0,0} \\
 & - 32H_{-1,0,0,1,0} - 56H_{-1,0,1,0,0} + 384H_{-1,1,0} - 16H_{-1,1,0}\zeta_2 - 16H_{-1,1,0,0,0} + 73H_0 + 169/3H_0\zeta_3 \\
 & + 103H_0\zeta_2 + 1633/20H_0\zeta_2^2 + 111H_{0,-1}\zeta_3 + 320H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 - 84H_{0,-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 - 78H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 16H_{0,-1,-1,0} - 98H_{0,-1,-1,0,0} + 816H_{0,-1,0} + 64H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2 - 190H_{0,-1,0,-1,0} + 60H_{0,-1,0,0} \\
 & + 214H_{0,-1,0,0,0} + 128H_{0,-1,0,1,0} + 28H_{0,-1,1,0,0} - 244H_{0,0} + 37H_{0,0}\zeta_3 - 192H_{0,0}\zeta_2 + 37H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 76H_{0,0,-1,-1,0} + 20H_{0,0,-1,0} + 55H_{0,0,-1,0,0} + 96H_{0,0,-1,1,0} - 313H_{0,0,0} + 309/2H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 351H_{0,0,0,-1,0} - 197H_{0,0,0,0} - 123/2H_{0,0,0,0,0} - 180H_{0,0,0,1,0} + 16H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 + 96H_{0,0,1,-1,0} - 8H_{0,0,1,0} \\
 & + 40H_{0,0,1,0,0} - 32H_{0,0,1,1,0} + 69H_{0,1}\zeta_3 - 84H_{0,1}\zeta_2\ln 2 + 84H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 + 28H_{0,1,-1,0,0} - 256H_{0,1,0} \\
 & - 40H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2 + 212H_{0,1,0,-1,0} - 214H_{0,1,0,0} - 170H_{0,1,0,0,0} - 120H_{0,1,0,1,0} - 12H_{0,1,1,0,0} + 64H_1\zeta_2 \\
 & + 227/2H_1\zeta_2^2 + 384H_{1,-1,0} - 16H_{1,-1,0}\zeta_2 - 16H_{1,-1,0,0,0} - 128H_{1,0} + 96H_{1,0}\zeta_3 - 128H_{1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 150H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2 - 134H_{1,0,-1,0,0} - 256H_{1,0,0} + 141H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2 + 132H_{1,0,0,-1,0} - 128H_{1,0,0,0} \\
 & + 105H_{1,0,0,0,0} - 16H_{1,0,0,1,0} + 192H_{1,0,1,0,0} - 128H_{1,1,0} + 16H_{1,1,0}\zeta_2 + 16H_{1,1,0,0,0}p(x) \\
 & + (222\zeta_5 - 32\zeta_3 - 92\zeta_2\zeta_3 + 192/5\zeta_2^2 + 64H_{-1}\zeta_3 - 488/5H_{-1}\zeta_2^2 - 256H_{-1,-1,-1,0,0} \\
 & - 64H_{-1,-1,0}\zeta_2 - 128H_{-1,-1,0,-1,0} + 256H_{-1,-1,0,0} + 192H_{-1,-1,0,0,0} + 128H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 - 32H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 64H_{-1,0,-1,-1,0} + 160H_{-1,0,-1,0,0} - 256H_{-1,0,0} - 96H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2 + 160H_{-1,0,0,-1,0} - 64H_{-1,0,0,0} \\
 & - 272H_{-1,0,0,0,0} - 64H_{-1,0,0,1,0} + 128H_{-1,0,1,0} - 64H_{-1,1}\zeta_3 - 64H_{-1,1,0}\zeta_2 + 128H_{-1,1,0,-1,0} \\
 & - 128H_{-1,1,0,0,0} - 128H_{-1,1,0,1,0} - 16H_0\zeta_3 - 96H_0\zeta_2 - 702/5H_0\zeta_2^2 - 16H_{0,-1}\zeta_3 + 64H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 16H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2 - 32H_{0,-1,-1,-1,0} - 256H_{0,-1,-1,0} + 144H_{0,-1,-1,0,0} - 64H_{0,-1,0} + 48H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 144H_{0,-1,0,-1,0} + 96H_{0,-1,0,0} - 120H_{0,-1,0,0,0} - 64H_{0,-1,0,1,0} + 192H_{0,-1,1,0} + 192H_{0,0} \\
 & - 296/3H_{0,0}\zeta_3 + 128H_{0,0}\zeta_2 + 152H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2 + 208H_{0,0,-1,-1,0} + 224H_{0,0,-1,0} - 136H_{0,0,-1,0,0} \\
 & - 96H_{0,0,-1,1,0} + 128H_{0,0,0} - 176H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2 - 408H_{0,0,0,-1,0} + 80H_{0,0,0,0} + 116H_{0,0,0,0,0} + 160H_{0,0,0,1,0} \\
 & - 16H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 - 96H_{0,0,1,-1,0} - 192H_{0,0,1,0} - 80H_{0,0,1,0,0} + 32H_{0,0,1,1,0} + 64H_{0,1}\zeta_3 + 32H_{0,1}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 192H_{0,1,-1,0} - 64H_{0,1,0} - 32H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2 - 128H_{0,1,0,-1,0} - 128H_{0,1,0,0} + 32H_{0,1,0,0,0} \\
 & + 128H_{0,1,0,1,0} - 64H_{0,1,1,0} + 296/5H_1\zeta_2^2 - 64H_{1,-1}\zeta_3 - 64H_{1,-1,0}\zeta_2 + 128H_{1,-1,0,-1,0} - 128H_{1,-1,0,0,0} \\
 & - 128H_{1,-1,0,1,0} + 16H_{1,0}\zeta_3 - 32H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2 + 320H_{1,0,-1,-1,0} - 256H_{1,0,-1,0,0} - 192H_{1,0,-1,1,0} \\
 & - 32H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2 - 384H_{1,0,0,-1,0} + 192H_{1,0,0,0,0} + 256H_{1,0,0,1,0} - 32H_{1,0,1}\zeta_2 - 192H_{1,0,1,-1,0} + 128H_{1,0,1,0,0} \\
 & + 64H_{1,0,1,1,0} + 64H_{1,1}\zeta_3 + 64H_{1,1,0}\zeta_2 - 128H_{1,1,0,-1,0} + 128H_{1,1,0,0,0} + 128H_{1,1,0,1,0}p(x)^2 \Big\} \\
 & + \epsilon\eta C_F T_R \Big\{ 5204/81 + (1 - 2x_1)(8H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 16H_{-1,-1,0} - 8/9H_{-1,0} - 8H_{-1,0,0} - 203/27H_0 \\
 & + 2H_0\zeta_2 - 8H_{0,-1,0} + 4/9H_{0,0} + 4H_{0,0,0}) + (1 + 1/39x_1)(104/3\zeta_2) + (1 + 6x_1)(8/3\zeta_3) + (-448/9\zeta_3 \\
 & - 1136/27\zeta_2 - 96/5\zeta_2^2 + 32H_{-1}\zeta_3 + 448/9H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 32H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 - 64H_{-1,-1,-1,0} \\
 & + 896/9H_{-1,-1,0} + 32H_{-1,-1,0,0} - 2272/27H_{-1,0} - 8H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 + 32H_{-1,0,-1,0} - 448/9H_{-1,0,0} - 16H_{-1,0,0,0} \\
 & + 5204/81H_0 - 16/3H_0\zeta_3 + 92/9H_0\zeta_2 + 16H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 32H_{0,-1,-1,0} - 448/9H_{0,-1,0} - 16H_{0,-1,0,0} \\
 & + 1136/27H_{0,0} + 4H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 16H_{0,0,-1,0} + 224/9H_{0,0,0} \\
 & + 8H_{0,0,0,0}p(x) \Big\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{F}_2^{(1)} = C_F \left\{ -2q(x)H_0 \right\} \quad (3.4)$$

$$+ \epsilon C_F \left\{ q(x)(2\zeta_2 + 4H_{-1,0} - 8H_0 - 2H_{0,0}) \right\} \\ + \epsilon^2 C_F \left\{ q(x)(4\zeta_3 + 8\zeta_2 - 4H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 8H_{-1,-1,0} + 16H_{-1,0} + 4H_{-1,0,0} - 16H_0 + H_0\zeta_2 + 4H_{0,-1,0} \right. \\ \left. - 8H_{0,0} - 2H_{0,0,0}) \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3),$$

$$\mathcal{F}_2^{(2)} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} C_F^2 \left\{ 16(x_1 - x_2)H_{0,0} + 4q(x)H_0 + 8q(x)^2H_{0,0} \right\} \quad (3.5)$$

$$+ C_F T_R \left\{ 96(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 7/4x_3 - 1/8x_2 - 1/8x_1)(H_0\zeta_2 + H_{0,0,0}) - 544\zeta_2(x_4 - 2x_3 + 33/34x_2 \right. \\ \left. + 1/34x_1) - 352/3H_{0,0}(x_4 - 2x_3 + 23/22x_2 - 1/22x_1) - 496/3H_0(x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1) \right. \\ \left. + 272/3(x_1 - x_2) - (272/9H_0 + 6H_0\zeta_2 + 6H_{0,0,0})q(x) \right\} \\ + C_F C_A \left\{ 1032H_{0,0,0}(x_5 - 136/43x_4 + 603/172x_3 - 1555/1032x_2 + 169/1032x_1) \right. \\ + 1032H_0\zeta_2(x_5 - 124/43x_4 + 507/172x_3 - 1267/1032x_2 + 169/1032x_1) - 12H_{0,0,0,0}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 \\ + 13/12x_3 + 7/8x_2 - 11/24x_1) - 192H_{0,0,1,0}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 7/4x_3 - 1/8x_2 - 1/8x_1) \\ + 360H_{0,-1}\zeta_2(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 113/60x_3 - 13/40x_2 - 7/120x_1) - 1296H_0\zeta_3(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 635/324x_3 \\ - 95/216x_2 - 13/648x_1) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 55/28x_3 - 25/56x_2 - 1/56x_1)1344(H_{1,0}\zeta_2 + H_{1,0,0,0}) \\ + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 547/276x_3 - 87/184x_2 - 5/552x_1)(276H_{0,0}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 1123/564x_3 - 183/376x_2 \\ - 5/1128x_1)(1128H_{0,-1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 2419/1172x_3 - 1397/2344x_2 + 75/2344x_1)(1758/5\zeta_2^2) \\ - 96H_{0,1,0,0}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 35/12x_3 - 15/8x_2 + 11/24x_1) - 48H_{0,0,-1,0}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 49/12x_3 \\ - 29/8x_2 + 25/24x_1) + (x_4 - 121/56x_3 + 485/336x_2 - 95/336x_1)(672\zeta_2) - 192H_{0,1,0}(x_4 - 2x_3 + x_2) \\ - 1296\zeta_3(x_4 - 2x_3 + 86/81x_2 - 5/81x_1) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 52/47x_2 - 5/47x_1)(1128H_{-1,0,0}) \\ + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 4/3x_2 - 1/3x_1)(360H_{-1}\zeta_2) - 48(H_{0,-1,0} + 2H_{1,0,0})(x_4 - 2x_3 + 5/3x_2 - 2/3x_1) \\ - 96H_{0,0}(x_4 - 13/8x_3 + 13/48x_2 + 17/48x_1) - 12(2H_{-1,0} + 3H_0 + 8H_{1,0})(x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1) \\ - 12(1 + 8\zeta_2 \ln 2)(x_2 - x_1) + (1/3\zeta_2 + 45/8\zeta_2^2 + 2/3H_{-1,0} - 254/9H_0 + 13H_0\zeta_3 + 17/2H_0\zeta_2 - 21/2H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 \\ - 5/2H_{0,-1,0,0} - 1/3H_{0,0} - 5/4H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 25H_{0,0,-1,0} + 17/2H_{0,0,0} + 11/4H_{0,0,0,0} + 12H_{0,0,1,0} - 22H_{0,1,0,0} \\ - 12H_{1,0}\zeta_2 - 12H_{1,0,0,0})q(x) + (12\zeta_2 - 18H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 2H_{-1,0,0} + 7H_0\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,-1,0} + 12H_{0,0} + 3H_{0,0,0})q(x)^2 \\ \left. + (69/10\zeta_2^2 + 12H_0\zeta_2 - 18H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 - 2H_{0,-1,0,0} + 7H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 4H_{0,0,-1,0} + 12H_{0,0,0} + 3H_{0,0,0,0})q(x)^3 \right\} \\ + C_F^2 \left\{ (x_5 - 18/5x_4 + 251/60x_3 - 169/120x_2 - 7/40x_1)(240H_{0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 13/5x_4 + 131/60x_3 \right. \\ - 1/120x_2 - 23/40x_1)(240H_0\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 13/12x_3 + 7/8x_2 - 11/24x_1)(24H_{0,0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 \\ + 7/4x_3 - 1/8x_2 - 1/8x_1)(384H_{0,0,1,0}) - 1536H_{0,0,-1,0}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 89/48x_3 - 9/32x_2 - 7/96x_1) \\ - 1440H_{0,1,0,0}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 67/36x_3 - 7/24x_2 - 5/72x_1) - 720H_{0,-1}\zeta_2(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 113/60x_3 - 13/40x_2 \\ - 7/120x_1) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 2171/1140x_3 - 271/760x_2 - 109/2280x_1)(684\zeta_2^2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 71/36x_3 \\ - 11/24x_2 - 1/72x_1)(1008H_{0,-1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 263/132x_3 - 43/88x_2 - 1/264x_1)(264H_{0,0}\zeta_2) \\ + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 25/12x_3 - 5/8x_2 + 1/24x_1)(-672H_0\zeta_3 + 576H_{1,0}\zeta_2 + 576H_{1,0,0,0}) - 768H_{0,0}(x_4 - 21/8x_3 \\ \left. + 37/16x_2 - 11/16x_1) + (x_4 - 11/5x_3 + 19/15x_2 - 1/15x_1)(960\zeta_2) - 1440H_{1,0,0}(x_4 - 2x_3 + 44/45x_2 \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & +1/45x_1) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 64/63x_2 - 1/63x_1)(1008H_{-1,0,0}) - 1536H_{0,-1,0}(x_4 - 2x_3 + 49/48x_2 - 1/48x_1) \\
 & - 672\zeta_3(x_4 - 2x_3 + 43/42x_2 - 1/42x_1) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 13/12x_2 - 1/12x_1)(384H_{0,1,0}) \\
 & - 720H_{-1}\zeta_2(x_4 - 2x_3 + 4/3x_2 - 1/3x_1) + (x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1)(-768H_{-1,0} + 192H_{1,0}) + (x_2 - x_1)(192\zeta_2 \ln 2) \\
 & + (-40\zeta_3 + 36H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 4H_{-1,0,0} - 38H_0\zeta_2 - 8H_{0,-1,0} + 8H_{0,0} - 14H_{0,0,0} - 16H_{0,1,0} - 16H_{1,0,0})q(x)^2 \\
 & + (-34\zeta_2 - 327/20\zeta_2^2 - 36H_{-1,0} + 31H_0 - 14H_0\zeta_3 + 43H_0\zeta_2 + 21H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 - 7H_{0,-1,0,0} + 10H_{0,0} - 1/2H_{0,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 56H_{0,0,-1,0} + 43H_{0,0,0} - 11/2H_{0,0,0,0} - 24H_{0,0,1,0} + 50H_{0,1,0,0} - 16H_{1,0} + 12H_{1,0}\zeta_2 + 12H_{1,0,0,0})q(x) \\
 & + (-69/5\zeta_2^2 + 36H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 4H_{0,-1,0,0} - 14H_{0,0}\zeta_2 + 8H_{0,0,-1,0} - 6H_{0,0,0,0})q(x)^3 \Big\} \\
 & + n_f C_F T_R \Big\{ (-8/3\zeta_2 - 16/3H_{-1,0} + 100/9H_0 + 8/3H_{0,0})q(x) \Big\} \\
 & + \epsilon C_F T_R \Big\{ (x_5 - 31/6x_4 + 1031/132x_3 - 1057/264x_2 + 95/264x_1)(176H_{0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 23/6x_4 + 679/132x_3 \\
 & - 689/264x_2 + 79/264x_1)(176H_0\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 7/4x_3 - 1/8x_2 - 1/8x_1)(-48/5\zeta_2^2 + 192H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 192H_{-1,0,0,0} - 192H_0\zeta_3 - 576H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 - 192H_{0,-1,0,0} + 96H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 192H_{0,0,-1,0} + 288H_{0,0,0,0} + 384H_{0,1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 605/287x_3 + 49/41x_2 - 25/287x_1)(-4592/3\zeta_2) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 55/59x_2 + 4/59x_1)(-3776/3\zeta_3) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 19/20x_2 + 1/20x_1)(2560\zeta_2 \ln 2) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 23/22x_2 - 1/22x_1)(704H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 704/3H_{-1,0,0} \\
 & + 704/3H_{0,-1,0} - 1408/3H_{1,0,0}) + (x_4 - 205/149x_3 + 34/149x_2 + 22/149x_1)(-2384/9H_{0,0}) \\
 & + (x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1)(992/3H_{-1,0} - 4040/9H_0) + (-1528/9x_2 + 1528/9x_1) + (272/9\zeta_2 + 3/5\zeta_2^2 \\
 & + 544/9H_{-1,0} - 12H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 - 12H_{-1,0,0,0} - 1108/27H_0 + 12H_0\zeta_3 + 59/3H_0\zeta_2 + 36H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 12H_{0,-1,0,0} - 272/9H_{0,0} - 6H_{0,0}\zeta_2 + 12H_{0,0,-1,0} + 55/3H_{0,0,0} - 18H_{0,0,0,0} - 24H_{0,1,0,0})q(x) \Big\} \\
 & + \epsilon C_F C_A \Big\{ (x_5 - 916/247x_4 + 4663/988x_3 - 4469/1976x_2 + 495/1976x_1)(-3952H_{0,0,-1,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 521/146x_4 + 1263/292x_3 - 1125/584x_2 + 99/584x_1)(2336H_{0,0,1,0}) + (x_5 - 144/41x_4 \\
 & + 701/164x_3 - 695/328x_2 + 117/328x_1)(-1968H_{0,-1}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 1592/491x_4 + 7107/1964x_3 \\
 & - 5857/3928x_2 + 451/3928x_1)(-3928H_{0,0}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 2329/730x_4 + 4911/1460x_3 - 3393/2920x_2 \\
 & - 33/2920x_1)(1460H_{0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 49/16x_4 + 1209/368x_3 - 1021/736x_2 + 121/736x_1)(1472H_{0,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 1217/407x_4 + 4959/1628x_3 - 3637/3256x_2 + 199/3256x_1)(-6512H_{0,-1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 2173/730x_4 \\
 & + 4647/1460x_3 - 4137/2920x_2 + 123/584x_1)(1460H_0\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 1295/458x_4 + 7429/2748x_3 \\
 & - 1705/1832x_2 + 301/5496x_1)(5496H_0\zeta_3) - (x_5 - 1367/530x_4 + 479/212x_3 - 309/424x_2 + 103/2120x_1) \\
 & (8480H_{1,0}\zeta_2) - (x_5 - 2851/1117x_4 + 49409/22340x_3 - 30931/44680x_2 + 1473/44680x_1)(4468\zeta_2^2) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 7/20x_3 + 79/40x_2 - 33/40x_1)(-480H_{0,0,-1,-1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 161/156x_3 + 99/104x_2 \\
 & - 151/312x_1)(156\zeta_2\zeta_3) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 13/12x_3 + 7/8x_2 - 11/24x_1)(-24H_{-1,0,0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 \\
 & + 457/348x_3 + 123/232x_2 - 239/696x_1)(-696H_{0,1}\zeta_3) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 157/108x_3 + 23/72x_2 - 59/216x_1) \\
 & (648H_{0,0,0,-1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 139/84x_3 + 1/56x_2 - 29/168x_1)(-336H_{1,0,-1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 \\
 & + 1643/948x_3 - 63/632x_2 - 253/1896x_1)(1896H_{0,0,-1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 7/4x_3 - 1/8x_2 - 1/8x_1) \\
 & (-384H_{-1,0,0,1,0} + 864H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 288H_{0,-1,1,0,0} + 1152H_{0,0,-1,1,0} + 192H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 + 1152H_{0,0,1,-1,0} \\
 & - 384H_{0,0,1,1,0} + 864H_{0,1}\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 864H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 - 288H_{0,1,-1,0,0}) - (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 281/156x_3 \\
 & - 21/104x_2 - 31/312x_1)(1872H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2) - 480H_{0,0,1,0,0}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 109/60x_3 - 9/40x_2 - 11/120x_1) \\
 & - 960H_{0,0,0,1,0}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 11/6x_3 - 1/4x_2 - 1/12x_1) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 155/84x_3 - 15/56x_2 \\
 & - 13/168x_1)(-3024H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 113/60x_3 - 13/40x_2 - 7/120x_1)(720H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & +(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 611/324x_3 - 71/216x_2 - 37/648x_1)(2592H_{0,1,1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 205/108x_3 \\
 & - 25/72x_2 - 11/216x_1)(2592H_{0,-1,0,\zeta_2}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 1669/876x_3 - 209/584x_2 - 83/1752x_1)(1752H_{1,0,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 389/204x_3 - 49/136x_2 - 19/408x_1)(1020H_{0,0,0,\zeta_2}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 1961/1020x_3 \\
 & - 261/680x_2 - 79/2040x_1)(2040H_{0,-1,\zeta_3}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 539/276x_3 - 79/184x_2 \\
 & - 13/552x_1)(-5520H_{0,-1,0,-1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 305/156x_3 - 45/104x_2 - 7/312x_1)(2496H_{0,-1,0,1,0}) \\
 & - (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 635/324x_3 - 95/216x_2 - 13/648x_1)(2592H_{-1,0,\zeta_3}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 55/28x_3 \\
 & - 25/56x_2 - 1/56x_1)(2688H_{-1,1,0,\zeta_2} + 2688H_{-1,1,0,0,0} - 2016H_{0,1,0,\zeta_2} + 2688H_{1,-1,0,\zeta_2} \\
 & + 2688H_{1,-1,0,0,0} + 2688H_{1,0,0,1,0} - 2688H_{1,1,0,\zeta_2} - 2688H_{1,1,0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 2051/1044x_3 \\
 & - 311/696x_2 - 37/2088x_1)(-8352H_{1,0,0,-1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 3797/1932x_3 - 577/1288x_2 - 67/3864x_1) \\
 & (7728H_{0,-1,0,0,0}) - (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 1111/564x_3 - 171/376x_2 - 17/1128x_1)(1128H_{0,0,\zeta_3}) - (x_5 - 5/2x_4 \\
 & + 71/36x_3 - 11/24x_2 - 1/72x_1)(5040H_{0,-1,-1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 547/276x_3 - 87/184x_2 - 5/552x_1) \\
 & (552H_{-1,0,0,\zeta_2}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 119/60x_3 - 19/40x_2 - 1/120x_1)(-960H_{0,1,0,1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 1123/564x_3 \\
 & - 183/376x_2 - 5/1128x_1)(2256H_{-1,0,-1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 313/156x_3 - 53/104x_2 + 1/312x_1) \\
 & (-1248H_{1,0,\zeta_3} - 2496H_{1,0,1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 5001/2492x_3 - 2543/4984x_2 + 17/4984x_1)(11214\zeta_5) \\
 & - 3240H_{1,0,0,\zeta_2}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 3259/1620x_3 - 559/1080x_2 + 19/3240x_1) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 9195/4564x_3 \\
 & - 4765/9128x_2 + 67/9128x_1)(-13692/5H_{1,\zeta_2}^2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 3347/1652x_3 - 1781/3304x_2 \\
 & + 43/3304x_1)(-7434/5H_{0,\zeta_2}^2) - (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 1501/732x_3 - 281/488x_2 + 37/1464x_1)(2928H_{0,1,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 617/300x_3 - 117/200x_2 + 17/600x_1)(2400H_{0,1,0,-1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 2419/1172x_3 \\
 & - 1397/2344x_2 + 75/2344x_1)(3516/5H_{-1,\zeta_2}^2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 43/20x_3 - 29/40x_2 + 3/40x_1) \\
 & (60H_{0,0,0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 267/116x_3 - 221/232x_2 + 35/232x_1)(696H_{0,0,-1,\zeta_2}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 35/12x_3 - 15/8x_2 + 11/24x_1)(-192H_{-1,0,1,0,0}) \\
 & - 96H_{-1,0,0,-1,0}(x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 49/12x_3 - 29/8x_2 + 25/24x_1) - 8480H_{1,0,0,0}(x_5 - 131/53x_4 + 2167/1060x_3 \\
 & - 1261/2120x_2 + 47/2120x_1) + (x_5 - 163/86x_4 + 167/172x_3 - 67/1032x_2 - 11/1032x_1)(2064H_{-1,0,\zeta_2}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 131/86x_4 - 83/172x_3 + 453/344x_2 - 107/344x_1)(688H_{0,1,0,0}) + (x_5 + 51/86x_4 - 689/172x_3 \\
 & + 911/344x_2 - 81/344x_1)(2064H_{-1,0,0,0}) + (x_4 - 428/121x_3 + 999/242x_2 - 35/22x_1)(484H_{0,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 122/49x_3 + 97/49x_2 - 24/49x_1)(784H_{1,0,0}) + (x_4 - 9/4x_3 + 391/216x_2 - 121/216x_1)(864\zeta_3) \\
 & + (x_4 - 574/257x_3 + 885/514x_2 - 251/514x_1)(1028\zeta_2) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 3/5x_2 + 2/5x_1)(-480H_{0,-1,-1,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 21/29x_2 + 8/29x_1)(-696H_{1,\zeta_3}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 7/9x_2 + 2/9x_1)(864H_{-1,\zeta_2}\ln 2 \\
 & - 288H_{-1,1,0,0} + 864H_{1,\zeta_2}\ln 2 - 864H_{1,-1,\zeta_2} - 288H_{1,-1,0,0}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + x_2)(1152H_{0,-1,1,0} \\
 & + 192H_{0,1,\zeta_2} + 1152H_{0,1,-1,0} - 384H_{0,1,1,0}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 85/81x_2 - 4/81x_1)(2592H_{1,1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 85/78x_2 - 7/78x_1)(2496H_{-1,0,1,0}) - (x_4 - 2x_3 + 346/315x_2 - 31/315x_1)(5040H_{-1,-1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 76/69x_2 - 7/69x_1)(-5520H_{-1,0,-1,0}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 17/15x_2 - 2/15x_1)(-960H_{1,0,1,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 99/85x_2 - 14/85x_1)(2040H_{-1,\zeta_3}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 88/75x_2 - 13/75x_1)(2400H_{1,0,-1,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 74/63x_2 - 11/63x_1)(-3024H_{-1,-1,\zeta_2}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 5/3x_2 - 2/3x_1)(-864\zeta_2\ln 2) \\
 & + (x_4 - 129/74x_3 + 125/148x_2 - 15/148x_1)(1776H_{-1,\zeta_2}) + (x_4 - 317/184x_3 + 263/368x_2 \\
 & + 3/368x_1)(1472H_{0,-1,0}) + (x_4 - 145/98x_3 + 33/196x_2 + 61/196x_1)(784H_{-1,0,0}) \\
 & - (x_4 - 22/17x_3 + 5/17x_1)(544H_{0,1,0}) + (x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1)(-240H_{-1,-1,0} + 832H_{-1,0} + 576H_{-1,1,0} \\
 & - 210H_0 + 96H_{1,\zeta_2} + 576H_{1,-1,0} - 656H_{1,0} - 192H_{1,1,0}) + (x_2 - x_1)(-78 + 16\ln^4 2 + 384\text{Li}_4(1/2) + 192\zeta_2\ln^2 2) \\
 & + (153/8\zeta_5 + 2\zeta_3 + 295/9\zeta_2 - 151/4\zeta_2\zeta_3 - 297/20\zeta_2^2 - 2H_{-1,\zeta_2} + 45/4H_{-1,\zeta_2}^2 - 4H_{-1,-1,0} + 374/9H_{-1,0}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & +26H_{-1,0}\zeta_3 + 17H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 - 21H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2 - 5H_{-1,0,-1,0,0} + 2H_{-1,0,0} - 5/2H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2 - 50H_{-1,0,0,-1,0} \\
 & + 17H_{-1,0,0,0} + 11/2H_{-1,0,0,0,0} + 24H_{-1,0,0,1,0} - 44H_{-1,0,1,0,0} - 24H_{-1,1,0}\zeta_2 - 24H_{-1,1,0,0,0} \\
 & - 5446/27H_0 + 13/2H_0\zeta_3 - 21/4H_0\zeta_2 - 387/40H_0\zeta_2^2 - 79/2H_{0,-1}\zeta_3 - 15H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 - 54H_{0,-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 \\
 & + 117H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2 + 35H_{0,-1,-1,0,0} + 2H_{0,-1,0} - 66H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2 + 65H_{0,-1,0,-1,0} + 25H_{0,-1,0,0} \\
 & - 67H_{0,-1,0,0,0} - 28H_{0,-1,0,1,0} + 18H_{0,-1,1,0,0} - 133/9H_{0,0} + 17/2H_{0,0}\zeta_3 - 91/2H_{0,0}\zeta_2 + 105/2H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 198H_{0,0,-1,-1,0} - 151H_{0,0,-1,0} - 253/2H_{0,0,-1,0,0} - 72H_{0,0,-1,1,0} - 9/4H_{0,0,0} - 95/4H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 177/2H_{0,0,0,-1,0} - 3H_{0,0,0,0} + 9/4H_{0,0,0,0,0} + 40H_{0,0,0,1,0} - 12H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 - 72H_{0,0,1,-1,0} + 54H_{0,0,1,0} \\
 & + 22H_{0,0,1,0,0} + 24H_{0,0,1,1,0} + 239/2H_{0,1}\zeta_3 - 54H_{0,1}\zeta_2\ln 2 + 54H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 + 18H_{0,1,-1,0,0} + 18H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 34H_{0,1,0,-1,0} - 123H_{0,1,0,0} - 37H_{0,1,0,0,0} + 4H_{0,1,0,1,0} - 74H_{0,1,1,0,0} - 201/20H_1\zeta_2^2 - 24H_{1,-1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 24H_{1,-1,0,0,0} + 12H_{1,0} - 2H_{1,0}\zeta_3 - 46H_{1,0}\zeta_2 + 93H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2 + 29H_{1,0,-1,0,0} - 19/2H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2 + 74H_{1,0,0,-1,0} \\
 & - 46H_{1,0,0,0} - 83/2H_{1,0,0,0,0} - 24H_{1,0,0,1,0} - 4H_{1,0,1,0,0} + 24H_{1,1,0}\zeta_2 + 24H_{1,1,0,0,0}q(x) \\
 & + (39/2\zeta_5 - 45\zeta_2\zeta_3 + 93/5\zeta_2^2 + 69/5H_{-1}\zeta_2^2 + 24H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 - 36H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2 - 4H_{-1,0,-1,0,0} + 14H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 8H_{-1,0,0,-1,0} + 24H_{-1,0,0,0} + 6H_{-1,0,0,0,0} - 14H_0\zeta_3 + 44H_0\zeta_2 - 307/10H_0\zeta_2^2 - 34H_{0,-1}\zeta_3 - 132H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 24H_{0,-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 + 84H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2 + 12H_{0,-1,-1,0,0} - 32H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2 + 20H_{0,-1,0,-1,0} - 12H_{0,-1,0,0} \\
 & - 20H_{0,-1,0,0,0} - 8H_{0,-1,1,0,0} + 6H_{0,0}\zeta_3 + 14H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 6H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2 + 24H_{0,0,-1,-1,0} - 104H_{0,0,-1,0} \\
 & - 18H_{0,0,-1,0,0} + 44H_{0,0,0} - 3H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2 - 18H_{0,0,0,-1,0} + 32H_{0,0,0,0} + H_{0,0,0,0,0} + 24H_{0,0,1,0} + 2H_{0,1}\zeta_3 \\
 & + 24H_{0,1}\zeta_2\ln 2 - 24H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 - 8H_{0,1,-1,0,0} + 8H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2 - 8H_{0,1,0,-1,0} - 28H_{0,1,0,0} + 4H_{0,1,0,0,0} \\
 & - 8H_{0,1,1,0,0} - 69/5H_1\zeta_2^2 - 24H_{1,0}\zeta_2 + 36H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2 + 4H_{1,0,-1,0,0} - 14H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2 + 8H_{1,0,0,-1,0} \\
 & - 24H_{1,0,0,0} - 6H_{1,0,0,0,0}q(x)^3 + (-12\zeta_3 + 68\zeta_2 + 24\zeta_2\ln 2 - 169/10\zeta_2^2 - 34H_{-1}\zeta_3 - 192H_{-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 24H_{-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 + 84H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 + 12H_{-1,-1,0,0} - 32H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 + 20H_{-1,0,-1,0} - 24H_{-1,0,0} - 20H_{-1,0,0,0} \\
 & - 8H_{-1,1,0,0} + 6H_0\zeta_3 + 60H_0\zeta_2 - 42H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 24H_{0,-1,-1,0} - 120H_{0,-1,0} - 22H_{0,-1,0,0} + 32H_{0,0} \\
 & + 11H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 26H_{0,0,-1,0} + 66H_{0,0,0} + 7H_{0,0,0,0} + 24H_{0,1,0} + 2H_1\zeta_3 + 24H_1\zeta_2\ln 2 - 24H_{1,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & - 8H_{1,-1,0,0} + 8H_{1,0}\zeta_2 - 8H_{1,0,-1,0} - 36H_{1,0,0} + 4H_{1,0,0,0} - 8H_{1,1,0,0}q(x)^2 \Big\} \\
 & + \epsilon C_F^2 \Big\{ (x_5 - 77/10x_4 + 743/60x_3 - 817/120x_2 + 9/8x_1)(480H_{-1,0}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 191/46x_4 + 23/4x_3 \\
 & - 4345/1288x_2 + 999/1288x_1)(-1288H_0\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 4x_4 + 29/4x_3 - 75/8x_2 + 41/8x_1)(-64H_{0,0,1,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 362/107x_4 + 1669/428x_3 - 1511/856x_2 + 213/856x_1)(3424H_{0,0,-1,0}) + (x_5 - 728/233x_4 \\
 & + 3075/932x_3 - 2225/1864x_2 + 35/1864x_1)(-3728H_{0,0}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 1745/674x_4 + 2847/1348x_3 \\
 & - 1265/2696x_2 - 145/2696x_1)(5392H_0\zeta_3) + (x_5 - 28/11x_4 + 89/44x_3 - 367/792x_2 - 1/72x_1)(-6336H_{1,0}\zeta_2) \\
 & + (x_5 - 203/80x_4 + 179/80x_3 - 143/160x_2 + 31/160x_1)(-640H_{0,0,0,0}) - (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 49/60x_3 \\
 & + 51/40x_2 - 71/120x_1)(240H_{1,0,0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 35/36x_3 + 25/24x_2 - 37/72x_1)(288H_{0,0,0,1,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 13/12x_3 + 7/8x_2 - 11/24x_1)(48H_{-1,0,0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 139/84x_3 + 1/56x_2 \\
 & - 29/168x_1)(672H_{1,0,-1,0,0}) - (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 341/204x_3 - 1/136x_2 - 67/408x_1)(816H_{0,-1}\zeta_3) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 103/60x_3 - 3/40x_2 - 17/120x_1)(-1920H_{0,1,1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 7/4x_3 - 1/8x_2 - 1/8x_1) \\
 & (768H_{-1,0,0,1,0} - 1728H_{0,-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 - 1920H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2 + 576H_{0,-1,1,0,0} - 2304H_{0,0,-1,1,0} - 2928H_{0,0,0,-1,0} \\
 & - 384H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 - 2304H_{0,0,1,-1,0} + 768H_{0,0,1,1,0} - 1728H_{0,1}\zeta_2\ln 2 + 1728H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 + 576H_{0,1,-1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 281/156x_3 - 21/104x_2 - 31/312x_1)(3744H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 2453/1356x_3 \\
 & - 193/904x_2 - 259/2712x_1)(-5424H_{0,0,-1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 109/60x_3 - 9/40x_2 - 11/120x_1)(960H_{0,0,1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 2887/1572x_3 - 267/1048x_2 - 257/3144x_1)(6288H_{0,1}\zeta_3) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 103/56x_3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -29/112x_2 - 9/112x_1)(10752H_{0,0,-1,-1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 155/84x_3 - 15/56x_2 - 13/168x_1)(6048H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 89/48x_3 - 9/32x_2 - 7/96x_1)(-3072H_{-1,0,0,-1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 543/292x_3 - 169/584x_2 \\
 & - 41/584x_1)(3504H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 67/36x_3 - 7/24x_2 - 5/72x_1)(-2880H_{-1,0,1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 113/60x_3 - 13/40x_2 - 7/120x_1)(-1440H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 3401/1788x_3 - 421/1192x_2 \\
 & - 175/3576x_1)(-3576\zeta_2\zeta_3) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 2171/1140x_3 - 271/760x_2 - 109/2280x_1)(1368H_{-1}\zeta_2^2) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 23/12x_3 - 3/8x_2 - 1/24x_1)(4992H_{0,1,0,-1,0} - 5568H_{0,1,0,0,0} - 768H_{1,0}\zeta_3 - 1536H_{1,0,1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 85/44x_3 - 35/88x_2 - 3/88x_1)(-15048/5H_1\zeta_2^2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 1601/828x_3 - 221/552x_2 \\
 & - 55/1656x_1)(-3312H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 8319/4292x_3 - 3497/8584x_2 - 265/8584x_1)(-12876/5H_0\zeta_2^2) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 2559/1316x_3 - 1097/2632x_2 - 73/2632x_1)(11844\zeta_5) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 71/36x_3 - 11/24x_2 - 1/72x_1)(2016H_{-1,0,-1,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 167/84x_3 - 27/56x_2 \\
 & - 1/168x_1)(-1344H_{0,1,0,1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 263/132x_3 - 43/88x_2 - 1/264x_1)(528H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 755/372x_3 - 135/248x_2 + 11/744x_1)(-2976H_{0,-1,-1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 1063/516x_3 - 203/344x_2 + 31/1032x_1)(4128H_{0,-1,0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 25/12x_3 \\
 & - 5/8x_2 + 1/24x_1)(-1344H_{-1,0}\zeta_3 + 1152H_{-1,1,0}\zeta_2 + 1152H_{-1,1,0,0,0} + 1536H_{0,-1,0,1,0} \\
 & - 864H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2 + 1152H_{1,-1,0}\zeta_2 + 1152H_{1,-1,0,0,0} + 1152H_{1,0,0,1,0} - 1152H_{1,1,0}\zeta_2 - 1152H_{1,1,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 379/180x_3 - 79/120x_2 + 19/360x_1)(-2880H_{1,0,0,-1,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 43/20x_3 - 29/40x_2 \\
 & + 3/40x_1)(-120H_{0,0,0,0,0}) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 545/252x_3 - 125/168x_2 + 41/504x_1)(-2016H_{0,-1,0,-1,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 13/6x_3 - 3/4x_2 + 1/12x_1)(-192H_{0,0}\zeta_3) + (x_5 - 5/2x_4 + 485/204x_3 - 145/136x_2 \\
 & + 77/408x_1)(408H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2) - (x_5 - 2522/1041x_4 + 23633/12492x_3 - 13051/24984x_2 \\
 & + 443/8328x_1)(24984/5\zeta_2^2) + (x_5 - 169/70x_4 + 267/140x_3 - 407/840x_2 - 1/120x_1)(3360H_{0,1,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_5 - 93/41x_4 + 293/164x_3 - 805/984x_2 + 295/984x_1)(3936H_{0,-1}\zeta_2) - (x_5 - 119/66x_4 + 71/132x_3 \\
 & + 71/264x_2 - 1/264x_1)(6336H_{1,0,0,0,0}) - (x_5 - 98/59x_4 + 63/236x_3 + 689/1416x_2 - 131/1416x_1)(5664H_{0,-1,0,0,0}) \\
 & - (x_5 - 477/322x_4 - 505/644x_3 + 2535/1288x_2 - 905/1288x_1)(1288H_{0,0,0,0,0}) + (x_5 + 49/10x_4 - 769/60x_3 \\
 & + 751/120x_2 + 79/120x_1)(480H_{-1,0,0,0,0}) - (x_4 - 10x_3 + 71/6x_2 - 17/6x_1)(96H_{1,0,0,0,0}) + (x_4 - 125/37x_3 \\
 & + 251/74x_2 - 75/74x_1)(2368H_{0,-1,0,0,0}) + (x_4 - 38/13x_3 + 129/52x_2 - 29/52x_1)(-832H_{0,1,0,0,0}) \\
 & - (x_4 - 702/269x_3 + 1297/538x_2 - 431/538x_1)(2152H_{0,0,0,0,0}) - (x_4 - 90/37x_3 + 139/74x_2 \\
 & - 33/74x_1)(3552H_{-1}\zeta_2) + (x_4 - 367/152x_3 + 1067/608x_2 - 207/608x_1)(4864\zeta_3) \\
 & + (x_4 - 1144/523x_3 + 1249/1046x_2 - 7/1046x_1)(4184\zeta_2) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 7/9x_2 + 2/9x_1)(-1728H_{-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 \\
 & + 576H_{-1,1,0,0,0} - 1728H_{1}\zeta_2\ln 2 + 1728H_{1,-1}\zeta_2 + 576H_{1,-1,0,0,0}) - (x_4 - 2x_3 + 52/63x_2 + 11/63x_1)(2016H_{-1,0,-1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 7/8x_2 + 1/8x_1)(1536H_{-1,0,1,0,0}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 37/39x_2 + 2/39x_1)(4992H_{1,0,-1,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 20/21x_2 + 1/21x_1)(-1344H_{1,0,1,0,0}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 129/131x_2 + 2/131x_1)(6288H_{1}\zeta_3) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 94/93x_2 - 1/93x_1)(-2976H_{-1,-1,0,0,0}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 31/30x_2 - 1/30x_1)(-1920H_{1,1,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 25/24x_2 - 1/24x_1)(10752H_{0,-1,-1,0,0}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 13/12x_2 - 1/12x_1)(-2304H_{0,-1,1,0,0} \\
 & - 384H_{0,1}\zeta_2 - 2304H_{0,1,-1,0,0} + 768H_{0,1,1,0,0}) + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 74/63x_2 - 11/63x_1)(6048H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2) \\
 & + (x_4 - 2x_3 + 5/3x_2 - 2/3x_1)(1728\zeta_2\ln 2 - 816H_{-1}\zeta_3) + (x_4 + 20/7x_3 - 271/42x_2 + 109/42x_1)(-672H_{-1,0,0,0,0}) \\
 & + (x_3 - 3/2x_2 + 1/2x_1)(5376H_{-1,-1,0,0,0} - 2272H_{-1,0,0,0,0} - 1152H_{-1,1,0,0,0} + 60H_0 - 192H_1\zeta_2 - 1152H_{1,-1,0,0,0} \\
 & + 352H_{1,0,0,0,0} + 384H_{1,1,0,0,0}) + (x_2 - x_1)(20 - 32\ln^4 2 - 768\text{Li}_4(1/2) - 384\zeta_2\ln^2 2) + (-657/4\zeta_5 - 116\zeta_3 \\
 & - 132\zeta_2 + 175/2\zeta_2\zeta_3 - 205/2\zeta_2^2 + 156H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 327/10H_{-1}\zeta_2^2 + 120H_{-1,-1,0,0,0} + 88H_{-1,0,0,0,0} - 28H_{-1,0}\zeta_3 \\
 & + 86H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 + 42H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2 - 14H_{-1,0,-1,0,0,0} - 12H_{-1,0,0,0,0,0} - H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2 + 112H_{-1,0,0,-1,0,0} + 86H_{-1,0,0,0,0,0})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -11H_{-1,0,0,0,0} - 48H_{-1,0,0,1,0} + 100H_{-1,0,1,0,0} + 96H_{-1,1,0} + 24H_{-1,1,0}\zeta_2 + 24H_{-1,1,0,0,0} + 279/2H_0 \\
 & -129H_0\zeta_3 + 309/2H_0\zeta_2 + 159/4H_0\zeta_2^2 + 67H_{0,-1}\zeta_3 + 30H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 + 108H_{0,-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 - 234H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & -22H_{0,-1,-1,0,0} - 12H_{0,-1,0} + 120H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2 - 82H_{0,-1,0,-1,0} + 6H_{0,-1,0,0} + 62H_{0,-1,0,0,0} \\
 & + 32H_{0,-1,0,1,0} - 36H_{0,-1,1,0,0} - 132H_{0,0} - 8H_{0,0}\zeta_3 - 75H_{0,0}\zeta_2 - 123H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2 - 432H_{0,0,-1,-1,0} \\
 & -86H_{0,0,-1,0} + 259H_{0,0,-1,0,0} + 144H_{0,0,-1,1,0} + 245/2H_{0,0,0} + 77/2H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2 + 183H_{0,0,0,-1,0} \\
 & + 66H_{0,0,0,0} - 9/2H_{0,0,0,0,0} - 74H_{0,0,0,1,0} + 24H_{0,0,1}\zeta_2 + 144H_{0,0,1,-1,0} + 12H_{0,0,1,0} - 44H_{0,0,1,0,0} \\
 & -48H_{0,0,1,1,0} - 257H_{0,1}\zeta_3 + 108H_{0,1}\zeta_2\ln 2 - 108H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 - 36H_{0,1,-1,0,0} - 64H_{0,1,0} - 18H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & -104H_{0,1,0,-1,0} + 98H_{0,1,0,0} + 116H_{0,1,0,0,0} + 4H_{0,1,0,1,0} + 136H_{0,1,1,0,0} + 16H_1\zeta_2 + 513/10H_1\zeta_2^2 \\
 & + 96H_{1,-1,0} + 24H_{1,-1,0}\zeta_2 + 24H_{1,-1,0,0,0} - 176H_{1,0} + 16H_{1,0}\zeta_3 + 28H_{1,0}\zeta_2 - 186H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2 \\
 & -58H_{1,0,-1,0,0} - 64H_{1,0,0} + 55H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2 - 76H_{1,0,0,-1,0} + 28H_{1,0,0,0} + 71H_{1,0,0,0,0} + 24H_{1,0,0,1,0} \\
 & + 32H_{1,0,1,0,0} - 32H_{1,1,0} - 24H_{1,1,0}\zeta_2 - 24H_{1,1,0,0,0}q(x) + (-39\zeta_5 + 90\zeta_2\zeta_3 - 498/5\zeta_2^2 - 138/5H_{-1}\zeta_2^2 \\
 & + 72H_{-1,0,-1}\zeta_2 + 8H_{-1,0,-1,0,0} - 28H_{-1,0,0}\zeta_2 + 16H_{-1,0,0,-1,0} - 12H_{-1,0,0,0,0} + 4H_0\zeta_3 - 8H_0\zeta_2 \\
 & + 307/5H_0\zeta_2^2 + 68H_{0,-1}\zeta_3 + 264H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 - 48H_{0,-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 - 168H_{0,-1,-1}\zeta_2 - 24H_{0,-1,-1,0,0} \\
 & + 64H_{0,-1,0}\zeta_2 - 40H_{0,-1,0,-1,0} + 24H_{0,-1,0,0} + 40H_{0,-1,0,0,0} + 16H_{0,-1,1,0,0} - 12H_{0,0}\zeta_3 - 100H_{0,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 12H_{0,0,-1}\zeta_2 - 48H_{0,0,-1,-1,0} + 64H_{0,0,-1,0} + 36H_{0,0,-1,0,0} - 8H_{0,0,0} + 6H_{0,0,0}\zeta_2 + 36H_{0,0,0,-1,0} \\
 & -40H_{0,0,0,0} - 2H_{0,0,0,0,0} - 4H_{0,1}\zeta_3 - 48H_{0,1}\zeta_2\ln 2 + 48H_{0,1,-1}\zeta_2 + 16H_{0,1,-1,0,0} - 16H_{0,1,0}\zeta_2 \\
 & + 16H_{0,1,0,-1,0} + 8H_{0,1,0,0} - 8H_{0,1,0,0,0} + 16H_{0,1,1,0,0} + 138/5H_1\zeta_2^2 - 72H_{1,0,-1}\zeta_2 - 8H_{1,0,-1,0,0} \\
 & + 28H_{1,0,0}\zeta_2 - 16H_{1,0,0,-1,0} + 12H_{1,0,0,0,0}q(x)^3 + (-24\zeta_3 - 8\zeta_2 - 48\zeta_2\ln 2 + 269/5\zeta_2^2 + 132H_{-1}\zeta_3 \\
 & + 384H_{-1}\zeta_2 - 48H_{-1}\zeta_2\ln 2 - 168H_{-1,-1}\zeta_2 - 24H_{-1,-1,0,0} + 128H_{-1,0}\zeta_2 - 168H_{-1,0,-1,0} - 48H_{-1,0,0} \\
 & + 168H_{-1,0,0,0} + 128H_{-1,0,1,0} + 16H_{-1,1,0,0} - 60H_0\zeta_3 - 224H_0\zeta_2 + 164H_{0,-1}\zeta_2 - 80H_{0,-1,-1,0} \\
 & + 288H_{0,-1,0} + 108H_{0,-1,0,0} + 96H_{0,-1,1,0} + 48H_{0,0} + 122H_{0,0}\zeta_2 + 228H_{0,0,-1,0} - 180H_{0,0,0} \\
 & + 10H_{0,0,0,0} - 144H_{0,0,1,0} + 16H_{0,1}\zeta_2 + 96H_{0,1,-1,0} - 176H_{0,1,0} - 48H_{0,1,0,0} - 32H_{0,1,1,0} + 44H_1\zeta_3 \\
 & -48H_1\zeta_2\ln 2 + 48H_{1,-1}\zeta_2 + 16H_{1,-1,0,0} + 112H_{1,0,-1,0} + 56H_{1,0,0} - 56H_{1,0,0,0} - 32H_{1,0,1,0} \\
 & + 48H_{1,1,0,0}q(x)^2 \Big\} + \epsilon\eta C_F T_R \Big\{ (-16\zeta_3 - 296/9\zeta_2 + 16H_{-1}\zeta_2 + 32H_{-1,-1,0} - 592/9H_{-1,0} \\
 & -16H_{-1,0,0} + 1922/27H_0 + 4H_0\zeta_2 - 16H_{0,-1,0} + 296/9H_{0,0} + 8H_{0,0,0}q(x) \Big\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2).
 \end{aligned}$$

The one-loop part of $\mathcal{F}_1$ in eq. (3.2) has first been given in ref. [6], and also $\mathcal{F}_2^{(1)}$ in eq. (3.4) was known to $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ before [1]. For the two-loop parts of eqs. (3.3) and (3.5) up to $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^0)$ we have found agreement with ref. [1]. All other terms, especially those at $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ in eqs. (3.3) and (3.5), are new.

In time-like kinematics above production threshold ($Q^2 > 4m^2$) the conformal variable y is defined as

$$y = \frac{\sqrt{Q^2} - \sqrt{Q^2 - 4m^2}}{\sqrt{Q^2} + \sqrt{Q^2 - 4m^2}}. \quad (3.6)$$

From eqs. (3.2)–(3.5) the corresponding results for the form factor can be obtained by means of a suitable analytic continuation, $x \rightarrow y = -x$, taking into account the (complex) continuation of Q^2 . This continuation is easily performed with the help of routines for HPLs [22] implemented in FORM [38], the only subtle point being logarithmic branch cuts,

starting with

$$\ln x \rightarrow \ln y + i\pi. \quad (3.7)$$

Thanks to eq. (3.7), both $\mathcal{F}_1$ and $\mathcal{F}_2$ develop an imaginary part in the time-like region,

$$\mathcal{F}_i = \Re \mathcal{F}_i + i \Im \mathcal{F}_i. \quad (3.8)$$

3.1 Asymptotic expansions

Let us next study the asymptotic expansions of eqs. (3.2)–(3.5). In the (space-like) high-energy limit, $Q^2 \gg m^2$, i.e. $x \rightarrow 0$, we abbreviate the logarithmically enhanced terms,

$$L = \ln \left(\frac{Q^2}{m^2} \right). \quad (3.9)$$

Then, employing algebraic properties of HPLs and keeping the scale $\mu^2 = m^2$ we obtain from eqs. (3.2)–(3.5) the asymptotic expansions for the renormalized form factors. Here and in the following we set $T_R = 1/2$.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1^{(1)} = C_F \Big\{ & \frac{1}{\epsilon} (2L - 2) - L^2 + 3L - 4 + 2\zeta_2 + \epsilon \left(\frac{1}{3} L^3 - \frac{3}{2} L^2 + (8 - \zeta_2)L - 8 + 2\zeta_2 + 4\zeta_3 \right) \\ & + \epsilon^2 \left(-\frac{1}{12} L^4 + \frac{1}{2} L^3 - \left(4 - \frac{1}{2} \zeta_2 \right) L^2 + \left(16 - \frac{3}{2} \zeta_2 - \frac{14}{3} \zeta_3 \right) L - 16 + 6\zeta_2 + \frac{20}{3} \zeta_3 + \frac{14}{5} \zeta_2^2 \right) \Big\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3), \end{aligned} \quad (3.10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1^{(2)} = C_F^2 \Big\{ & \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} (2L^2 - 4L + 2) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} (-2L^3 + 8L^2 - (14 - 4\zeta_2)L + 8 - 4\zeta_2) + \frac{7}{6} L^4 - \frac{20}{3} L^3 \\ & + \left(\frac{55}{2} - 4\zeta_2 \right) L^2 - \left(\frac{85}{2} - 32\zeta_3 \right) L + 46 + 39\zeta_2 - 44\zeta_3 - 48\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{118}{5} \zeta_2^2 + \epsilon \left(-\frac{1}{2} L^5 + \frac{11}{3} L^4 \right. \\ & - \left(\frac{137}{6} - \frac{8}{3} \zeta_2 \right) L^3 + \left(\frac{153}{2} - \frac{112}{3} \zeta_3 \right) L^2 - \left(\frac{479}{4} + 17\zeta_2 - \frac{284}{3} \zeta_3 - \frac{106}{5} \zeta_2^2 \right) L + 4 + 163\zeta_2 - \frac{346}{3} \zeta_3 \\ & \left. - 24\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 96\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 - 160\zeta_2^2 + 8\ln^4 2 + 192\text{Li}_4(1/2) - 12\zeta_2 \zeta_3 - 18\zeta_5 \right) \Big\} \\ & + C_A C_F \Big\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \left(-\frac{11}{3} L + \frac{11}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(\left(\frac{67}{9} - 2\zeta_2 \right) L - \frac{49}{9} + 2\zeta_2 - 2\zeta_3 \right) + \frac{11}{9} L^3 - \left(\frac{233}{18} - 2\zeta_2 \right) L^2 \\ & + \left(\frac{2545}{54} + \frac{22}{3} \zeta_2 - 26\zeta_3 \right) L - \frac{1595}{27} - \frac{7}{9} \zeta_2 + \frac{134}{3} \zeta_3 + 24\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{3}{5} \zeta_2^2 + \epsilon \left(-\frac{11}{12} L^4 \right. \\ & + \left(\frac{565}{54} - \frac{4}{3} \zeta_2 \right) L^3 - \left(\frac{3337}{54} + \frac{11}{2} \zeta_2 - 26\zeta_3 \right) L^2 + \left(\frac{70165}{324} + \frac{575}{18} \zeta_2 - \frac{260}{3} \zeta_3 - \frac{88}{5} \zeta_2^2 \right) L - \frac{28745}{162} \\ & \left. - \frac{71}{27} \zeta_2 + \frac{1577}{9} \zeta_3 + 12\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 4\ln^4 2 - 96\text{Li}_4(1/2) - 48\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 + \frac{637}{5} \zeta_2^2 - 2\zeta_2 \zeta_3 - 157\zeta_5 \right) \Big\} \\ & + C_F n_l \Big\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \left(\frac{2}{3} L - \frac{2}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(-\frac{10}{9} L + \frac{10}{9} \right) - \frac{2}{9} L^3 + \frac{19}{9} L^2 - \left(\frac{209}{27} + \frac{4}{3} \zeta_2 \right) L + \frac{212}{27} - \frac{14}{9} \zeta_2 - \frac{8}{3} \zeta_3 \\ & + \epsilon \left(\frac{1}{6} L^4 - \frac{47}{27} L^3 + \left(\frac{281}{27} + \zeta_2 \right) L^2 - \left(\frac{5813}{162} + \frac{37}{9} \zeta_2 - \frac{8}{3} \zeta_3 \right) L + \frac{2602}{81} - \frac{88}{27} \zeta_2 - \frac{140}{9} \zeta_3 - \frac{48}{5} \zeta_2^2 \right) \Big\} \\ & + C_F \Big\{ -\frac{2}{9} L^3 + \frac{19}{9} L^2 - \left(\frac{265}{27} + 2\zeta_2 \right) L + \frac{766}{27} - \frac{4}{3} \zeta_2 + \epsilon \left(\frac{1}{6} L^4 - \frac{47}{27} L^3 + \left(\frac{281}{27} + \zeta_2 \right) L^2 \right. \\ & \left. - \left(\frac{191}{6} + 3\zeta_2 - \frac{28}{9} \zeta_3 \right) L + \frac{2069}{27} - \frac{808}{27} \zeta_2 + \frac{112}{3} \zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{92}{3} \zeta_3 - \frac{4}{5} \zeta_2^2 \right) \Big\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2), \end{aligned} \quad (3.11)$$

$$\mathcal{F}_2^{(1)} = \frac{m^2}{Q^2} C_F \left\{ 4L + \epsilon \left(-2L^2 + 16L + 4\zeta_2 \right) + \epsilon^2 \left(\frac{2}{3}L^3 - 8L^2 + \left(32 - 2\zeta_2 \right)L + 16\zeta_2 + 8\zeta_3 \right) \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3), \quad (3.12)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_2^{(2)} = & \frac{m^2}{Q^2} C_F^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(8L^2 - 8L \right) - 8L^3 + 34L^2 - \left(62 - 48\zeta_2 \right)L + 60\zeta_2 - 192\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 16\zeta_3 \right. \\ & + \epsilon \left(\frac{14}{3}L^4 - \frac{94}{3}L^3 + \left(74 - 16\zeta_2 \right)L^2 - \left(249 - 116\zeta_2 - 192\zeta_3 \right)L \right. \\ & \left. \left. - 20 + 492\zeta_2 - 1152\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 128\zeta_3 + 32\ln^4 2 + 768\text{Li}_4(1/2) + 384\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 - \frac{1192}{5}\zeta_2^2 \right) \right\} \\ & + \frac{m^2}{Q^2} C_A C_F \left\{ \frac{2}{3}L^2 + \frac{346}{9}L + 12 - \frac{244}{3}\zeta_2 + 96\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 80\zeta_3 + \epsilon \left(-\frac{2}{3}L^3 - \left(\frac{250}{9} + 8\zeta_2 \right)L^2 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + \left(\frac{8057}{27} + 38\zeta_2 - 48\zeta_3 \right)L + 78 - \frac{1768}{9}\zeta_2 + 576\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 264\zeta_3 - 192\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 + \frac{1504}{5}\zeta_2^2 - 16\ln^4 2 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. - 384\text{Li}_4(1/2) \right) \right\} \\ & + \frac{m^2}{Q^2} C_F n_l \left\{ \frac{4}{3}L^2 - \frac{100}{9}L - \frac{8}{3}\zeta_2 + \epsilon \left(-\frac{4}{3}L^3 + \frac{148}{9}L^2 - \left(\frac{1922}{27} + 4\zeta_2 \right)L - \frac{296}{9}\zeta_2 - 16\zeta_3 \right) \right\} \\ & + \frac{m^2}{Q^2} C_F \left\{ \frac{4}{3}L^2 - \frac{100}{9}L + \frac{136}{3} - 8\zeta_2 + \epsilon \left(-\frac{4}{3}L^3 + \frac{148}{9}L^2 - \left(\frac{1922}{27} + 4\zeta_2 \right)L + \frac{764}{9} + \frac{128}{9}\zeta_2 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + 64\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{128}{3}\zeta_3 \right) \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2). \end{aligned} \quad (3.13)$$

For the magnetic form factor $\mathcal{F}_2$ only the first power in m^2/Q^2 has been kept in the expansion. In eqs. (3.11) and (3.13), the expansions to $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^0)$ agree with ref. [1]. We have also separated the contribution proportional to $C_F T_R$ coming from the heavy-quark loop in diagram QL . This part is finite after renormalization and proportional to a single power of C_F only, thus it enters at $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^0)$ and $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^1)$ at two loops. Moreover, due to the magnetic form factor $\mathcal{F}_2^{(1)}$ in eq. (3.13) being finite also the terms proportional to the number of light quarks n_l are finite in eq. (3.13).

The expansions (3.10) and (3.11) for $\mathcal{F}_1$ in combination with the exponentiation of the heavy-quark form factor provide an independent consistency check on the correctness of our result, in particular of the new terms of order ϵ at two loops in eq. (3.3). A detailed discussion of this aspect will be presented in the next section.

Let us instead now turn to the limit $Q^2 \sim 4m^2$, i.e. $y \rightarrow 1$, which provides the threshold expansion in time-like kinematics, cf. eq. (3.6). The relevant small parameter in which we expand here is the heavy-quark velocity β ,

$$\beta = \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m^2}{Q^2}}. \quad (3.14)$$

In this particular limit, i.e. $\beta \sim 0$, the well-known Coulomb singularities appear. The inverse powers of β contributing to the form factor have already been directly addressed in investigations of non-relativistic QCD (e.g. [39, 40]). Without repeating too much of the discussion in the literature, it is perhaps instructive, to study the anatomy of Coulomb two-loop corrections based on the individual diagrams which we have at our disposal. To that end, we list below the individual results for the threshold expansion of the bare

diagram	1	8	result for $\mathcal{F}_1$	result for $\mathcal{F}_2$
L	C_F^2	$\left(C_F - \frac{C_A}{2}\right)^2$	eq. (3.16)	eq. (3.17)
C	$\left(C_F - \frac{C_A}{2}\right) C_F$	$\left(C_F - \frac{C_A}{2}\right) (C_F - C_A)$	eq. (3.18)	eq. (3.19)
QV	$\left(C_F - \frac{C_A}{2}\right) C_F$	$\left(C_F - \frac{C_A}{2}\right)^2$	eq. (3.20)	eq. (3.21)
S	C_F^2	$\left(C_F - \frac{C_A}{2}\right) C_F$	eq. (3.22)	eq. (3.23)
QL	C_F	$C_F - \frac{C_A}{2}$	eq. (3.24)	eq. (3.25)
GL	$C_F C_A$	$\left(C_F - \frac{C_A}{2}\right) C_A$	eq. (3.26)	eq. (3.27)
GV	$\frac{1}{2} C_F C_A$	$\frac{1}{2} \left(C_F - \frac{C_A}{2}\right) C_A$	eq. (3.28)	eq. (3.29)

Table 2. The color coefficients multiplying the result of the individual Feynman diagrams of the quark form factor (cf. figure 2) for a current in the singlet **1** or octet **8** representation of the color-SU(N_c) gauge group. The scalar functions are given in the respective equations.

Feynman diagrams from figure 2 up to terms of $\mathcal{O}(\beta)$ and terms of $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ as they enter in the computation of the bare form factor $\mathcal{F}_i^{\text{b},(2)}$,

$$\mathcal{F}_i^{\text{b},(2)} = 2\mathcal{F}_i^{(\text{S})} + \mathcal{F}_i^{(\text{QL})} + \mathcal{F}_i^{(\text{GL})} + 2\mathcal{F}_i^{(\text{QV})} + 2\mathcal{F}_i^{(\text{GV})} + \mathcal{F}_i^{(\text{C})} + \mathcal{F}_i^{(\text{L})}, \quad (3.15)$$

with $i = 1, 2$ and the symmetry factor of 2 has been added for the diagrams GV , QV and S . It is also understood, that the respective color factor multiplying each diagram is taken from column **1** in table 2, i.e. for a color-singlet current:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1^{(\text{L})} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \left\{ -\frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{\beta^2} \zeta_2 + \frac{9}{8} - \frac{3}{2} \zeta_2 - i\pi \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{\beta} \right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left\{ \frac{1}{\beta^2} \left(-\frac{3}{2} \zeta_2 + 3\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 3\zeta_2 \ln \beta \right) + \frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{\beta} \zeta_2 - \frac{3}{16} \right. \\ & - 3\zeta_2 + 6\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 6\zeta_2 \ln \beta - i\pi \frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{\beta^2} \zeta_2 + i\pi \frac{1}{\beta} \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \ln 2 + \frac{1}{2} \ln \beta \right) - 3i\pi \zeta_2 \Big\} \\ & + \frac{1}{\beta^2} \left(-7\zeta_2 + 6\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 6\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 + \frac{9}{2} \zeta_2^2 + 6\zeta_2 \ln \beta - 12\zeta_2 \ln 2 \ln \beta - 6\zeta_2 \ln^2 \beta \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{\beta} \left(-\frac{45}{2} \zeta_2 + 39\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 21\zeta_2 \ln \beta \right) + \frac{53}{96} - \frac{179}{24} \zeta_2 - \frac{63}{4} \zeta_3 - 15\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 12\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 + 9\zeta_2^2 \\ & - 6\zeta_2 \ln \beta - 24\zeta_2 \ln 2 \ln \beta - 12\zeta_2 \ln^2 \beta - i\pi \frac{1}{\beta^2} \left(3\zeta_2 - 6\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 6\zeta_2 \ln \beta \right) \\ & - i\pi \frac{1}{\beta} \left(\frac{3}{2} + \frac{23}{2} \ln 2 - \frac{21}{2} \ln^2 2 + \frac{7}{2} \zeta_2 + \frac{15}{2} \ln \beta - 13 \ln 2 \ln \beta - \frac{7}{2} \ln^2 \beta \right) \\ & + i\pi (3\zeta_2 + 12\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 12\zeta_2 \ln \beta), \end{aligned} \quad (3.16)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_2^{(\text{L})} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{\beta^2} \zeta_2 - \frac{3}{2} + i\pi \frac{5}{4} \frac{1}{\beta} \right\} + \frac{1}{\beta^2} (7\zeta_2 - 6\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 6\zeta_2 \ln \beta) - \frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{\beta} \zeta_2 - \frac{37}{12} + \frac{25}{12} \zeta_2 - \frac{7}{4} \zeta_3 - 3\zeta_2 \ln 2 \\ & - 2\zeta_2 \ln \beta + i\pi 3 \frac{1}{\beta^2} \zeta_2 + i\pi \frac{1}{\beta} \left(\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \ln 2 - \frac{1}{2} \ln \beta \right) + i\pi \zeta_2, \end{aligned} \quad (3.17)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1^{(\text{C})} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left\{ 3\zeta_2 \frac{1}{\beta} - \frac{3}{2} - i\pi \frac{1}{\beta} (1 - 2\ln 2 - \ln \beta) \right\} + \frac{1}{\beta} (24\zeta_2 - 48\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 30\zeta_2 \ln \beta) + \frac{571}{60} + \frac{269}{600} \zeta_2 + \frac{137}{10} \zeta_3 \\ & + \frac{122}{5} \zeta_2 \ln 2 + \frac{44}{5} \zeta_2 \ln \beta - i\pi \frac{1}{\beta} (5 - 12\ln 2 + 12\ln^2 2 - 5\zeta_2 - 8\ln \beta + 16\ln 2 \ln \beta + 5\ln^2 \beta) - i\pi \frac{22}{5} \zeta_2, \end{aligned} \quad (3.18)$$

$$\mathcal{F}_2^{(C)} = -6\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 + \frac{7}{30} + \frac{9}{5}\zeta_3 - \frac{199}{100}\zeta_2 + \frac{28}{5}\zeta_2\ln 2 + \frac{16}{5}\zeta_2\ln\beta + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}(3 - 4\ln 2 - 2\ln\beta) - i\pi\frac{8}{5}\zeta_2, \quad (3.19)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1^{(QV)} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon^2}\left\{\frac{9}{8} - i\pi\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{\frac{27}{16} - i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}\ln 2\right)\right\} + \frac{1}{\beta}\left(-\frac{15}{2}\zeta_2 + 27\zeta_2\ln 2 + 18\zeta_2\ln\beta\right) - \frac{473}{96} \\ & - \frac{5081}{240}\zeta_2 + 2\zeta_3 - \frac{64}{5}\zeta_2\ln 2 + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{9}{2}\ln 2 + \frac{13}{2}\ln^2 2 - 2\zeta_2 - \frac{5}{2}\ln\beta + 9\ln 2\ln\beta + 3\ln^2\beta\right), \quad (3.20) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{F}_2^{(QV)} = \frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{-\frac{1}{2} + i\pi\frac{1}{4}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} + \frac{9}{2}\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 - 3 - \frac{487}{120}\zeta_2 + \zeta_3 + \frac{44}{5}\zeta_2\ln 2 - i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{5}{2}\ln 2 - \frac{3}{2}\ln\beta\right), \quad (3.21)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1^{(S)} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon^2}\left\{-\frac{11}{8} + i\pi\frac{3}{8}\frac{1}{\beta^3} + i\pi\frac{7}{8}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{-\frac{9}{4}\frac{1}{\beta^3}\zeta_2 - \frac{9}{4}\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 - \frac{161}{48} + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta^3}\left(\frac{5}{4} - \frac{3}{4}\ln 2 - \frac{3}{4}\ln\beta\right)\right. \\ & \left.+ i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{4}\ln 2 - \frac{3}{4}\ln\beta\right)\right\} + \frac{1}{\beta^3}\left(-\frac{15}{2}\zeta_2 + \frac{9}{2}\zeta_2\ln 2 + \frac{9}{2}\zeta_2\ln\beta\right) + \frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{27}{4}\zeta_2 - \frac{45}{2}\zeta_2\ln 2 - \frac{27}{2}\zeta_2\ln\beta\right) \\ & - \frac{265}{288} + \frac{5951}{240}\zeta_2 + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta^3}\left(\frac{17}{4} - \frac{5}{2}\ln 2 + \frac{3}{4}\ln^2 2 - \frac{3}{4}\zeta_2 - \frac{5}{2}\ln\beta + \frac{3}{2}\ln 2\ln\beta + \frac{3}{4}\ln^2\beta\right) \\ & + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{17}{4}\ln 2 - \frac{23}{4}\ln^2 2 + \frac{5}{4}\zeta_2 + \frac{9}{4}\ln\beta - \frac{15}{2}\ln 2\ln\beta - \frac{9}{4}\ln^2\beta\right), \quad (3.22) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_2^{(S)} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon^2}\left\{1 - i\pi\frac{3}{8}\frac{1}{\beta^3}\right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{\frac{9}{4}\frac{1}{\beta^3}\zeta_2 + \frac{2}{3} + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta^3}\left(-2 + \frac{3}{4}\ln 2 + \frac{3}{4}\ln\beta\right) + i\pi\frac{13}{8}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} \\ & + \frac{1}{\beta^3}\left(12\zeta_2 - \frac{9}{2}\zeta_2\ln 2 - \frac{9}{2}\zeta_2\ln\beta\right) - \frac{63}{4}\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 + \frac{77}{9} - \frac{503}{120}\zeta_2 \\ & + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta^3}\left(-\frac{21}{4} + 4\ln 2 - \frac{3}{4}\ln^2 2 + \frac{3}{4}\zeta_2 + 4\ln\beta - \frac{3}{2}\ln 2\ln\beta - \frac{3}{4}\ln^2\beta\right) + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{27}{4} - \frac{25}{4}\ln 2 - \frac{21}{4}\ln\beta\right), \quad (3.23) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1^{(QL)} = & -\frac{1}{\epsilon^2}\left\{\frac{1}{2} - i\pi\frac{1}{6}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{-\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 + \frac{5}{24} + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3}\ln 2 - \frac{1}{3}\ln\beta\right)\right\} - \frac{1}{\beta}(\zeta_2 - 2\zeta_2\ln 2 - 2\zeta_2\ln\beta) \\ & - \frac{347}{144} + \frac{8}{15}\zeta_2 + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\ln 2 + \frac{1}{3}\ln^2 2 - \frac{1}{3}\zeta_2 - \frac{1}{3}\ln\beta + \frac{2}{3}\ln 2\ln\beta + \frac{1}{3}\ln^2\beta\right) \\ & + n_l\left[\frac{1}{\epsilon^2}\left\{-\frac{1}{4} + i\pi\frac{1}{12}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} - \frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 + \frac{1}{8} - i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{11}{36} - \frac{1}{3}\ln 2 - \frac{1}{3}\ln\beta\right)\right\} - \frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{11}{3}\zeta_2 - 4\zeta_2\ln 2 - 4\zeta_2\ln\beta\right)\right. \\ & \left.- \frac{185}{48} - \zeta_2 + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{175}{108} - \frac{11}{9}\ln 2 + \frac{2}{3}\ln^2 2 - \frac{1}{3}\zeta_2 - \frac{11}{9}\ln\beta + \frac{4}{3}\ln 2\ln\beta + \frac{2}{3}\ln^2\beta\right)\right], \quad (3.24) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_2^{(QL)} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{\frac{1}{3} - i\pi\frac{1}{6}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} + \frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 - \frac{11}{18} + \frac{4}{5}\zeta_2 + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(-\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}\ln 2 + \frac{1}{3}\ln\beta\right) \\ & + n_l\left[\frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{\frac{1}{3} - i\pi\frac{1}{6}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} + 2\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(-\frac{49}{36} + \frac{2}{3}\ln 2 + \frac{2}{3}\ln\beta\right) + \frac{25}{18}\right], \quad (3.25) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1^{(GL)} = & \frac{1}{\epsilon^2}\left\{\frac{5}{8} - i\pi\frac{5}{24}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{\frac{5}{2}\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 + \frac{9}{16} - i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{61}{72} - \frac{5}{6}\ln 2 - \frac{5}{6}\ln\beta\right)\right\} \\ & + \frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{61}{6}\zeta_2 - 10\zeta_2\ln 2 - 10\zeta_2\ln\beta\right) + \frac{961}{96} + \frac{5}{2}\zeta_2 \\ & + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(-\frac{959}{216} + \frac{61}{18}\ln 2 - \frac{5}{3}\ln^2 2 + \frac{5}{6}\zeta_2 + \frac{61}{18}\ln\beta - \frac{10}{3}\ln 2\ln\beta - \frac{5}{3}\ln^2\beta\right), \quad (3.26) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{F}_2^{(GL)} = -\frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{\frac{5}{6} - i\pi\frac{5}{12}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} - 5\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 - \frac{137}{36} + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(\frac{257}{72} - \frac{5}{3}\ln 2 - \frac{5}{3}\ln\beta\right), \quad (3.27)$$

$$\mathcal{F}_1^{(GV)} = \frac{1}{\epsilon^2}\left\{\frac{15}{16} - i\pi\frac{3}{8}\frac{1}{\beta}\right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon}\left\{\frac{9}{4}\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 + \frac{19}{32} + i\pi\frac{1}{\beta}\left(-\frac{7}{8} + \frac{3}{4}\ln 2 + \frac{3}{4}\ln\beta\right)\right\} + \frac{1}{\beta}\left(6\zeta_2 - \frac{9}{2}\zeta_2\ln 2 - \frac{9}{2}\zeta_2\ln\beta\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \frac{5887}{960} - \frac{49}{40}\zeta_3 - \frac{1901}{300}\zeta_2 - \frac{21}{10}\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{7}{5}\zeta_2 \ln \beta \\
 & + i\pi \frac{1}{\beta} \left(-\frac{45}{16} + 2\ln 2 - \frac{3}{4}\ln^2 2 + \frac{3}{4}\zeta_2 + 2\ln \beta - \frac{3}{2}\ln 2 \ln \beta - \frac{3}{4}\ln^2 \beta \right) + i\pi \frac{7}{10}\zeta_2, \quad (3.28)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{F}_2^{(\text{GV})} = & -\frac{1}{\epsilon} \left\{ \frac{3}{4} - i\pi \frac{3}{8} \frac{1}{\beta} \right\} - 3\frac{1}{\beta}\zeta_2 - \frac{289}{120} + \frac{244}{75}\zeta_2 - \frac{7}{5}\zeta_3 - \frac{12}{5}\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{8}{5}\zeta_2 \ln \beta \\
 & + i\pi \frac{1}{\beta} \left(\frac{29}{16} - \ln 2 - \ln \beta \right) + i\pi \frac{4}{5}\zeta_2. \quad (3.29)
 \end{aligned}$$

Due to the time-like kinematics we naturally encounter imaginary parts. We should point out again, that the diagram QL contains both n_l light quark loops and one heavy quark loop, while GL is the gluon and the ghost loop contribution to the gluon self-energy.

While our calculation (3.15) has been performed for a color-singlet (**1**) current coupling within the color-SU(N_c) gauge group, nevertheless the results of eqs. (3.16)–(3.29) can also be applied to considerations of color-octet (**8**) currents. In the latter case the relevant color factors are listed in column **8** of table 2. Such decompositions are needed, for instance, in the description of heavy quarkonium states (see e.g. [41–43]). At one-loop, i.e. for the diagrams $OneV$ and $OneS$ in figure 1 the transition from a quark-pair in a color-singlet state to one in a color-octet state amounts to the simple replacement of $C_F \rightarrow (C_F - C_A/2)$. At two loops, this is not true for the individual Feynman diagrams, see table 2. However, for the complete two-loop Coulomb corrections again the same simple replacement rule holds, as we want to illustrate next.

To that end, we present our results in the form as they enter in physical processes,

$$X \rightarrow (q\bar{q})_{\mathbf{I}}, \quad \mathbf{I} = \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{8}, \quad (3.30)$$

where $(q\bar{q})_{\mathbf{I}}$ represents a (heavy) color-singlet or octet final state. Near threshold, considering only Coulomb enhanced contributions, the relevant Born cross section $\sigma_{\mathbf{I}}^{(0)}$ factorizes, so that

$$\sigma_{X \rightarrow (q\bar{q})_{\mathbf{I}}} = \sigma_{\mathbf{I}}^{(0)} \left(1 + a_s \Delta_{\mathbf{I}}^{(1)} + a_s^2 \Delta_{\mathbf{I}}^{(2)} \right), \quad (3.31)$$

where the $\Delta_{\mathbf{I}}^{(i)}$ can be expressed in terms of the threshold expansions of the renormalized form factors above threshold, cf. eq. (3.8). For the color-singlet case $(q\bar{q})_{\mathbf{1}}$ we have from eq. (3.15),

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{1}}^{(1)} = 2 \left(\Re \mathcal{F}_1^{(1)} + \Re \mathcal{F}_2^{(1)} \right), \quad (3.32)$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{1}}^{(2)} = \left(\Re \mathcal{F}_1^{(1)} + \Re \mathcal{F}_2^{(1)} \right)^2 + \left(\Im \mathcal{F}_1^{(1)} + \Im \mathcal{F}_2^{(1)} \right)^2 + 2 \left(\Re \mathcal{F}_1^{(2)} + \Re \mathcal{F}_2^{(2)} \right). \quad (3.33)$$

Upon adding eqs. (3.16)–(3.29) with the appropriate color coefficients from table 2 and performing the necessary renormalization, i.e. the threshold expansion of the time-like counter-terms (2.12)–(2.13), we find the Coulomb corrections for the color-singlet final state as

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{1}}^{(1)} = 2C_F \frac{\pi^2}{\beta}, \quad (3.34)$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{1}}^{(2)} = 2C_F \left\{ \left(\frac{31}{9}C_A - 16C_F - \frac{10}{9}n_l - 2\beta_0 \ln 2 - 2\beta_0 \ln \beta \right) \frac{\pi^2}{\beta} + \frac{2}{3}C_F \frac{\pi^4}{\beta^2} \right\}. \quad (3.35)$$

Note, that all divergencies in ϵ as well as all higher inverse powers in β have canceled in eqs. (3.34) and (3.35), so that we retain at most $(a_s/\beta)^L$ at L -loops. For the octet final state $(q\bar{q})_8$ we can evaluate eq. (3.15) with the color factors appropriately replaced according to table 2. The resulting expressions for $\Delta_8^{(1)}$ and $\Delta_8^{(2)}$ after these modifications are then indeed obtained as in eqs. (3.34), (3.35) with the replacement of the color factor $2C_F \rightarrow (2C_F - C_A)$. This is in complete agreement with results from potential non-relativistic QCD (e.g. [39, 40]).

4 Applications

In this section we present several applications of the new results for the heavy-quark form factor. Particular emphasis will be put on new three-loop predictions, because the order ϵ results at two loops are necessary ingredients for a full analytic three-loop calculation. The applications will mostly be concerned with the electric form factor $\mathcal{F}_1$. We discuss the property of exponentiation as well as its role in the determination of massive n -parton gauge amplitudes in the high-energy limit from massless ones.

4.1 Exponentiation of form factor

Let us start by recalling briefly the exponentiation for the heavy-quark form factor. This feature is based on the universality of soft and collinear radiation and the respective singular terms in $\mathcal{F}_1$, i.e. the poles in ϵ and the large logarithms $\ln(m)$ of Sudakov type [4], so that $\mathcal{F}_1$ fulfills the following evolution equation (see e.g. [5, 6]),

$$-\mu^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu^2} \ln \mathcal{F}_1 \left(\frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \frac{m^2}{\mu^2}, \alpha_s, \epsilon \right) = \frac{1}{2} K \left(\frac{m^2}{\mu^2}, \alpha_s, \epsilon \right) + \frac{1}{2} G \left(\frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \alpha_s, \epsilon \right), \quad (4.1)$$

where the dependence on the various scales has been made explicit. QCD factorization at the scale μ allows to separate in eq. (4.1) the dependence on the hard scale Q from that on the heavy-quark mass m . To logarithmic accuracy, the former rests entirely in the function G while the latter is associated with the function K . Both functions, G and K , are subject to renormalization group equations [5, 44] governed by the same (well-known) cusp anomalous dimension A [45–47],

$$-\lim_{m \rightarrow 0} \mu^2 \frac{d}{d\mu^2} K \left(\frac{m^2}{\mu^2}, \alpha_s, \epsilon \right) = \mu^2 \frac{d}{d\mu^2} G \left(\frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \alpha_s, \epsilon \right) = A(\alpha_s). \quad (4.2)$$

In dimensional regularization, the solution of the evolution equation (4.1) proceeds in complete analogy to the construction for the form factors of massless quarks and gluons, see for example [15, 48–50]. In the massive case, the necessary integration constant is parameterized through the matching function C . For the (ultraviolet) renormalized massive form factor $\mathcal{F}_1$ with space-like virtuality $q^2 = -Q^2 < 0$ and in terms of the renormalized

coupling $\alpha_s(\mu^2)$ we arrive at

$$\mathcal{F}_1 \left(\frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \frac{m^2}{\mu^2}, a_s(\mu^2), \epsilon \right) = C(\bar{a}(\mu^2, \epsilon), \epsilon) \quad (4.3)$$

$$\times \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{Q^2/\mu^2} \frac{d\xi}{\xi} \left\{ G(\bar{a}(\xi\mu^2, \epsilon)) + K(\bar{a}(\xi\mu^2 m^2/Q^2, \epsilon)) - \int_{\xi m^2/Q^2}^{\xi} \frac{d\lambda}{\lambda} A(\bar{a}(\lambda\mu^2, \epsilon)) \right\} \right),$$

where all quantities on the right hand side are defined in D dimensions (note a change of sign in the definition of K compared to ref. [6]). They are functions of the D -dimensional strong coupling $\bar{a}$ and can be expressed in terms of the ordinary coupling α_s in four dimensions (see e.g. [15]) like the functions $C(\bar{a})$, $G(\bar{a})$ and $K(\bar{a})$.

The coefficients in the perturbative expansion of the cusp anomalous dimension A and the function G agree with those of the form factor for massless quarks, see e.g. [15, 49]. Due to the heavy-quark mass acting as an additional regulator in the collinear limit the coefficients of the infrared counter term K and also the matching function C take, on the other hand, particular values. Their respective coefficients read

$$K^{(1)} = -2C_F, \quad (4.4)$$

$$K^{(2)} = C_F^2(-3 + 24\zeta_2 - 48\zeta_3) - C_F C_A \left(\frac{373}{27} + 30\zeta_2 - 60\zeta_3 \right) + n_f C_F \left(\frac{10}{27} + 4\zeta_2 \right), \quad (4.5)$$

$$C^{(1)} = C_F(4 + \zeta_2) + \epsilon C_F \left(8 + \frac{1}{2}\zeta_2 - \frac{2}{3}\zeta_3 \right) + \epsilon^2 C_F \left(16 + 2\zeta_2 - \frac{1}{3}\zeta_3 + \frac{9}{20}\zeta_2^2 \right) + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3), \quad (4.6)$$

$$C^{(2)} = C_F^2 \left\{ \frac{241}{8} + 26\zeta_2 - 6\zeta_3 - 48\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{163}{10}\zeta_2^2 + \epsilon \left(-\frac{557}{16} + \frac{399}{4}\zeta_2 + \frac{286}{3}\zeta_3 - 24\zeta_2 \ln 2 \right. \right. \quad (4.7)$$

$$\left. \left. + 192\text{Li}_4(1/2) + 8\ln^4 2 + 96\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 - \frac{1363}{10}\zeta_2^2 - \frac{146}{3}\zeta_2 \zeta_3 - 6\zeta_5 \right) \right\}$$

$$+ C_A C_F \left\{ \frac{12877}{648} + \frac{323}{18}\zeta_2 + \frac{89}{9}\zeta_3 + 24\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{47}{5}\zeta_2^2 + \epsilon \left(\frac{629821}{3888} + \frac{7805}{108}\zeta_2 - \frac{1162}{27}\zeta_3 + \frac{209}{2}\zeta_2^2 \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. - 96\text{Li}_4(1/2) - 4\ln^4 2 + 12\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 48\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 + \frac{83}{3}\zeta_2 \zeta_3 - 208\zeta_5 \right) \right\}$$

$$+ n_f C_F \left\{ -\frac{1541}{324} - \frac{37}{9}\zeta_2 - \frac{26}{9}\zeta_3 + \epsilon \left(-\frac{46205}{1944} - \frac{673}{54}\zeta_2 - \frac{182}{27}\zeta_3 - \frac{49}{5}\zeta_2^2 \right) \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2).$$

Eqs. (4.4)–(4.6) have been obtained before [6]. The $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ term of $C^{(2)}$ in eq. (4.7) is a new result. Note also that we have changed the definition of $C^{(2)}$ compared to ref. [6], because matching at two loops has now been extended to $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ consistently.

With these values for A , G , K and C and, upon performing the integrations over ξ and λ in eq. (4.3) the exponential for $\mathcal{F}_1$ generates all large logarithms in the heavy-quark mass m (even including higher orders of ϵ). In particular, we are able to reproduce the high-energy expansions through two loops in eqs. (3.10) and (3.11). This result provides an independent check of our result, because the exponentiation (4.3) relies on functions A and G that have been derived in massless computations.

Let us at this point make two remarks on the exponential (4.3). First, the derivation of eq. (4.3) relies on the heavy-quark masses (acting as infrared regulator) to be attached to external lines. By construction, we have omitted all contributions from diagram QL in figure 2

with a virtual heavy-quark in the loop in eq. (4.3) and the comparison to eqs. (3.10), (3.11). These contributions are finite after performing the ultraviolet renormalization, but they still do contain Sudakov logarithms L , see eq. (3.9). It is well-known, that these remaining logarithms also obey an exponentiation similar to eq. (4.3), see e.g. ref. [6] and related discussions in electro-weak theories [51, 52]. Here, we do not elaborate on this point further.

Second, in the exponential expression eq. (4.3) for the form factor we have used the standard $\overline{\text{MS}}$ coupling running with n_l light flavors. In order to compare eq. (4.3) or rather its expanded version to the fixed-order results eqs. (3.2) and (3.3) which also employ the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ -scheme, but a running coupling with a total number of flavors $n_f = n_l + 1$, one has to apply the decoupling relations [53]. The necessary decoupling constant for α_s at flavor thresholds is known to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$ [54, 55] (see also refs. [56, 57] for $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^4)$). To relate the two results, we use the following relation for α_s ,

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_s^{(n_l)} = & \alpha_s^{(n_f)} + \left(\alpha_s^{(n_f)} \right)^2 \left\{ -\frac{2}{3}L_\mu - \epsilon \left(\frac{1}{3}L_\mu^2 + \frac{1}{3}\zeta_2 \right) - \epsilon^2 \left(\frac{1}{9}L_\mu^3 + \frac{1}{3}\zeta_2 L_\mu - \frac{2}{9}\zeta_3 \right) \right\} \\ & + \left(\alpha_s^{(n_f)} \right)^3 \left\{ \frac{4}{9}L_\mu^2 - \frac{10}{3}C_A L_\mu - 2C_F L_\mu + \frac{16}{9}C_A - \frac{15}{2}C_F \right. \\ & + \epsilon \left(\frac{4}{9}L_\mu^3 - \frac{10}{3}C_A L_\mu^2 + \frac{32}{9}C_A L_\mu - \frac{29}{3}C_F L_\mu + \frac{4}{9}\zeta_2 L_\mu - \frac{86}{27}C_A - \frac{5}{3}C_A \zeta_2 + \frac{35}{12}C_F + C_F \zeta_2 \right) \\ & \left. - \epsilon^2 \left(2C_F L_\mu^3 + \frac{8}{3}C_F L_\mu^2 + 2C_F \zeta_2 L_\mu + \frac{8}{3}C_F \zeta_2 \right) \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^3) + \mathcal{O} \left(\left(\alpha_s^{(n_f)} \right)^4 \right), \quad (4.8) \end{aligned}$$

where $\alpha_s^{(n_l)}$ is the standard $\overline{\text{MS}}$ coupling for n_l quark flavors expanded in terms of $\alpha_s^{(n_f)}$ for $n_f = n_l + 1$ flavors, both evaluated at the scale μ^2 , and

$$L_\mu = \ln \left(\frac{\mu^2}{m^2} \right). \quad (4.9)$$

Eq. (4.8) uses the pole-mass m and the higher order terms in ϵ in eq. (4.8) are needed for the higher order expansion coefficients in eqs. (3.10) and (3.11).

Now we are ready to employ eq. (4.3) to obtain a partial new three-loop prediction for $\mathcal{F}_1$ in the limit $Q^2 \gg m^2$. With the necessary expansion coefficients for A and G to third order, we obtain at the scale $\mu = m$,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}_1^{(3)} = & C_F^3 \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \left(\frac{4}{3}L^3 - 4L^2 + 4L - \frac{4}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} (-2L^4 + 10L^3 - (22 - 4\zeta_2)L^2 + (22 - 8\zeta_2)L - 8 + 4\zeta_2) \right. \\ & + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(\frac{5}{3}L^5 - \frac{34}{3}L^4 + \left(\frac{137}{3} - 6\zeta_2 \right)L^3 - \left(89 - 56\zeta_3 \right)L^2 + \left(129 + 88\zeta_2 - 136\zeta_3 - 96\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{236}{5}\zeta_2^2 \right)L \right. \\ & - \frac{485}{6} - 88\zeta_2 + 96\zeta_2 \ln 2 + \frac{172}{3}\zeta_3 + 28\zeta_2^2 + \frac{32}{3}\zeta_2 \zeta_3 + 80\zeta_5 \left. \right) - L^6 + \frac{17}{2}L^5 - \left(\frac{148}{3} - \frac{16}{3}\zeta_2 \right)L^4 \\ & + \left(\frac{494}{3} + \frac{17}{3}\zeta_2 - \frac{268}{3}\zeta_3 \right)L^3 + \left(-332 - 123\zeta_2 + 48\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 340\zeta_3 + \frac{302}{5}\zeta_2^2 \right)L^2 + \left(250 + 585\zeta_2 \right. \\ & \left. - 192\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 520\zeta_3 + 192\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 + 16\ln^4 2 + 384\text{Li}_4(1/2) - \frac{1942}{5}\zeta_2^2 - 8\zeta_2 \zeta_3 - 276\zeta_5 \right) \left. \right\} \\ & + C_F^2 C_A \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \left(-\frac{22}{3}L^2 + \frac{44}{3}L - \frac{22}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \left(\frac{11}{3}L^3 + \left(\frac{2}{9} - 4\zeta_2 \right)L^2 - \left(\frac{1}{9} - \frac{2}{3}\zeta_2 + 4\zeta_3 \right)L - \frac{34}{9} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + \frac{10}{3}\zeta_2 + 4\zeta_3 \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(\frac{11}{9}L^4 - \left(\frac{523}{18} - 6\zeta_2 \right)L^3 + \left(\frac{6107}{54} + \frac{19}{3}\zeta_2 - 50\zeta_3 \right)L^2 - \left(\frac{5396}{27} - \frac{5}{3}\zeta_2 \right) \right. \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{362}{3}\zeta_3 - 48\zeta_2\ln 2 + \frac{26}{5}\zeta_2^2 \Big) L + \frac{10585}{108} + \frac{320}{9}\zeta_2 - 48\zeta_2\ln 2 - \frac{1444}{9}\zeta_3 + \frac{1222}{45}\zeta_2^2 - \frac{28}{3}\zeta_2\zeta_3 - 40\zeta_5 \Big) \\
 & -\frac{11}{4}L^5 + \left(\frac{4289}{108} - \frac{16}{3}\zeta_2\right)L^4 - \left(\frac{6260}{27} + \frac{97}{18}\zeta_2 - \frac{232}{3}\zeta_3\right)L^3 + \left(\frac{64625}{81} + \frac{266}{3}\zeta_2 - 24\zeta_2\ln 2 - \frac{3743}{9}\zeta_3 \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{143}{5}\zeta_2^2\right)L^2 + \left(-\frac{178337}{162} - \frac{5959}{18}\zeta_2 + 96\zeta_2\ln 2 + \frac{3706}{3}\zeta_3 - 96\zeta_2\ln^2 2 - 8\ln^4 2 - 192\text{Li}_4(1/2) \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{4279}{15}\zeta_2^2 - 46\zeta_2\zeta_3 - 194\zeta_5\right)L \Big\} \\
 & + C_F C_A^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \left(\frac{242}{27}L - \frac{242}{27} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \left(-\left(\frac{2086}{81} - \frac{44}{9}\zeta_2 \right) L + \frac{1690}{81} - \frac{44}{9}\zeta_2 + \frac{44}{9}\zeta_3 \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(\left(\frac{245}{9} - \frac{536}{27}\zeta_2 \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. + \frac{44}{9}\zeta_3 + \frac{88}{15}\zeta_2^2 \right) L - \frac{139345}{8748} - \frac{7163}{243}\zeta_2 + \frac{3526}{27}\zeta_3 - \frac{166}{15}\zeta_2^2 - \frac{88}{9}\zeta_2\zeta_3 - \frac{136}{3}\zeta_5 \right) - \frac{121}{54}L^4 \\
 & \left. + \left(\frac{2869}{81} - \frac{44}{9}\zeta_2 \right) L^3 + \left(-\frac{18682}{81} + \frac{26}{9}\zeta_2 + 88\zeta_3 - \frac{44}{5}\zeta_2^2 \right) L^2 + \left(\frac{1045955}{1458} + \frac{17366}{81}\zeta_2 - \frac{17464}{27}\zeta_3 \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. - \frac{94}{3}\zeta_2^2 + \frac{88}{3}\zeta_2\zeta_3 + 136\zeta_5 \right) L \right\} \\
 & + C_F^2 \eta_l \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \left(\frac{4}{3}L^2 - \frac{8}{3}L + \frac{4}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \left(-\frac{2}{3}L^3 + \frac{4}{9}L^2 + \left(\frac{10}{9} + \frac{4}{3}\zeta_2 \right) L - \frac{8}{9} - \frac{4}{3}\zeta_2 \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(-\frac{2}{9}L^4 + \frac{41}{9}L^3 \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. - \left(\frac{481}{27} + \frac{10}{3}\zeta_2 \right) L^2 + \left(\frac{599}{27} - \frac{2}{3}\zeta_2 + \frac{8}{3}\zeta_3 \right) L + \frac{553}{162} + \frac{10}{9}\zeta_2 + \frac{328}{27}\zeta_3 - \frac{56}{9}\zeta_2^2 \right) + \frac{1}{2}L^5 - \frac{355}{54}L^4 \right. \\
 & \left. + \left(\frac{1016}{27} + \frac{29}{9}\zeta_2 \right) L^3 + \left(-\frac{18817}{162} - \frac{50}{3}\zeta_2 + \frac{116}{9}\zeta_3 \right) L^2 + \left(\frac{9406}{81} + \frac{341}{9}\zeta_2 - \frac{988}{9}\zeta_3 - \frac{196}{15}\zeta_2^2 \right) L \right\} \\
 & + C_F C_A \eta_l \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \left(-\frac{88}{27}L + \frac{88}{27} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \left(\left(\frac{668}{81} - \frac{8}{9}\zeta_2 \right) L - \frac{596}{81} + \frac{8}{9}\zeta_2 - \frac{8}{9}\zeta_3 \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(-\left(\frac{418}{81} - \frac{80}{27}\zeta_2 + \frac{56}{9}\zeta_3 \right) L \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. - \frac{8659}{2187} + \frac{2594}{243}\zeta_2 - \frac{964}{81}\zeta_3 + \frac{44}{15}\zeta_2^2 \right) + \frac{22}{27}L^4 - \left(\frac{974}{81} - \frac{8}{9}\zeta_2 \right) L^3 + \left(\frac{5876}{81} + \frac{16}{3}\zeta_2 - 8\zeta_3 \right) L^2 \right. \\
 & \left. + \left(-\frac{154919}{729} - \frac{5864}{81}\zeta_2 + \frac{724}{9}\zeta_3 + \frac{44}{15}\zeta_2^2 \right) L \right\} \\
 & + C_F \eta_l^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \left(\frac{8}{27}L - \frac{8}{27} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \left(-\frac{40}{81}L + \frac{40}{81} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(-\frac{8}{81}L + \frac{2417}{2187} - \frac{20}{27}\zeta_2 - \frac{8}{81}\zeta_3 \right) - \frac{2}{27}L^4 + \frac{76}{81}L^3 \right. \\
 & \left. - \left(\frac{406}{81} + \frac{8}{9}\zeta_2 \right) L^2 + \left(\frac{9838}{729} + \frac{152}{27}\zeta_2 + \frac{16}{27}\zeta_3 \right) L \right\} \\
 & + C_F^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(-\frac{4}{3}\zeta_2 L^2 - \left(15 - \frac{8}{3}\zeta_2 \right) L + 15 - \frac{4}{3}\zeta_2 \right) + \frac{4}{3}\zeta_2 L^3 + \left(\frac{15}{2} - \frac{16}{3}\zeta_2 + \frac{8}{9}\zeta_3 \right) L^2 \right. \\
 & \left. + \left(-\frac{50}{3} + \frac{34}{3}\zeta_2 - \frac{16}{9}\zeta_3 - \frac{8}{3}\zeta_2^2 \right) L \right\} \\
 & + C_F C_A \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(\left(\frac{32}{9} + \frac{22}{9}\zeta_2 \right) L - \frac{32}{9} - \frac{22}{9}\zeta_2 \right) - \frac{16}{9}L^2 - \left(\frac{28}{27} + \frac{224}{27}\zeta_2 + \frac{44}{27}\zeta_3 - \frac{4}{3}\zeta_2^2 \right) L \right\} \\
 & + C_F \eta_l \left\{ \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(-\frac{4}{9}\zeta_2 L + \frac{4}{9}\zeta_2 \right) + \left(\frac{20}{27}\zeta_2 + \frac{8}{27}\zeta_3 \right) L \right\} \\
 & - \frac{1}{6\epsilon} K^{(3)} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^0 L^0). \tag{4.10}
 \end{aligned}$$

As detailed above, we have omitted the finite contributions arising from virtual heavy-flavor lines, i.e. diagram QL in figure 2 with the heavy-quark in the loop and higher order generalizations thereof. All singularities in ϵ however are controlled by the decoupling relation (4.8) which also gives rise to the terms proportional to C_F^2 , $C_F C_A$ and $C_F \eta_l$. The latter are explicitly displayed in eq. (4.10).

The accuracy of the prediction for $\mathcal{F}_1^{(3)}$ in eq. (4.10) is limited by lacking knowledge about the three-loop function $K^{(3)}$ controlling the infrared sector of the massive theory. $K^{(3)}$ has been kept explicitly in eq. (4.10) above. The constant terms of order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^0 L^0)$ in $\mathcal{F}_1^{(3)}$ contain the sum of $G^{(3)}$ including its order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$ -part which became available recently [58], as well as the currently unknown three-loop matching function $C^{(3)}$. Therefore we have truncated $\mathcal{F}_1^{(3)}$ as given in eq. (4.10).

4.2 Massive n -parton amplitudes

Let us again briefly summarize the key features of relating loop amplitudes with massive partons to massless ones. QCD factorization implies that a massive amplitude $\mathcal{M}^{(m)}$ for any given physical process shares essential properties with the corresponding massless amplitude $\mathcal{M}^{(m=0)}$ in the limit when all kinematical invariants are large compared to the heavy-quark mass m . One typically encounters in $\mathcal{M}^{(m=0)}$ two types of singularities, soft and collinear ones, which are related to the emission of gluons with vanishing energy and to collinear parton radiation off massless hard partons, respectively. In dimensional regularization, these appear explicitly as factorizing poles in ϵ , see [9, 10], and the associated anomalous dimensions are currently subject of active studies [50, 59–63]. In the massive case, the soft singularities remain in $\mathcal{M}^{(m)}$ as single poles in ϵ and the heavy-quark mass m screens some of the collinear singularities giving rise to logarithms in m , see [6, 7]. Recent progress on the mass dependence in the relevant soft anomalous dimensions has been achieved in refs. [13, 14, 64].

The common physical origin of the singularities lends itself to a proportionality between $\mathcal{M}^{(m)}$ and $\mathcal{M}^{(m=0)}$ so that QCD factorization provides the remarkably simple and suggestive direct relation [6]

$$\mathcal{M}^{(m)} = \prod_{i \in \{\text{all legs}\}} \left(Z_{[i]}^{(m|0)} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \times \mathcal{M}^{(m=0)}. \quad (4.11)$$

The universal multiplicative factor $Z^{(m|0)}$ is process independent and depends only on the external parton. Then, $Z^{(m|0)}$ is defined simply as the ratio of the on-shell heavy-parton form factor and the corresponding massless on-shell one. E.g. for an external heavy quark q , we find

$$Z_{[q]}^{(m|0)} \left(\frac{m^2}{\mu^2}, \alpha_s, \epsilon \right) = \mathcal{F}_1 \left(\frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \frac{m^2}{\mu^2}, \alpha_s, \epsilon \right) \left(\mathcal{F}_1 \left(\frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, 0, \alpha_s, \epsilon \right) \right)^{-1}, \quad (4.12)$$

where only the electric form factor $\mathcal{F}_1$ enters in the high-energy limit $Q^2 \gg m^2$, since $\mathcal{F}_2$ vanishes for massless quarks. Here α_s is evaluated at the scale μ^2 . The process independence of $Z^{(m|0)}$ is manifest, because the hard scale Q^2 drops out in eq. (4.12) leaving only a function of the ratio of scales μ^2/m^2 . The definition (4.12) of $Z^{(m|0)}$, however, excludes terms with explicit dependence on the number of heavy quarks (e.g. the virtual heavy loop in diagram QL in figure 2). At two-loops (and beyond) one needs additional process dependent terms for their description [8].

Applications of the formalism so far include the computation of the (virtual) two-loop QCD corrections to hadronic top-quark pair-production [11, 12] in the limit when all

Mandelstam invariants are large, $s, |t|, |u| \gg m^2$. In the same approximation, the derivation of the two-loop QED corrections to Bhabha scattering for a small electron mass m_e has been performed [8] (see also [65–67] for earlier work). These applications have also covered the complete dependence on virtual contributions for heavy fermions in loops, mostly by means of direct calculation [68–72].

With the help of eqs. (4.10), (4.12) and the known results [15] of the poles for the massless quark form factor we can extend the perturbative predictions for $Z^{(m|0)}$ to higher orders in α_s . Defining

$$Z_{[q]}^{(m|0)} = 1 + \sum_{j=1} \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \right)^j Z_{[q]}^{(j)} \equiv 1 + \sum_{j=1} a_s^j Z_{[q]}^{(j)}, \quad (4.13)$$

we can derive the three-loop coefficients $Z_{[q]}^{(3)}$ up to the single poles in ϵ .

Keeping the currently unknown function $K^{(3)}$, see the exponential in eq. (4.3), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} Z_{[q]}^{(1)} = C_F \Bigg\{ & \frac{2}{\epsilon^2} + \frac{2L_\mu + 1}{\epsilon} + L_\mu^2 + L_\mu + 4 + \zeta_2 + \epsilon \left(\frac{L_\mu^3}{3} + \frac{L_\mu^2}{2} + (4 + \zeta_2)L_\mu + 8 + \frac{\zeta_2}{2} - \frac{2}{3}\zeta_3 \right) + \epsilon^2 \left(\frac{L_\mu^4}{12} + \frac{L_\mu^3}{6} \right. \\ & + \left(2 + \frac{\zeta_2}{2} \right) L_\mu^2 + \left(8 + \frac{\zeta_2}{2} - \frac{2}{3}\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu + 16 + 2\zeta_2 - \frac{\zeta_3}{3} + \frac{9}{20}\zeta_2^2 \Bigg) + \epsilon^3 \left(\frac{L_\mu^5}{60} + \frac{L_\mu^4}{24} + \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{\zeta_2}{6} \right) L_\mu^3 \right. \\ & + \left. \left(4 + \frac{\zeta_2}{4} - \frac{\zeta_3}{3} \right) L_\mu^2 + \left(16 + 2\zeta_2 - \frac{\zeta_3}{3} + \frac{9}{20}\zeta_2^2 \right) L_\mu + 32 + 4\zeta_2 - \frac{4}{3}\zeta_3 + \frac{9}{40}\zeta_2^2 - \frac{\zeta_2\zeta_3}{3} - \frac{2}{5}\zeta_5 \right) \Bigg\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^4), \end{aligned} \quad (4.14)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z_{[q]}^{(2)} = C_F^2 \frac{2}{\epsilon^4} + \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \Bigg\{ & C_F^2 (4L_\mu + 2) - \frac{11}{2} C_F C_A + n_f C_F \Bigg\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \Bigg\{ C_F^2 \left(4L_\mu^2 + 4L_\mu + \frac{17}{2} + 2\zeta_2 \right) \\ & + C_F C_A \left(-\frac{11}{3} L_\mu + \frac{17}{9} - \zeta_2 \right) + n_f C_F \left(\frac{2}{3} L_\mu - \frac{2}{9} \right) \Bigg\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \Bigg\{ C_F^2 \left(\frac{8}{3} L_\mu^3 + 4L_\mu^2 + (17 + 4\zeta_2)L_\mu + \frac{83}{4} \right. \\ & - 4\zeta_2 + \frac{32}{3}\zeta_3 \Bigg) + C_F C_A \left(\left(\frac{67}{9} - 2\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu + \frac{373}{108} + \frac{15}{2}\zeta_2 - 15\zeta_3 \right) - n_f C_F \left(\frac{10}{9} L_\mu + \frac{5}{54} + \zeta_2 \right) \Bigg\} + C_F^2 \left(\frac{4}{3} L_\mu^4 \right. \\ & + \frac{8}{3} L_\mu^3 + (17 + 4\zeta_2)L_\mu^2 + \left(\frac{83}{2} - 8\zeta_2 + \frac{64}{3}\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu + \frac{561}{8} + \frac{61}{2}\zeta_2 - \frac{22}{3}\zeta_3 - 48\ln 2\zeta_2 - \frac{77}{5}\zeta_2^2 \Bigg) \\ & + C_F C_A \left(\frac{11}{9} L_\mu^3 + \left(\frac{167}{18} - 2\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu^2 + \left(\frac{1165}{54} + \frac{56}{3}\zeta_2 - 30\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu + \frac{12877}{648} + \frac{323}{18}\zeta_2 + \frac{89}{9}\zeta_3 + 24\ln 2\zeta_2 \right. \\ & - \frac{47}{5}\zeta_2^2 \Bigg) + n_f C_F \left(-\frac{2}{9} L_\mu^3 - \frac{13}{9} L_\mu^2 - \left(\frac{77}{27} + \frac{8}{3}\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu - \frac{1541}{324} - \frac{37}{9}\zeta_2 - \frac{26}{9}\zeta_3 \right) + \epsilon \Bigg\{ C_F^2 \left(\frac{8}{15} L_\mu^5 + \frac{4}{3} L_\mu^4 \right. \\ & + \left(\frac{34}{3} + \frac{8}{3}\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu^3 + \left(\frac{83}{2} - 8\zeta_2 + \frac{64}{3}\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu^2 + \left(\frac{561}{4} + 61\zeta_2 - \frac{44}{3}\zeta_3 - 96\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{154}{5}\zeta_2^2 \right) L_\mu + \frac{723}{16} \\ & + \frac{439}{4}\zeta_2 + \frac{277}{3}\zeta_3 - 24\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{677}{5}\zeta_2^2 + 8\ln^4 2 + 192\text{Li}_4(1/2) + 96\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 - \frac{148}{3}\zeta_2\zeta_3 - \frac{34}{5}\zeta_5 \Bigg) \\ & + C_F C_A \left(\frac{11}{12} L_\mu^4 + \left(\frac{367}{54} - \frac{4}{3}\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu^3 + \left(\frac{1561}{54} + \frac{41}{2}\zeta_2 - 30\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu^2 + \left(\frac{22381}{324} + \frac{679}{18}\zeta_2 + \frac{52}{3}\zeta_3 + 48\zeta_2 \ln 2 \right. \right. \\ & - \frac{94}{5}\zeta_2^2 \Bigg) L_\mu + \frac{629821}{3888} + \frac{7805}{108}\zeta_2 - \frac{1162}{27}\zeta_3 + 12\zeta_2 \ln 2 + \frac{209}{2}\zeta_2^2 - 48\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 - 4\ln^4 2 - 96\text{Li}_4(1/2) \\ & + \frac{83}{3}\zeta_2\zeta_3 - 208\zeta_5 \Bigg) + n_f C_F \left(-\frac{1}{6} L_\mu^4 - \frac{29}{27} L_\mu^3 - \left(\frac{113}{27} + 3\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu^2 - \left(\frac{2405}{162} + \frac{77}{9}\zeta_2 + \frac{16}{3}\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu \right. \\ & - \frac{46205}{1944} - \frac{673}{54}\zeta_2 - \frac{182}{27}\zeta_3 - \frac{49}{5}\zeta_2^2 \Bigg) \Bigg\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2) \end{aligned} \quad (4.15)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Z_{[q]}^{(3)} = & C_F^3 \frac{4}{3} \frac{1}{\epsilon^6} + \frac{1}{\epsilon^5} \left\{ C_F^3 (4L_\mu + 2) - 11C_F^2 C_A + 2n_f C_F^2 \right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon^4} \left\{ C_F^3 \left(6L_\mu^2 + 6L_\mu + 9 + 2\zeta_2 \right) \right. \\
 & - C_F^2 C_A \left(\frac{55}{3} L_\mu + \frac{31}{18} + 2\zeta_2 \right) + \frac{1331}{81} C_F C_A^2 + n_f C_F^2 \left(\frac{10}{3} L_\mu + \frac{5}{9} \right) - \frac{484}{81} n_f C_F C_A + \frac{44}{81} n_f^2 C_F \left. \right\} \\
 & + \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \left\{ C_F^3 \left(6L_\mu^3 + 9L_\mu^2 + \left(27 + 6\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu + \frac{77}{3} + \frac{68}{3} \zeta_3 - 9\zeta_2 \right) - C_F^2 C_A \left(\frac{77}{6} L_\mu^2 - \left(\frac{19}{2} - 6\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu + \frac{713}{54} \right. \right. \\
 & + 30\zeta_3 - \frac{17}{2} \zeta_2 \left. \right) + C_F C_A^2 \left(\frac{242}{27} L_\mu - \frac{5044}{243} + \frac{110}{27} \zeta_2 \right) + n_f C_F^2 \left(\frac{7}{3} L_\mu^2 - L_\mu + \frac{145}{27} - \zeta_2 \right) \\
 & - n_f C_F C_A \left(\frac{88}{27} L_\mu - \frac{1544}{243} + \frac{20}{27} \zeta_2 \right) + n_f^2 C_F \left(\frac{8}{27} L_\mu - \frac{64}{243} \right) \left. \right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \left\{ C_F^3 \left(\frac{9}{2} L_\mu^4 + 9L_\mu^3 + \left(\frac{81}{2} + 9\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu^2 \right. \right. \\
 & + \left(77 - 27\zeta_2 + 68\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu + 111 + \frac{103}{2} \zeta_2 - 2\zeta_3 - 96\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{317}{10} \zeta_2^2 \left. \right) + C_F^2 C_A \left(-\frac{55}{18} L_\mu^3 \right. \\
 & + \left(\frac{347}{12} - 9\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu^2 + \left(\frac{409}{18} + \frac{241}{6} \zeta_2 - 90\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu + \frac{797}{162} + \frac{1915}{36} \zeta_2 - \frac{188}{9} \zeta_3 + 48\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{99}{5} \zeta_2^2 \left. \right) \\
 & + C_F C_A^2 \left(\left(-\frac{2086}{81} + \frac{44}{9} \zeta_2 \right) L_\mu - \frac{1529}{486} + \frac{1034}{27} \zeta_3 - \frac{2021}{81} \zeta_2 + \frac{88}{45} \zeta_2^2 \right) + n_f C_F^2 \left(\frac{5}{9} L_\mu^3 - \frac{25}{6} L_\mu^2 \right. \\
 & + \left(\frac{7}{9} - \frac{17}{3} \zeta_2 \right) L_\mu - \frac{286}{81} - \frac{209}{18} \zeta_2 + \frac{2}{3} \zeta_3 \left. \right) + n_f C_F C_A \left(\left(\frac{668}{81} - \frac{8}{9} \zeta_2 \right) L_\mu + \frac{280}{243} - \frac{236}{27} \zeta_3 + \frac{548}{81} \zeta_2 \right) \\
 & - n_f^2 C_F \left(\frac{40}{81} L_\mu + \frac{2}{27} + \frac{4}{9} \zeta_2 \right) \left. \right\} + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left\{ C_F^3 \left(\frac{27}{10} L_\mu^5 + \frac{27}{4} L_\mu^4 + \left(\frac{81}{2} + 9\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu^3 + \left(\frac{231}{2} - \frac{81}{2} \zeta_2 + 102\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu^2 \right. \right. \\
 & + \left(333 + \frac{309}{2} \zeta_2 - 288\zeta_2 \ln 2 - 6\zeta_3 - \frac{951}{10} \zeta_2^2 \right) L_\mu + \frac{127}{2} + \frac{429}{2} \zeta_2 + 229\zeta_3 - 96\zeta_2 \ln 2 + 192\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 \\
 & + 16\ln^4 2 + 384\text{Li}_4(1/2) - \frac{5871}{20} \zeta_2^2 - 86\zeta_2 \zeta_3 - \frac{64}{5} \zeta_5 \left. \right) + C_F^2 C_A \left(\frac{187}{72} L_\mu^4 + \left(\frac{1393}{36} - 9\zeta_2 \right) L_\mu^3 \right. \\
 & + \left(\frac{1157}{12} + \frac{899}{12} \zeta_2 - 135\zeta_3 \right) L_\mu^2 + \left(\frac{4507}{27} + \frac{521}{4} \zeta_2 + 144\zeta_2 \ln 2 + \frac{140}{9} \zeta_3 - \frac{297}{5} \zeta_2^2 \right) L_\mu + \frac{138403}{486} \\
 & + \frac{19211}{108} \zeta_2 + 48\zeta_2 \ln 2 - \frac{2441}{18} \zeta_3 - 96\zeta_2 \ln^2 2 + \frac{1633}{8} \zeta_2^2 - 8\ln^4 2 - 192\text{Li}_4(1/2) + 41\zeta_2 \zeta_3 - 416\zeta_5 \left. \right) \\
 & + C_F C_A^2 \left(\frac{245}{9} - \frac{536}{27} \zeta_2 + \frac{44}{9} \zeta_3 + \frac{88}{15} \zeta_2^2 \right) L_\mu + n_f C_F^2 \left(-\frac{107}{18} L_\mu^3 - \frac{17}{36} L_\mu^4 - \left(\frac{73}{6} + \frac{67}{6} \zeta_2 \right) L_\mu^2 \right. \\
 & - \left(\frac{1087}{27} + \frac{59}{2} \zeta_2 + \frac{110}{9} \zeta_3 \right) L_\mu - \frac{9341}{243} - \frac{1687}{54} \zeta_2 - \frac{149}{9} \zeta_3 - \frac{403}{20} \zeta_2^2 \left. \right) \\
 & - n_f C_F C_A \left(\frac{418}{81} - \frac{80}{27} \zeta_2 + \frac{56}{9} \zeta_3 \right) L_\mu - n_f^2 C_F \frac{8}{81} L_\mu - \frac{1}{6} K^{(3)} \left. \right\} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon^0), \tag{4.16}
 \end{aligned}$$

where L_μ is defined in eq. (4.9). Eq. (4.14) has been obtained from an all-order in ϵ formula in ref. [6] based on $Z_{[q]}^{(1)}$ being identical to the virtual contribution (prior to collinear factorization) to the perturbative fragmentation function of a heavy quark [73].

According to the discussion above all contributions arising from virtual heavy-flavor loops are omitted here and it requires substantially more effort to determine them in massive scattering amplitudes, see e.g. refs. [11, 12] for the two-loop QCD corrections to hadronic top-quark pair-production. It should be clear though, that the highest power in $n_f = n_l + n_h$ is always governed by the renormalization of the coupling constant α_s . Thus, terms proportional to the maximal power n_h can be predicted on the basis of the $Z^{(m|0)}$ -factor for massive scattering amplitudes as well. However, sub-leading terms in n_h remain inaccessible or require extending the results of ref. [8].

With the recent progress in the computation of the massless quark form factor [58, 74, 75], one can hope to extend eq. (4.16) to the constant terms as well. However, to that end, we would need to know also the high energy-limit of $\mathcal{F}_1^{(2)}$ even to order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^2)$ as well as that of $\mathcal{F}_1^{(3)}$ to order $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon^0)$. In terms of the functions K and C governing the exponentiation (4.3) this requires besides $K^{(3)}$ also the two- and three-loop matching coefficients $C^{(2)}$ and $C^{(3)}$ to sufficient depth in ϵ . Of these quantities, at least the coefficient $C^{(2)}$ is not entirely out of reach, because the necessary two-loop master integrals are known to sufficient depth in ϵ (see section 2).

In closing, we comment once more on the importance of eqs. (4.11) and (4.14)–(4.16). We can derive all logarithmically enhanced terms and even the constant, i.e. mass-independent terms of $\mathcal{M}^{(m)}$, provided $\mathcal{M}^{(m=0)}$ and all $Z_{[q]}^{(i)}$ are known to sufficient depth in ϵ . For massless scattering amplitudes we do understand the general structure of singularities [9, 10]. This allows to predict the pole structure in ϵ of massless amplitudes at any order based on a small number of perturbatively calculable anomalous dimensions (see also [50, 61–63]). This is a constructive approach to $\mathcal{M}^{(m=0)}$. Thus, with the help of eq. (4.11), the singular limit of $\mathcal{M}^{(m=0)}$ and the factors $Z^{(i)}$, $i = 1, \dots, 3$ from eqs. (4.14)–(4.16) one can study the logarithmically enhanced terms in an amplitude $\mathcal{M}^{(m)}$ with external massive fermions. It is now, for instance, a straightforward exercise to investigate explicit results for the virtual contributions to massive-fermion scattering amplitudes in the small-mass limit at three loops, an obvious example being e.g. the three-loop virtual QED amplitude of Bhabha scattering to logarithmic accuracy. We leave these issues to future work.

5 Conclusions

The form factor of heavy quarks has been studied. Its radiative corrections in QCD are of great relevance for precision predictions of many observables at colliders. Moreover, on the formal side, they exhibit very interesting structures of quantum field theory.

We have presented a fully rigorous calculation of the two-loop QCD corrections to the electric and magnetic form factors $\mathcal{F}_1$ and $\mathcal{F}_2$ in dimensional regularization. This allows for an independent check of the previous computation reported in the literature [1]. In addition we have obtained new two-loop results at order ϵ . To that end, we have determined the Laurent series of the necessary master integrals to very high order in ϵ . The expansion of our result in various limits has delivered new insight into the anatomy of the two-loop form factor near threshold and the Coulomb singularities for color-singlet and octet currents. The high-energy limit on the other hand provided new tests of the exponentiation in D dimensions as well as an improved three-loop prediction for the form factor to logarithmic accuracy in the heavy-quark mass m . We have also discussed the consequences for massive scattering amplitudes, where we have been able to advance towards three-loop predictions for massive n -parton amplitudes in the small-mass limit based on the known singularity structure of the massless result. As the heavy-quark form factor and its QCD corrections are essential ingredients in high precision theory predictions, we believe, there will be several other future applications, where our results will prove to be useful.

Files of our results can be obtained from the preprint server <http://arXiv.org> by downloading the source. Furthermore they are available at [31] or from the authors upon request.

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